

The Property/Casualty Landscape Profitability, Growth – Disruption?

Casualty Actuaries of the Southeast, Atlanta, September 26, 2016 Download at <u>www.iii.org/presentations</u>

James Lynch, FCAS MAAA, Chief Actuary

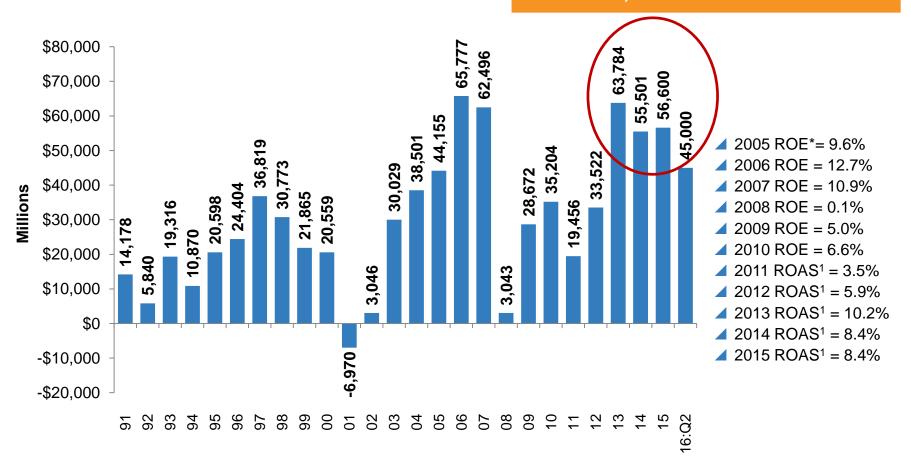
Insurance Information Institute + 110 William Street + New York, NY 10038 Tel: 212.346.5533 + jamesl@iii.org + www.iii.org

Insurance Industry: Financial Update & Outlook

2015 Was a Reasonably Good Yearand Similar to 20142016: Smarting from Catastrophes

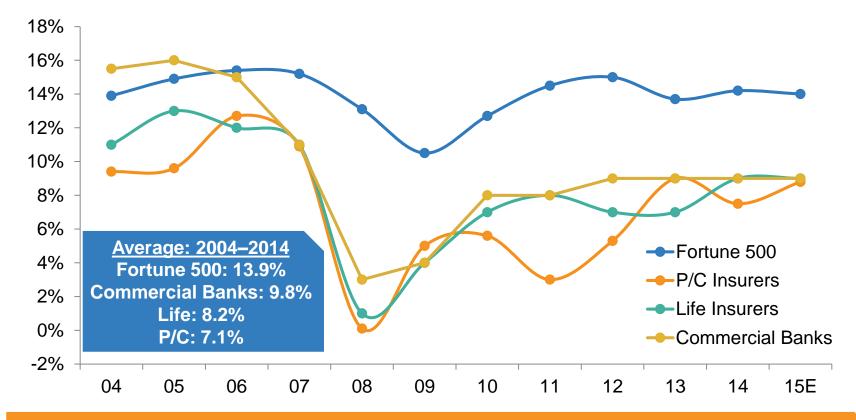
P/C Industry Net Income After Taxes 1991-2016:Q2 (preliminary) Profits Are 20 Year Through

Profits Are 28 Percent Below Last Year Through Two Quarters. Little Cats, Weak Auto Results



*ROE figures are GAAP; ¹Return on avg. surplus. Excluding Mortgage & Financial Guaranty insurers yields a 8.2% ROAS in 2014, 9.8% ROAS in 2013, 6.2% ROAS in 2012, 4.7% ROAS for 2011, 7.6% for 2010 and 7.4% for 2009. 2016:Q2 is annualized Sources: A.M. Best; ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; Insurance Information Institute.

Return on Equity by Financial Services Sector vs. Fortune 500, 2004-2015*



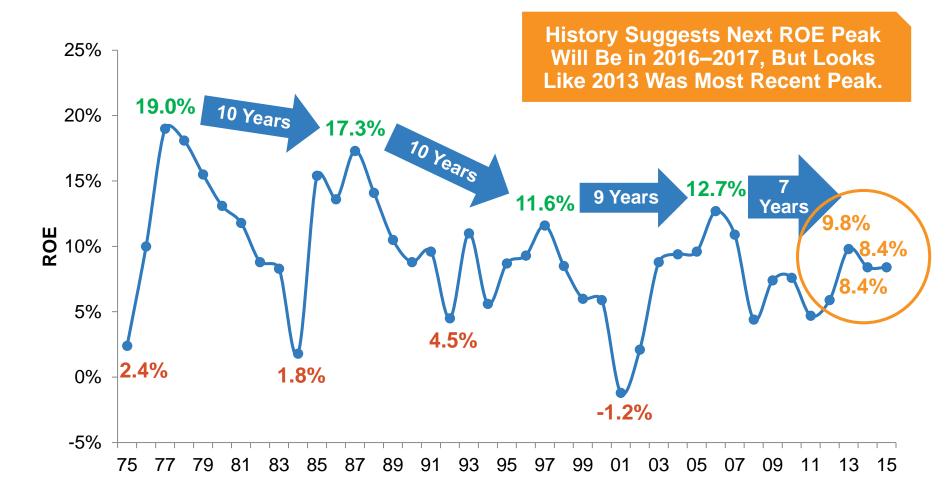
Banks and Insurers Have Substantially Underperformed the Fortune 500 Since the Financial Crisis.



*GAAP basis.

Sources: ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; Fortune; Insurance Information Institute.

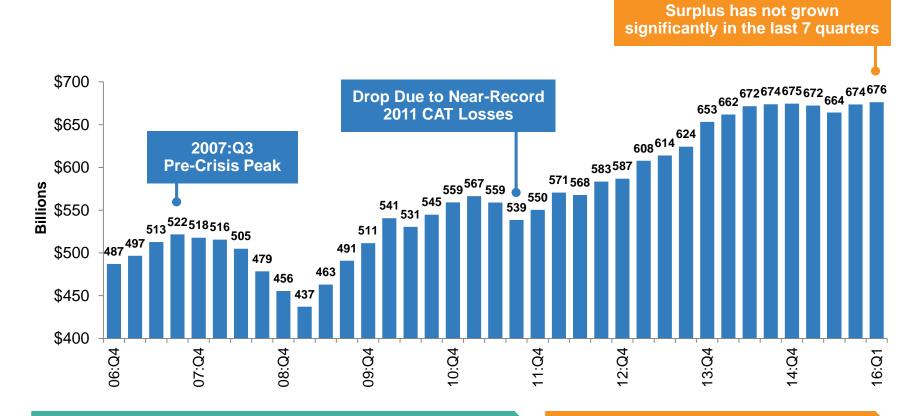
Profitability Peaks & Troughs in the P/C Insurance Industry, 1975-2015



*Profitability = P/C insurer ROEs. 2011-14 figures are estimates based on ROAS data. Note: Data for 2008-2014 exclude mortgage and financial guaranty insurers. Sources: Insurance Information Institute; Natl. Assoc. of Insurance Comm.; ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; A.M. Best, Conning.

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Policyholder Surplus, 2006:Q4-2016:Q1



The Industry Now Has \$1 of Surplus for Every \$0.75 of NPW, Close to the Strongest Claims-paying Status in its History. The P/C Insurance Industry Entered 2016 in Very Strong Financial Condition.

2010:Q1 data includes \$22.5B of paid-in capital from a holding company parent for one insurer's investment in a non-insurance business. Sources: ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; A.M. Best.

