

Overview & Outlook for the Commercial P/C Insurance Industry: Trends, Challenges & Opportunities **NAMIC Commercial Lines Seminar** Chicago, IL March 4, 2015

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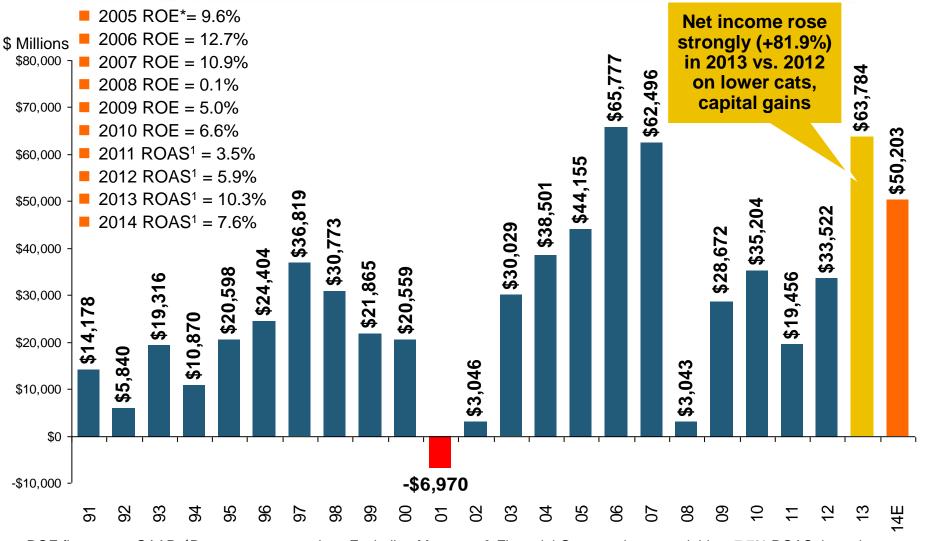
Insurance Industry: Financial Update & Outlook

2014 Was a Reasonably Good Year 2015: A Repeat of 2014?



- Flat to modest premium growth in 2015
- Rate environment suggests flat-to-slightly negative renewals in late 2014/early 2015, but results vary
- Economic strengthening, stronger jobs market are pluses and should drive new exposures
- Construction, manufacturing have been growth areas but cooled in late 2014/early 2015; Public entities are now growth sector for the first time since the Great Recession
- Loss costs driven by modest frequency and severity trends, but helped by reserve releases, low cats, low infl.
- Property cat reinsurance costs continue to fall
- Investment income still under pressure from low yields

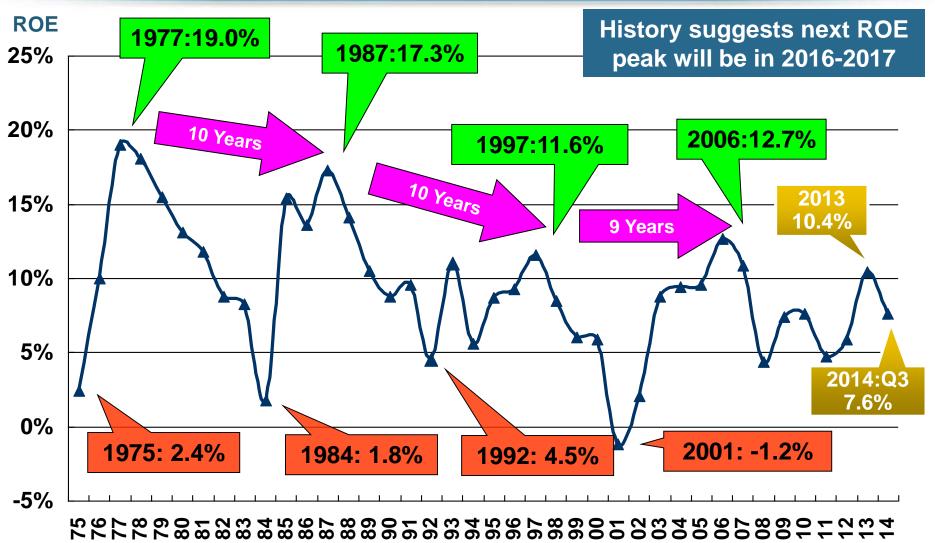
P/C Industry Net Income After Taxes 1991–2014E