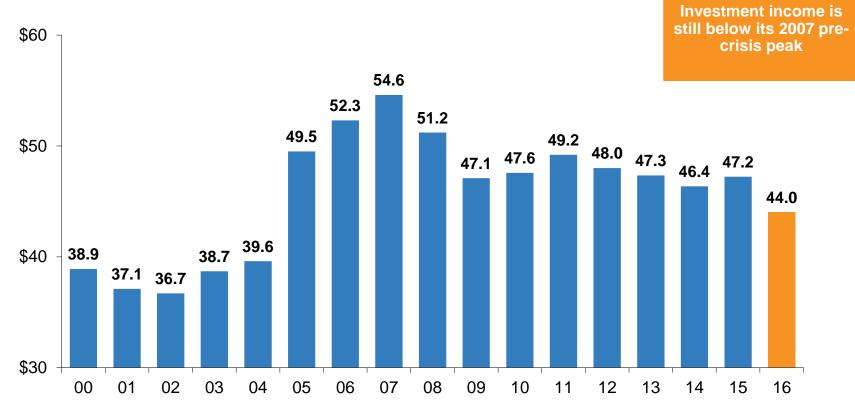
Investments: The New [Grim] Reality

Investment Performance is a Key Driver of Profitability

Depressed Yields Will Necessarily Influence Underwriting & Pricing

Property/Casualty Insurance Industry Investment Income: 2000–2016¹

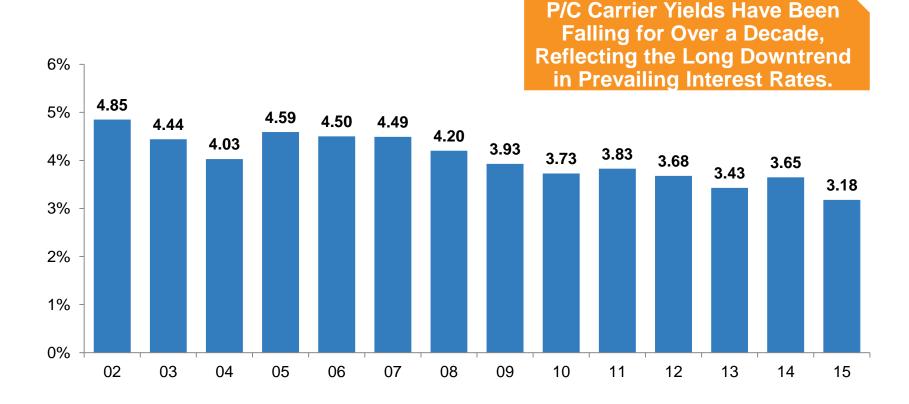
(Billions)



Due to persistently low interest rates, investment income continues to fall.

Investment gains consist primarily of interest and stock dividends. 2016 is I.I.I. estimate based on A.M. Best data. Sources: ISO. A.M. Best, Insurance Information Institute.

P/C Insurer Portfolio Yields, 2002-2015

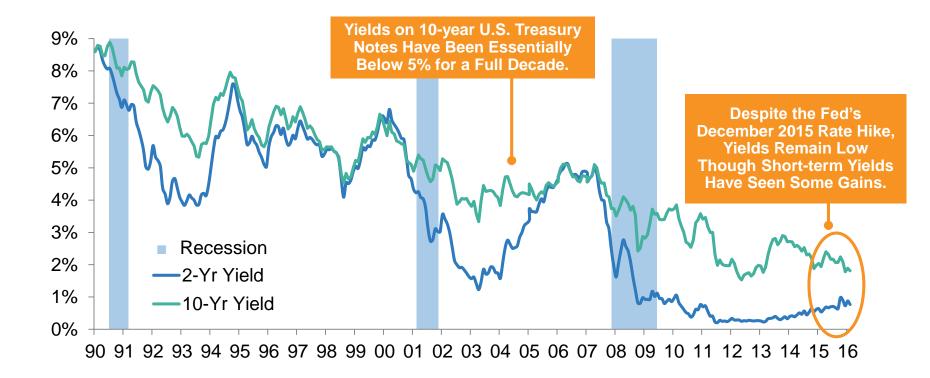


Even as Prevailing Rates Rise in the Next Few Years, Portfolio Yields Are Unlikely to Rise Quickly, Since Low Yields of Recent Years Are "Baked In" to Future Returns.



Sources: NAIC data, sourced from S&P Global Market Intelligence; Insurance Information Institute.

U.S. Treasury Security Yields: A Long Downward Trend, 1990-2016*



Bonds Constitute Slightly More Than 2/3 of P/C Industry Investments. Roughly 36% of P/C Bonds Are in 1-5-Year Durations, So They Will Respond to Rising Interest Rates in Just a Few Years. But Nearly Half of the Bond Portfolio is in 5-Year or Longer Durations, Which Will Take Longer to Rise.

*Monthly, constant maturity, nominal rates, through April 2016.

Sources: Federal Reserve Bank at <u>federalreserve.gov/releases/h15/data.htm</u>; National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institute.

Distribution of Bond Maturities, P/C Insurance Industry, 2005-2015

	<1 yr	1 – 5 years	5 – 10 years	10-20	20>
2015	16.3%	35.8%	33.7%	9.0%	5.1%
2014	16.8%	37.1%	30.8%	9.6%	5.7%
2013	16.5%	38.8%	29.3%	9.8%	5.7%
2012	16.6%	40.4%	27.6%	9.8%	5.7%
2011	14.9%	41.2%	27.3%	10.4%	6.2%
2010	16.0%	39.5%	27.1%	11.2%	6.2%
2009	15.6%	36.4%	29.0%	11.9%	7.1%
2008	15.7%	32.4%	31.2%	12.7%	8.1%
2007	15.2%	30.0%	33.8%	12.9%	8.1%
2006	16.0%	29.5%	34.1% 13		
2005	16.0%	28.8%	34.1%	13.6%	7.6%

Two main shifts over these years:

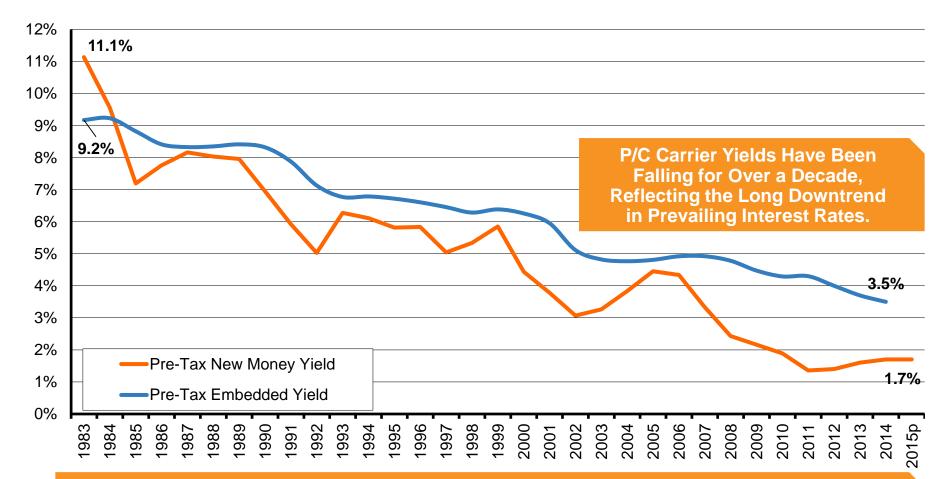
From 2007 to 2011-12, from bonds with longer maturities to bonds with shorter maturities. But beginning in 2013, the reverse.

Note, however, that the percentages in bonds with maturities over 10 years continues to drop.



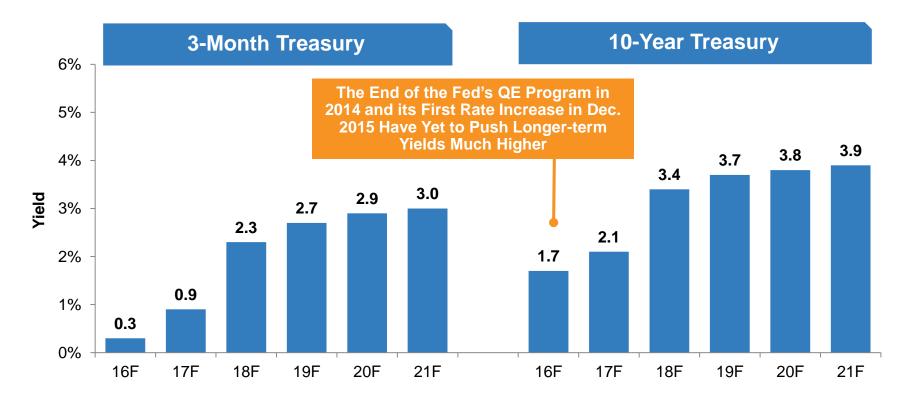
Sources: National Association of Insurance Commissioners' data, sourced from S&P Global Market Intelligence; Insurance Information Institute.

New Money vs. Embedded Yields, U.S. Insurers, 1983-2012



As long as new money rates are below the rates of maturing bonds, the portfolio yield will continue to sink.

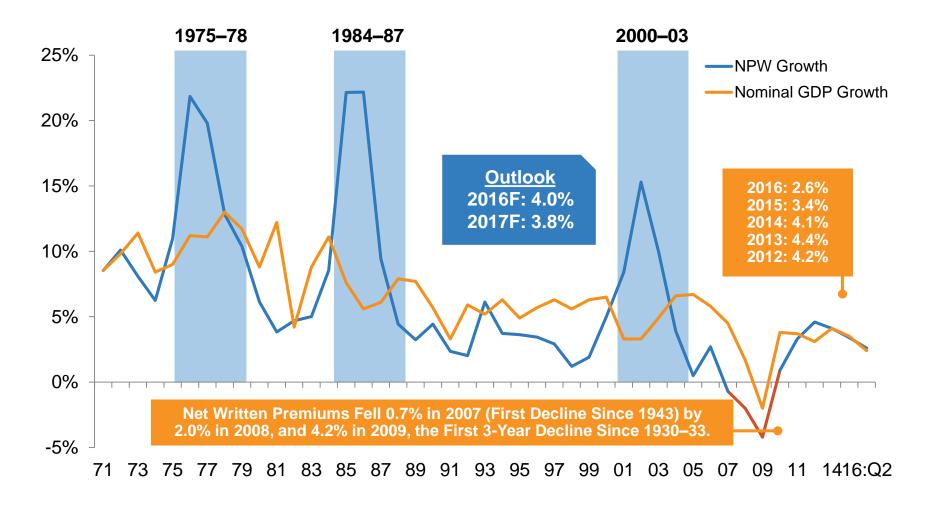
Interest Rate Forecasts: 2016-2021



A "Normalization" of Interest Rates is Unlikely Until 2019, More than a Decade After the Onset of the Financial Crisis. Note how flat the Yield Curve is Expected to be.

Underwriting Performance

Net Premium Growth (All P/C Lines): Annual Change, 1971-2016



Shaded areas denote "hard market" periods

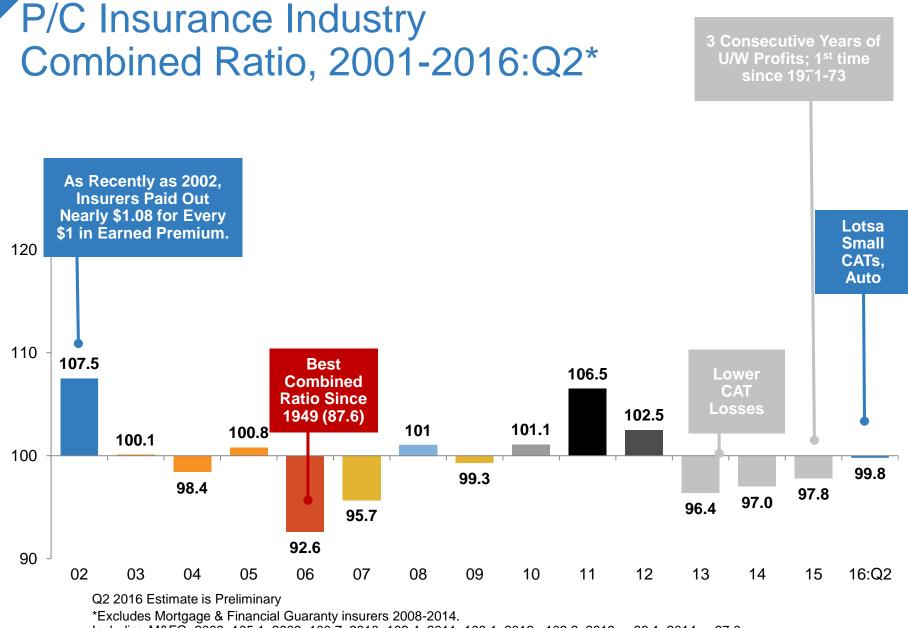
Sources: FRED Economic Data for GDP; A.M. Best (1971-2013), ISO (2014-15); NAIC data sourced from S&P Global Market Intelligence for 2016:Q2, Insurance Information Institute calculations.

P/C Direct Written Premium by Line (Billions of Dollars)

LOB	2016	2015	% Chg From Year Earlier
Personal Auto Liab	62.5	59.1	5.8%
Homeowners	46.4	45.3	2.3%
PhysDam (PA, CA)	46.4	43.4	7.1%
GL (incl Products)	32.9	32.1	2.4%
WC	29.5	28.8	2.5%
Fire & Allied Lines	17.3	18.3	-5.5%
СМР	20.2	20.1	0.5%
Comm Auto Liab	12.8	12.3	4.2%
Other	32.9	32.4	1.5%
Total	300.9	291.8	3.1%



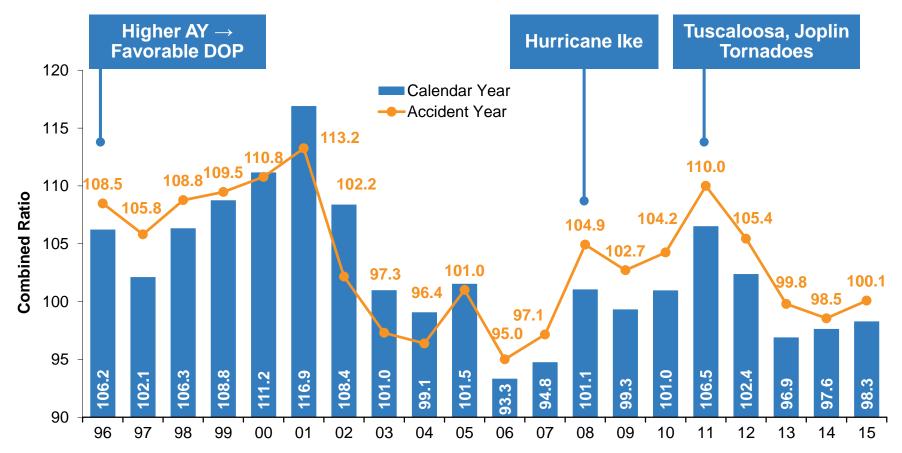
Sources: NAIC data from S&P Global Intelligence, Insurance Information Institute.



Including M&FG, 2008=105.1, 2009=100.7, 2010=102.4, 2011=108.1; 2012:=103.2; 2013: = 96.1; 2014: = 97.0.

Sources: A.M. Best; ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; 2010-2014 is from A.M. Best P&C Review and Preview, February 16, 2016; 2015 from I.I.I/PCI/ISO; 2016 Estimate from I.I.I. based on S&P Global Market Intelligence data.

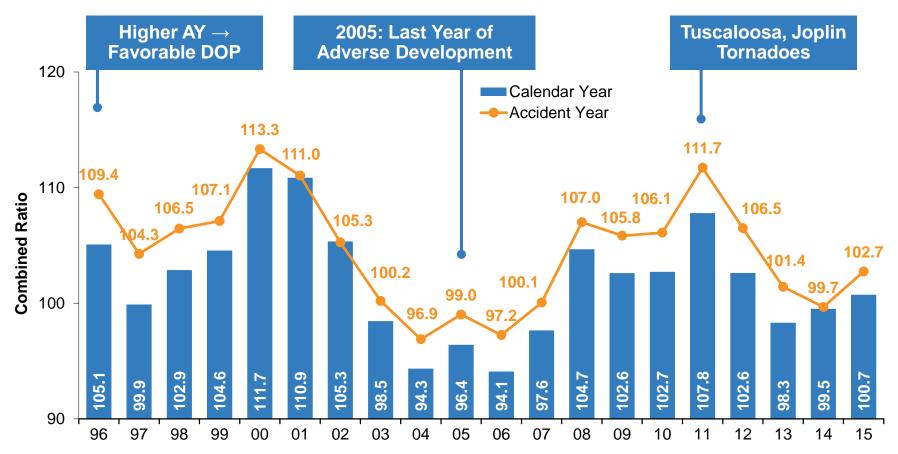
AY vs. CY Combined Ratio, (Excl. Guaranty Lines) 1996-2015



Three Consecutive Years of Deteriorating Combined Ratios, Despite Light Cat Losses. AY2015 Above 100.



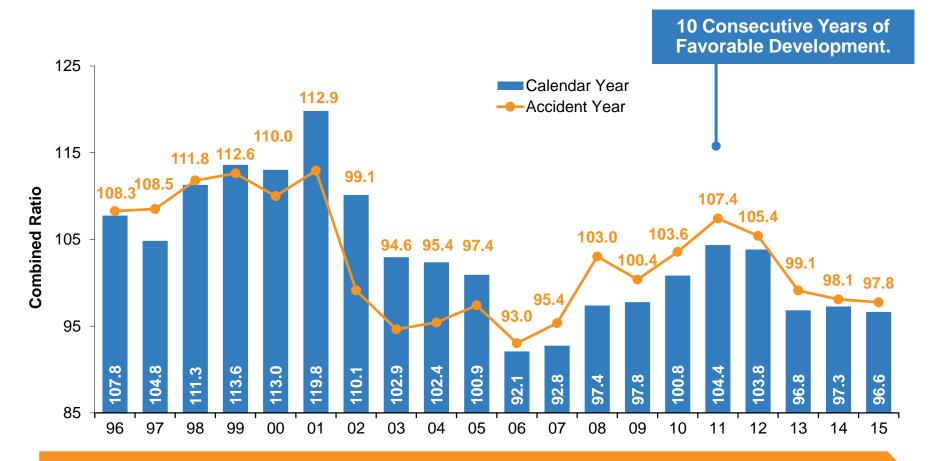
Personal Lines Combined Ratio, 1996-2015



Lack of Catastrophes Let Personal Lines Writers Post Underwriting Profit Two Years In a Row. CY15>100, Despite Lack of Cats.