•ROE figures are GAAP; ¹Return on avg. surplus. Excluding Mortgage & Financial Guaranty insurers yields a 7.7% ROAS through 2014:Q2, 9.8% ROAS in 2013, 6.2% ROAS in 2012, 4.7% ROAS for 2011, 7.6% for 2010 and 7.4% for 2009. Sources: A.M. Best, ISO; Insurance Information Institute

Profitability Peaks & Troughs in the P/C Insurance Industry, 1975 – 2014:Q3*

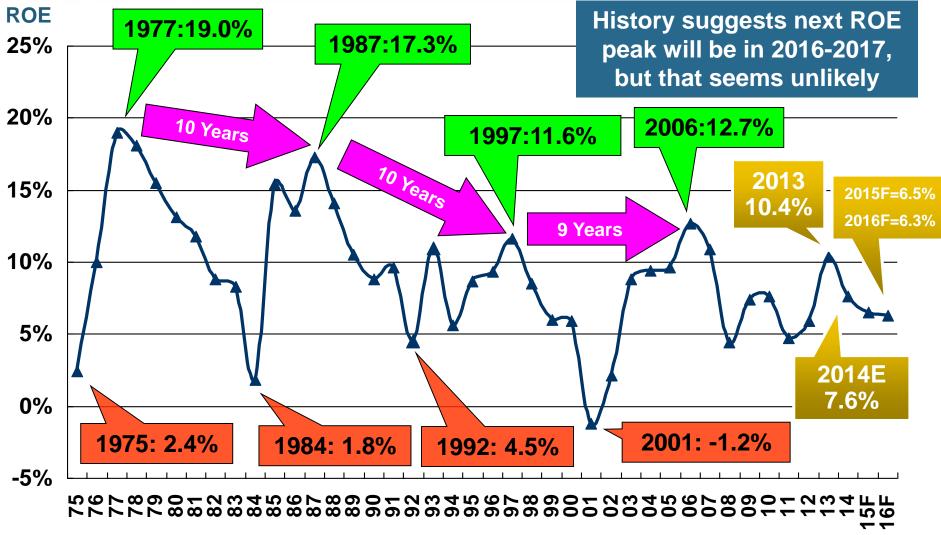
INSURANCE INFORMATION



*Profitability = P/C insurer ROEs. 2011-14 figures are estimates based on ROAS data. Note: Data for 2008-2014 exclude mortgage and financial guaranty insurers.

Source: Insurance Information Institute; NAIC, ISO, A.M. Best.

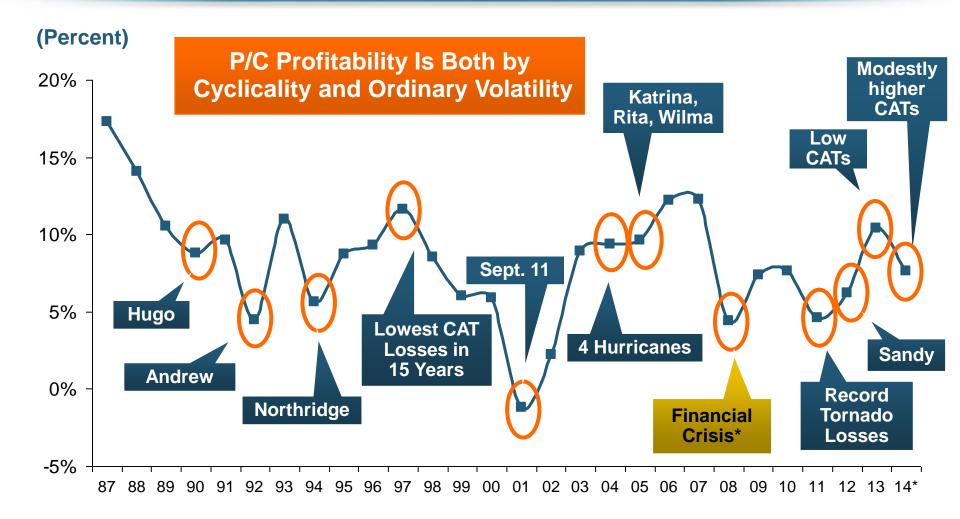
Profitability Peaks & Troughs in the P/C Insurance Industry, 1975 – 2016F



*Profitability = P/C insurer ROEs. 2011-14 figures are estimates based on ROAS data. Note: Data for 2008-2014 exclude mortgage and financial guaranty insurers.