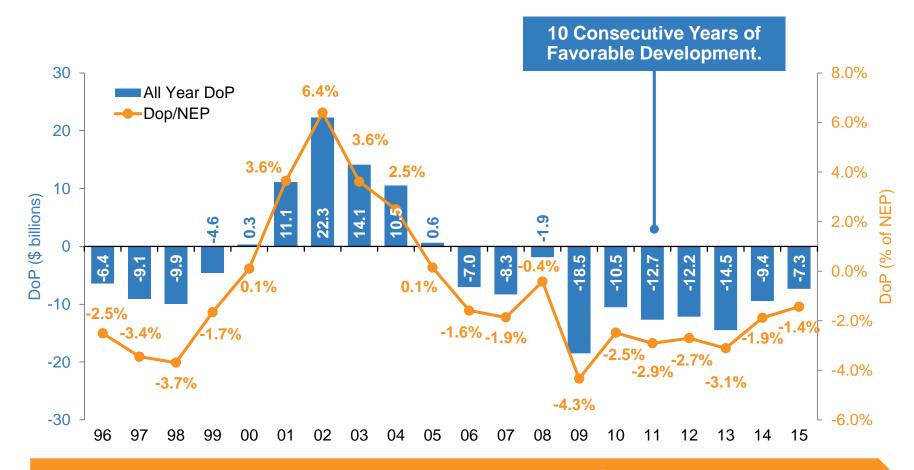
Commercial Lines Combined Ratio, 1996-2015



Low Cat Losses Contribute to Favorable Combined Ratios.



Development on Prior, 1996-2015

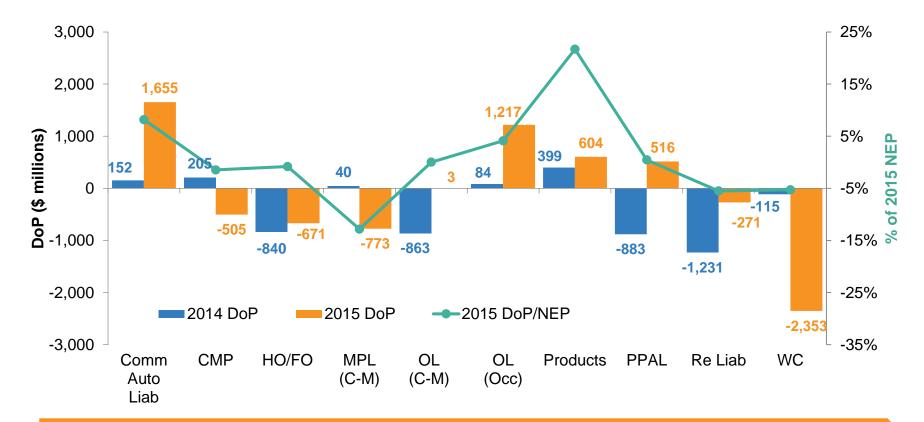


Reserve Releases Keep Getting Smaller. 2015 Affected by a Single Company's \$3B Reserve Hit.



2015 Figures Preliminary. Sources: NAIC data from S&P Global Intelligence, Insurance Information Institute.

CY Development on Prior by LOB

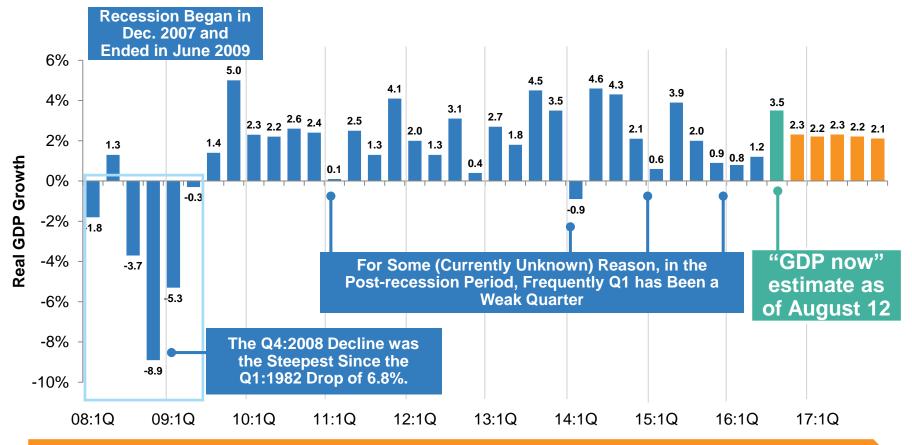


Several Liability Lines (Auto, GL, Products) Had Reserve Spikes. WC Was an Exception.



2015 Figures Preliminary. Sources: NAIC data from S&P Global Intelligence, Insurance Information Institute.

U.S. Real GDP Growth,* Quarterly



Demand for Insurance Should Increase Slowly in 2016 as GDP Growth Continues at a Steady, Albeit Moderate Pace and Gradually Benefits the Economy Broadly

*Estimates/Forecasts (gold bars) from Blue Chip Economic Indicators. Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Blue Chip Economic Indicators 8/10; Insurance Information Institute.

P/C Direct Incurred Loss Ratio by LOB

LOB	2016	2015	Chg From Year Earlier
Personal Auto Liab	72	68	4
Homeowners	56	55	1
PhysDam (PA, CA)	67	64	3
GL (incl Products)	52	51	1
WC	54	59	(5)
Fire & Allied Lines	56	55	1
СМР	51	48	3
Comm Auto Liab	64	62	3
Other	44	42	2
Total	59	57	2
Through Q2			Positive Number = Bad News



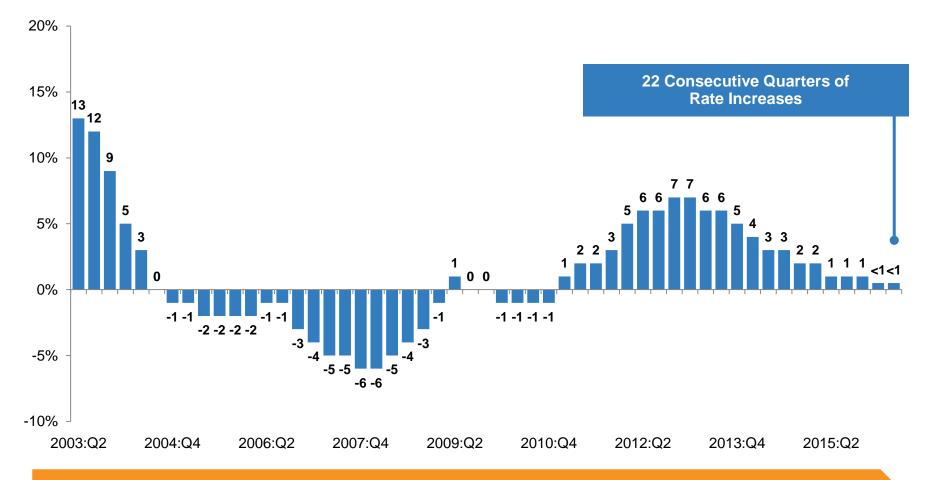
Sources: NAIC data from S&P Global Intelligence, Insurance Information Institute.

Commercial Rates*

Steady Going

*These Publicly Available Estimates May Differ Substantially From Events In Individual States and Markets

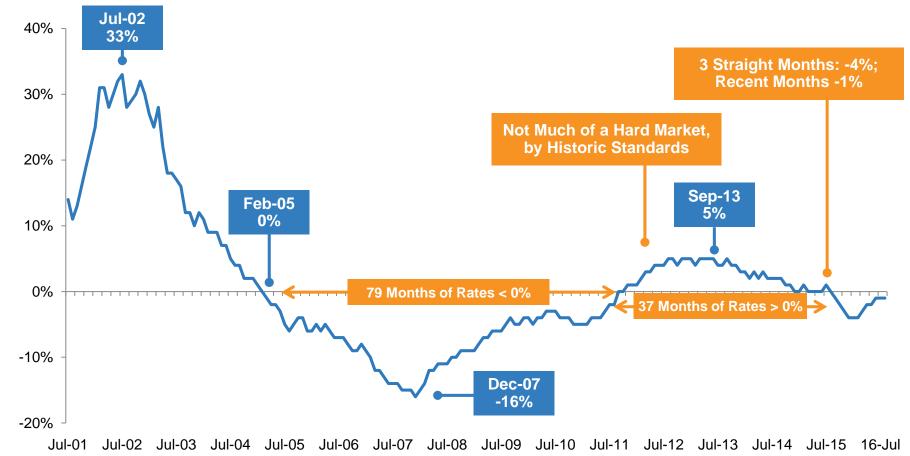
Commercial Lines Rate Change by Quarter (vs. Year Earlier)



Second Quarter: <1% Decreases: WC, Property, D&O. 'Meaningful' Increases: Commercial Auto – similar to prior two quarters



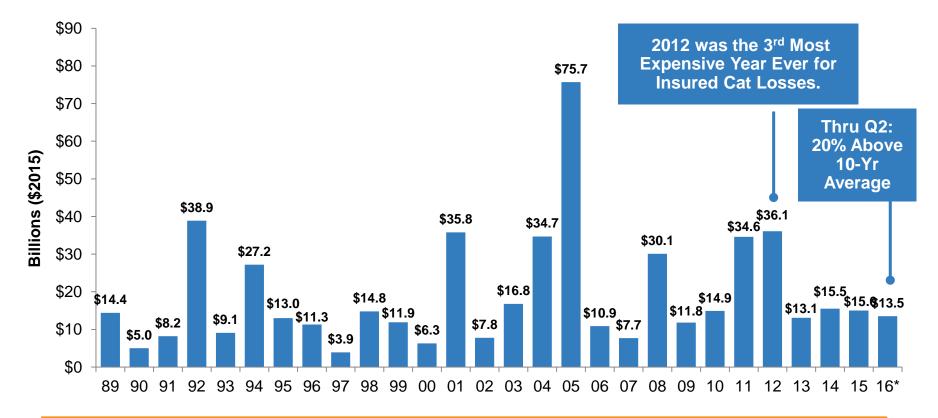
Commercial Lines Rate Change by Month (vs. Year Earlier)



Rates Are as Stable as They've Been in 15 Years. Modest Declines This Year but That May Be Ebbing. August: -1%

Catastrophes

U.S. Insured Catastrophe Losses



2013/14/15 Were Welcome Respites from 2011/12, Which Were Among the Costliest Years for Insured Disaster Losses in U.S. History. Longer-term Trend is for More – Not Fewer – Costly Events.

*Estimate through first quarter.

Note: 2001 figure includes \$20.3B for 9/11 losses reported through 12/31/01 (\$25.9B 2011 dollars). Includes only business and personal property claims, business interruption and auto claims. Non-prop/BI losses = \$12.2B (\$15.6B in 2011 dollars).

Sources: Property Claims Service, a Verisk Analytics business; Insurance Information Institute.

12/01Combined Ratio Points Associated with Catastrophe Losses: 1960 – 2015 Combined Ratio Points Avg. CAT Loss Catastrophe losses Component of the as a share of **Combined Ratio** premium reached a 12 record high in 2011 by Decade 9.6 10 1960s: 1.04 8.0 1970s: 0.85 8.1 8 1980s: 1.31 1990s: 3.39 2000s: 3.52 6 5.0 4.6 2010s: 5.46* 3.6 4 2.6 2.7 2 0.9 Ö 0 2000 2008 996 984 986 988 066 994 966 998 2006 2010 2012 2014 960 964 968 970 974 976 978 980 982 992 2002 2004 962 972

2016:Q2]

The Catastrophe Loss Component of Private Insurer Losses Has Increased **Sharply in Recent Decades**

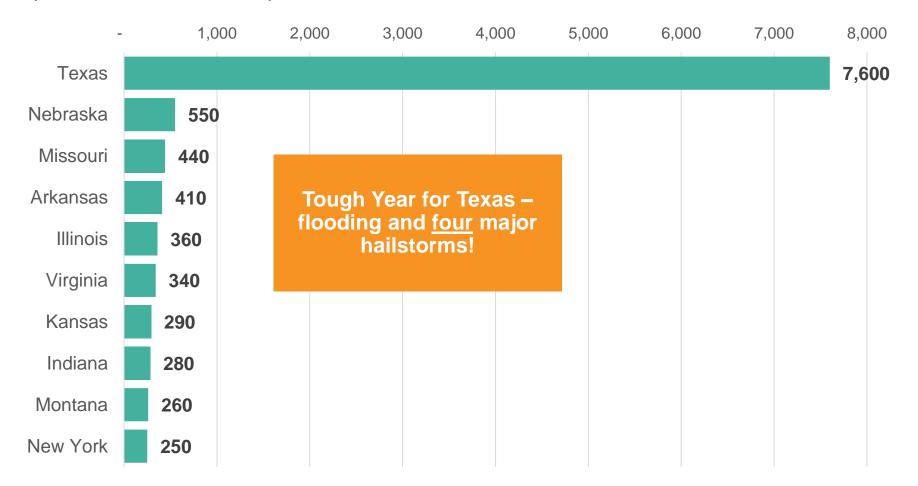
*2010s represent 2010-2015.

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Notes: Private carrier losses only. Excludes loss adjustment expenses and reinsurance reinstatement premiums. Figures are adjusted for losses ultimately paid by foreign insurers and reinsurers.

Source: ISO (1960-2009); A.M. Best (2010-16:Q2); Insurance Information Institute.

States Hit by Cats, First Half 2016 (Millions of Dollars)

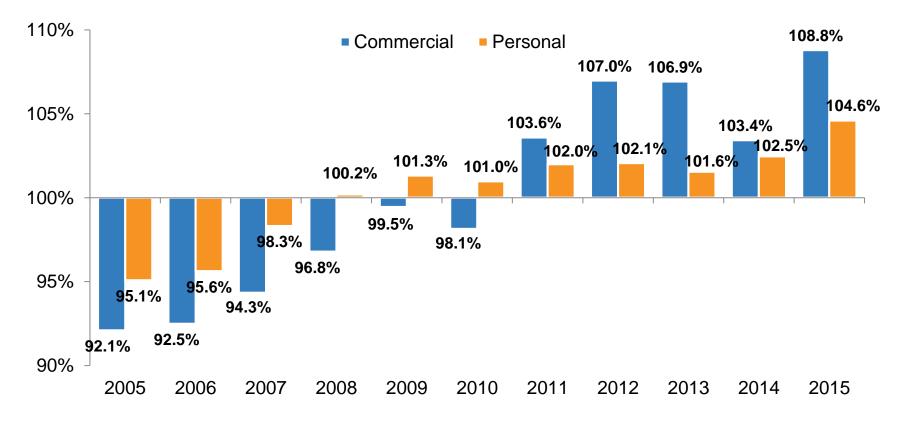




Auto Insurance

Rising Frequency, Severity Pinching the Largest P/C Line

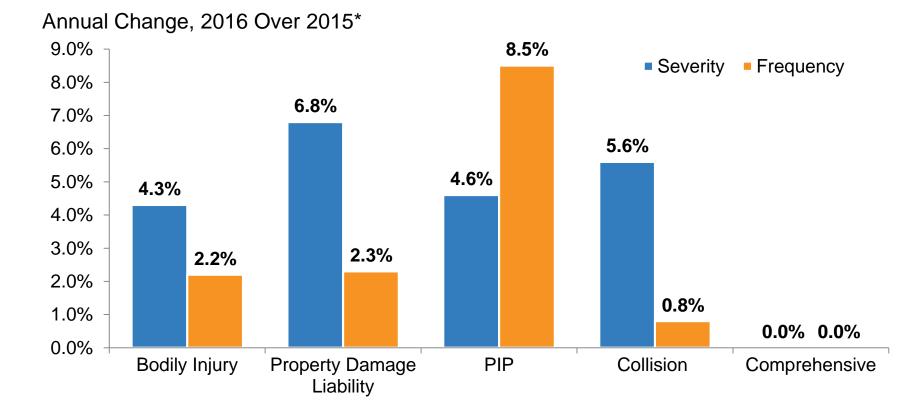
Net Combined Ratio, 2005-2015



Loss Ratios Have Been Rising for a Decade. 2015 Return on Net Worth is Likely Close to Zero or Negative.

Source: National Association of Insurance Commissioners data, sourced from S&P Global Market Intelligence; Insurance Information Institute.

Why Personal Auto Loss Ratios are Rising: Severity & Frequency by Coverage, 2016 vs. 2015



Across All Personal Coverage Types (Except Comprehensive) in 2015, Frequency and Severity Rose. This Pattern is Continuing in 2016.

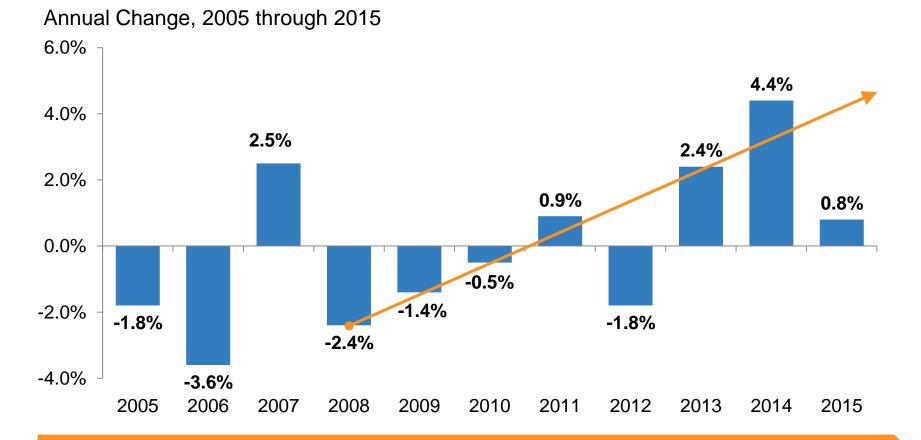


*Four quarters ending in March.

Source: ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; Insurance Information Institute.

Claim Trends by Coverage Focus on Collision

Collision Claims: Frequency Trending Higher in 2015

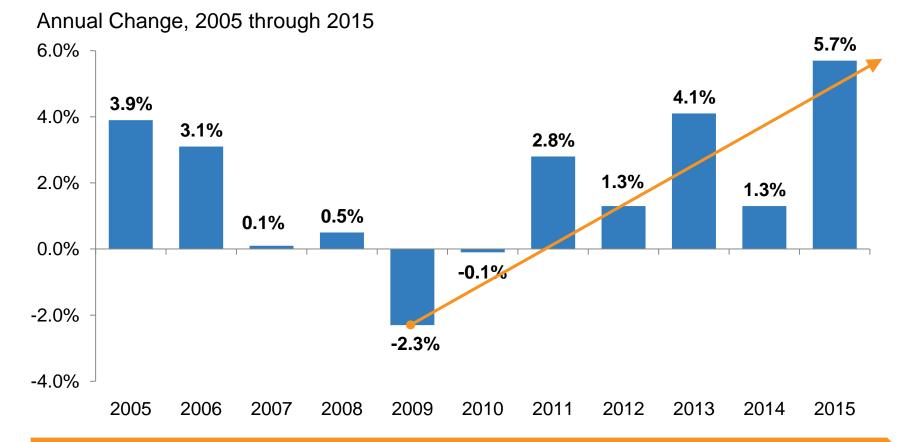


For a Long Time, Claim Frequency Was Falling, But Since 2010 This Trend Seems to Have Reversed.



Source: ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; Insurance Information Institute.

Collision Claims: Severity Trending Higher in 2009-2015



The Great Recession and High Fuel Prices Helped to Temper Claim Severity, But These forces Have Clearly Reversed, Consistent with Experience from Past Recoveries.

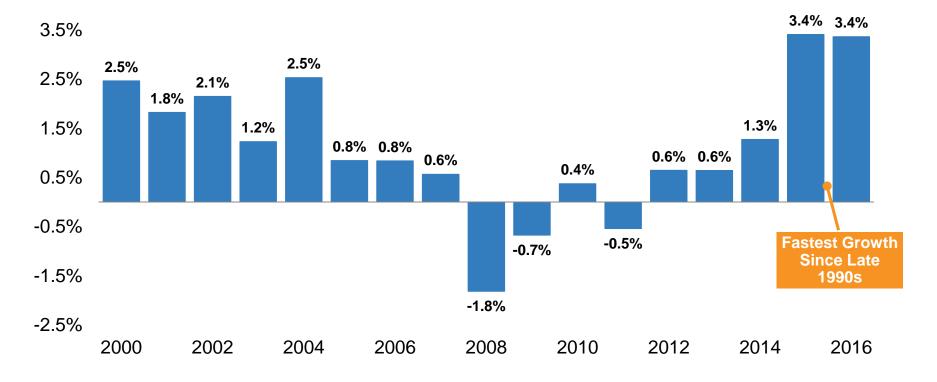
Source: ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; Insurance Information Institute.

What's Driving These Trends?

Frequency; Severity

America is Driving More Again: 2000-2016

Percent Change, Miles Driven*

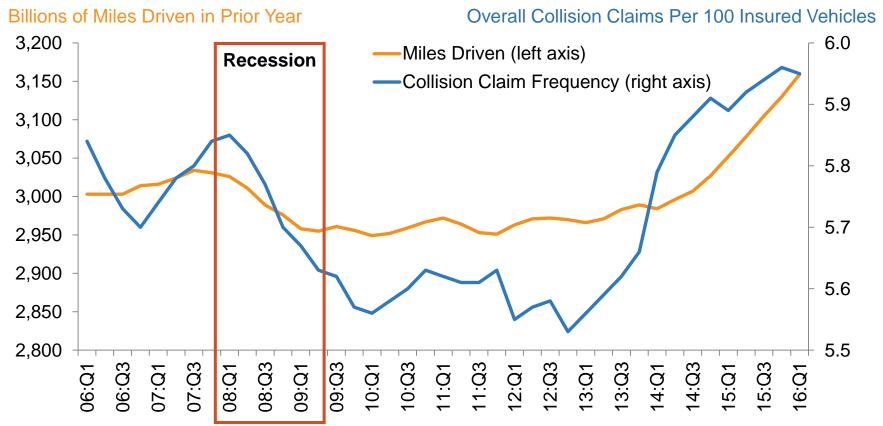


Tremendous Growth In Miles Driven. The More People Drive, The More Frequently They Get Into Accidents.

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*2000-2015: Moving 12-month total vs. prior year. 2016 data through May 2016, the latest available, vs. May 2015. Sources: <u>Federal Highway Administration</u>; National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institute.

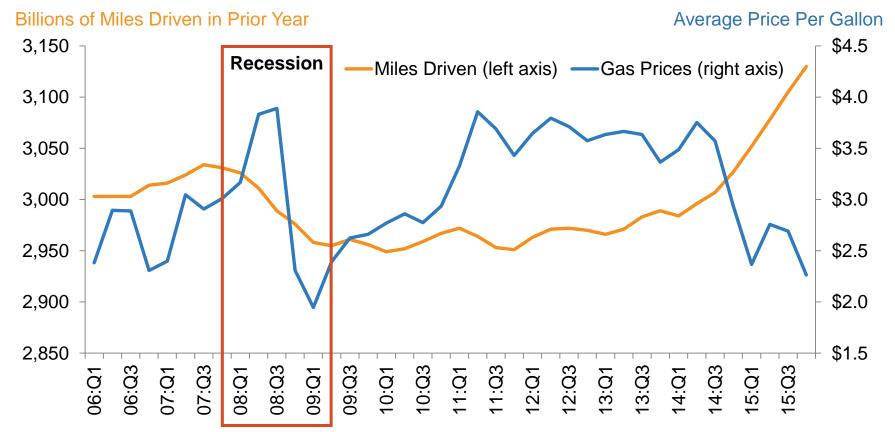
More Miles Driven => More Collisions, 2006-2016



The More Miles People Drive, the More Likely They are to Get in an Accident, Helping Drive Claim Frequency Higher.

Sources: <u>Federal Highway Administration</u>; Rolling four-quarter average frequency from ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; Insurance Institute for Highway Safety; Insurance Information Institute.

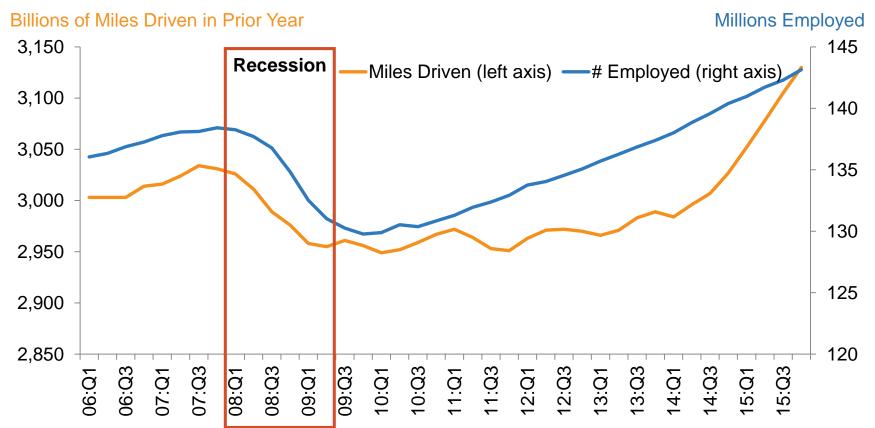
Why Are People Driving More Miles? Cheap Gas?



Gas Prices Don't Seem Correlated With Miles Driven.

Sources: <u>Federal Highway Administration</u>; Energy Information Administration; Insurance Institute for Highway Safety; Insurance Information Institute.

Why Are People Driving More Miles? Jobs?



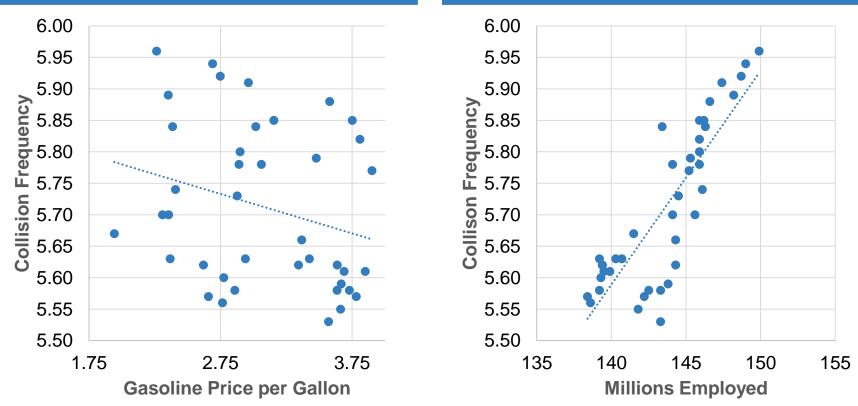
People Drive to and from Work and Drive to Entertainment. Out of Work, They Curtail Their Movement.

Sources: <u>Federal Highway Administration</u>; Seasonally Adjusted Employed from Bureau of Labor Statistics; Insurance Institute for Highway Safety; Insurance Information Institute.

Comparing Gas Prices, Employment on Collision Frequency Through 2015

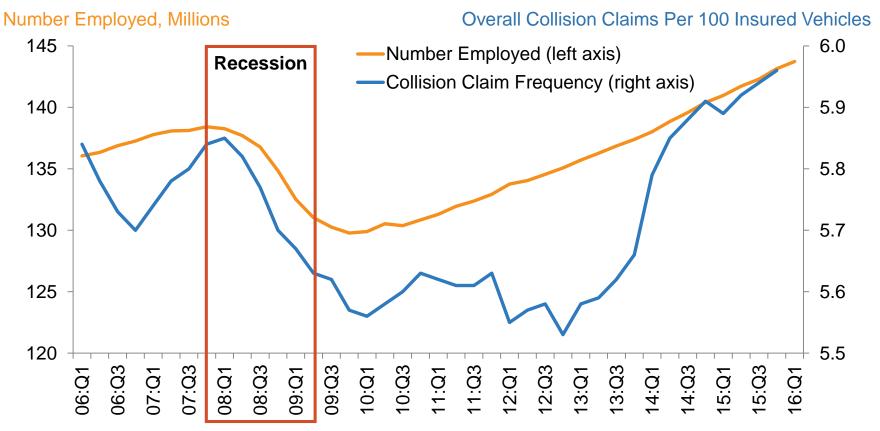
Gas Price vs. Collision Frequency

Number Employed vs. Collision Frequency



Sources: Seasonally Adjusted Employed from Bureau of Labor Statistics; Energy Information Administration; Rolling Four-Qtr Avg. Frequency from Insurance Services Office; Insurance Information Institute.

More People Working and Driving => More Collisions, 2006-2016

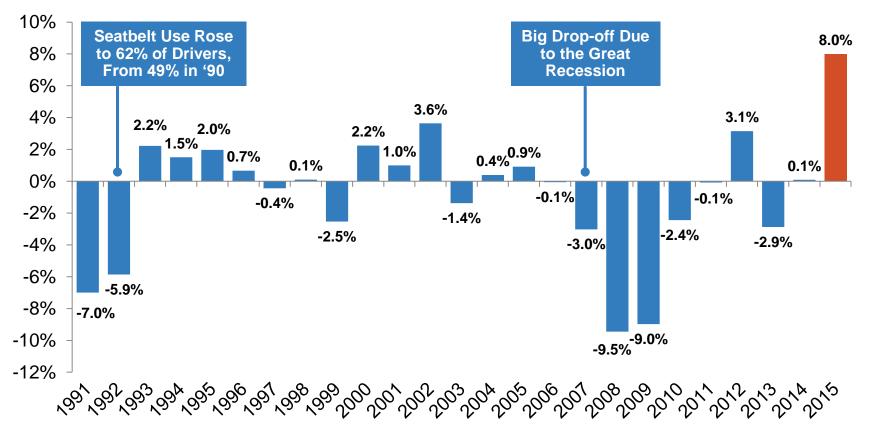


When People are Out of Work, They Drive Less. When They Get Jobs, They Drive to Work, Helping Drive Claim Frequency Higher.

Sources: Seasonally Adjusted Employed from Bureau of Labor Statistics; Rolling four-quarter average frequency from ISO, a Verisk Analytics company; Insurance Information Institute.

Severity: Driving Fatalities are Rising

Annual Change in Motor Vehicle Deaths



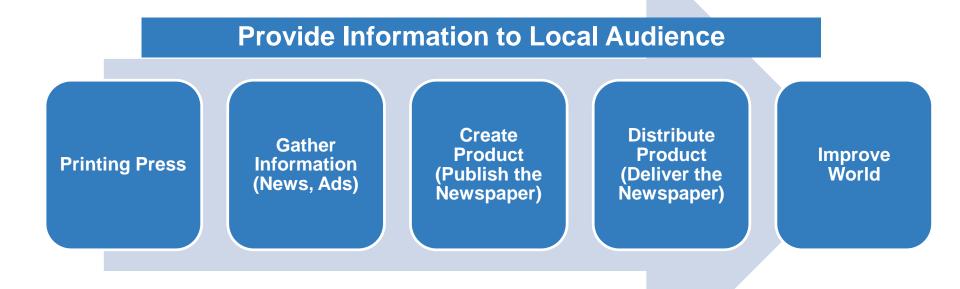
Driving Has Been Getting Safer for Decades, But Recent Trend is Discouraging—38,300 Deaths in 2015.



Sources: National Safety Council, Insurance Information Institute.

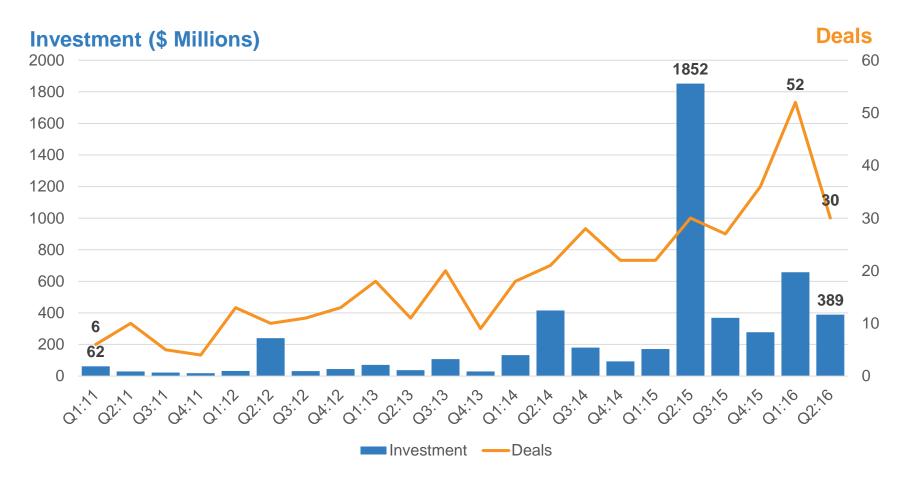
On the Horizon Sharing Economy and Disruption

What Is A Value Chain? Example: Local Newspapers



This Industry Was Radically Disrupted by the Internet. Its Barriers to Entry Were Destroyed. Is Insurance Next? **esidi**e'

Insurance Technology Financing – Change Is Coming



Investment In Insurance Tech Is Rising. Number of Deals Reached A Record in First Quarter.

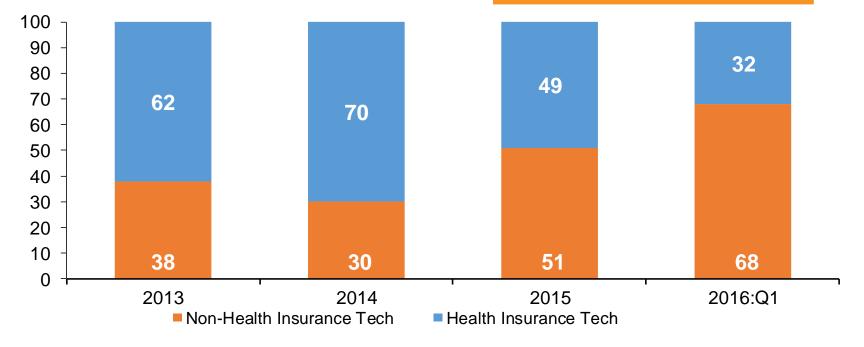


SOURCES: CB Insights, Insurance Information Institute.

Insurance Tech Activity by Area of Interest, 2013 – 2016:Q1 With the ACA in the rear view

With the ACA in the rear view window, non-health insurance tech accounts for the majority of investment

(Percent)



Silicon Valley, Venture Capitalists Have Insurance Industry in Their Sights. Most Will Fail. Some Will Succeed.

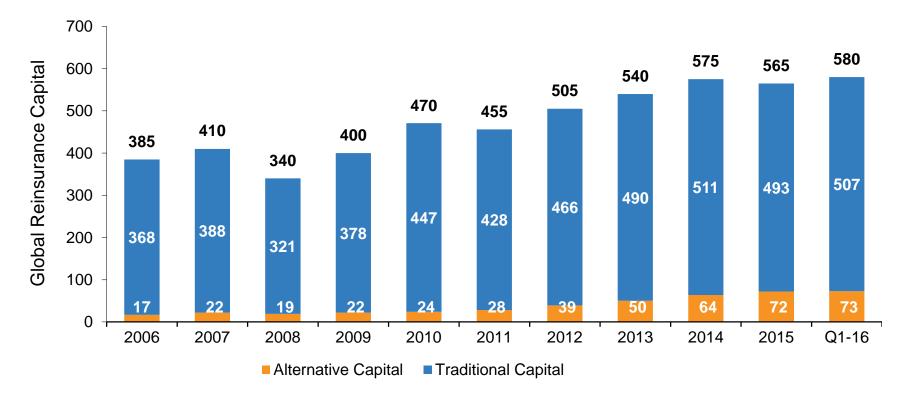
Source: CB Insights at https://www.cbinsights.com/blog/insurance-tech-overview-q1-2016/; Insurance Information Institute.

The (Re)Insurance Value Chain Where Could Disruption Lie?



Alternative Capital Potentially Disrupting the Bank Account

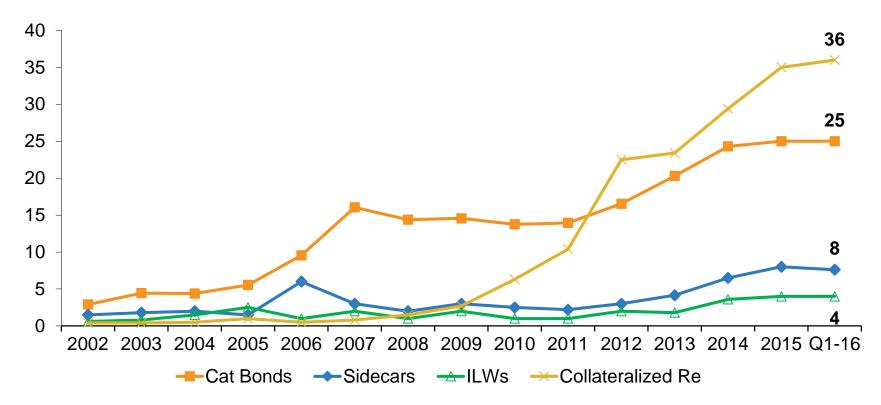
(Billions of USD)



Alternative capacity has grown 263% since 2008. It has more than tripled in the past six years.

Alternative Capital Potentially Disrupting the Bank Account

(Billions of USD)



Collateralized Reinsurance and Catastrophe Bonds Currently Dominate the Alternative Capital Market.

Source: Aon Benfield Analytics; Insurance Information Institute.

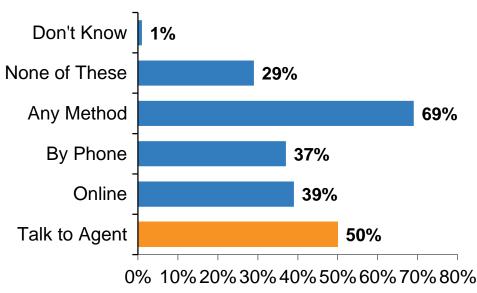
The Internet

Will It Disrupt Marketing?

- Lead Generators
 - InsWeb, NetQuote, Insurance.com
 - Site allows comparison shopping, sells lead to insurer
- Call Center Agencies
 - SelectQuote, Goji
 - Call center employs agents
- Digital agencies
 - Esurance, Policy Genius
 - Quote and buy online

But Customers Still Like Agents

Did You Compare Prices When Your Auto Policy Was Up for Renewal?



Pricing Disruptor: The Fragmented Risk

- The Insurance Contract Is Being Split into Tiny Pieces.
 - By-peril HO insurance Rate Water, Theft, Liability Risk Separately
 - The Sharing/"On-Demand" Economy Personal Exposures Become Commercial Exposures, Then Switch Back
 - Pay By Mile Insurance Exposure Basis for Auto – Vehicle-Mile Replaces Vehicle-Year
- Expect More As

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- Computers Get Stronger
- Data Storage Gets Cheaper
- Information Collection Grows





metromile



The Internet of Things

- Gathering Big Data Affects
 - Underwriting
 - Pricing
- Monitoring Could Affect
 - Loss Control
 - Pricing?





12:45

As For The Future...



IoT Could Disrupt UW, Claims, Loss Control



Image sources, clockwise: Nest, Jawbone, Automatic, Lumo, Apple, PSFK

Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Insurance

Taking on the *Entire* Value Chain

The Business Model

- Resembles Mutuals/ Reciprocals
- 20% of Premium to Expenses, 80% to Cover Risk.



- Risk Pool for Each Charity
- Leftover Pool Money Goes to Charity.
- May Deter Fraud You Wouldn't Cheat Your Favorite Charity!

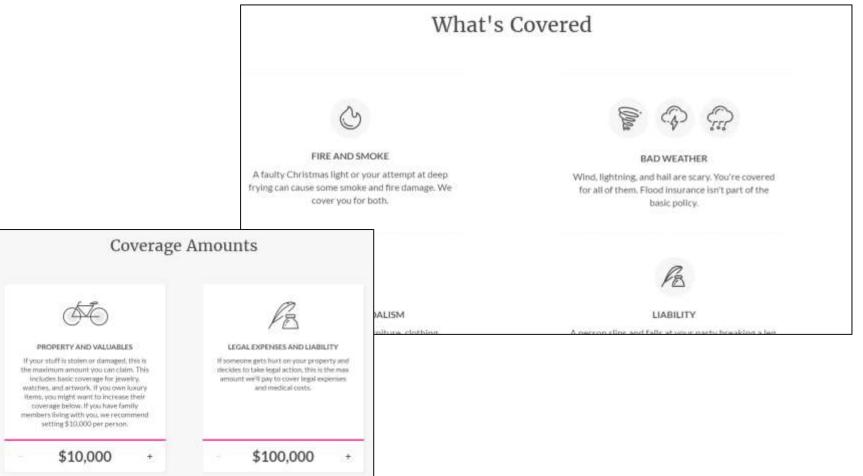
Source: "UberX-ing Insurance : Is Peer-to-Peer Insurance Viable?", presentation by Jay Sarzen, Aite Group at Drinker Biddle Insurance Conference, June 21, 2016; Financial Times; <u>www.lemonade.com</u>.

CEO Daniel Schreiber

Our Chief Behavioral Officer, Professor Dan Ariely, says that "If you tried to create a system to bring out the worst in humans, it would look a lot like the insurance of today."

Lemonade's P2P Model

Example: Renters' Insurance (HO-4)



Lemonade's P2P Model Questions

- ▲ Who Holds the Risk?
 - Captive? Front?
- How Are Charitable Pools Separated?
 - Segregated Cell Captive?
- Who Gets the Float?
 - Insurer, Reinsurer or Charity?
- ▲ Who Gets the Tax Deduction (Worth More Than the Float)?

Summary

- The industry is in good financial shape with several years of modest profits.
- Interest rates look like they'll stay low
- Recent years have had modest cats; U.S. This year hurt by severe weather
- Auto costs are rising (both frequency and severity)
- Disruption provides opportunities and challenges throughout the value chain



Thank you for your time and your attention!

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