Source: Insurance Information Institute; NAIC, ISO, A.M. Best, Conning

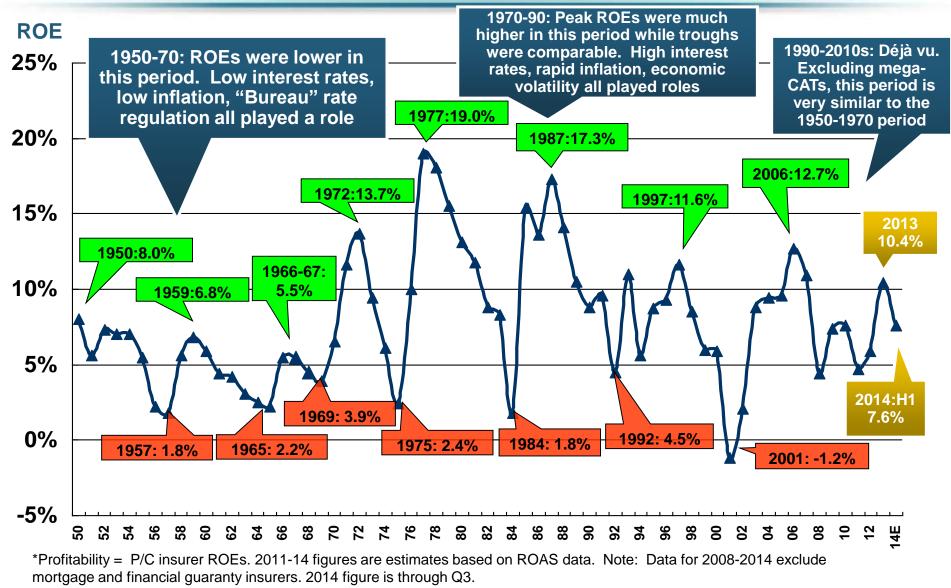
ROE: Property/Casualty Insurance by Major Event, 1987–2014E



* Excludes Mortgage & Financial Guarantee in 2008 – 2014. 2014 figure is through Q3:2014. Sources: ISO, *Fortune*; Insurance Information Institute.

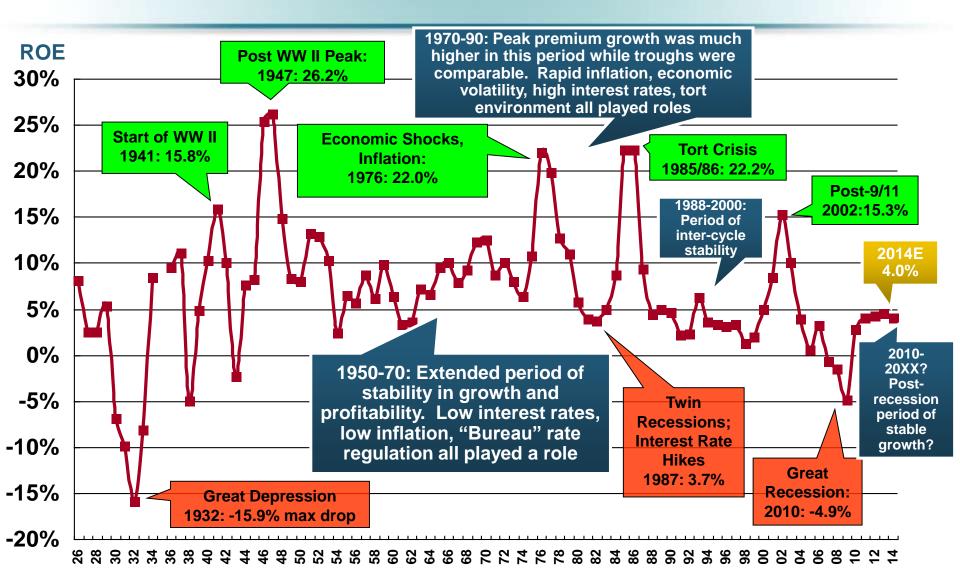
NSURANCE

Back to the Future: Profitability Peaks & Troughs in the P/C Insurance Industry, 1950 – 2014*



Source: Insurance Information Institute; NAIC, ISO, A.M. Best.

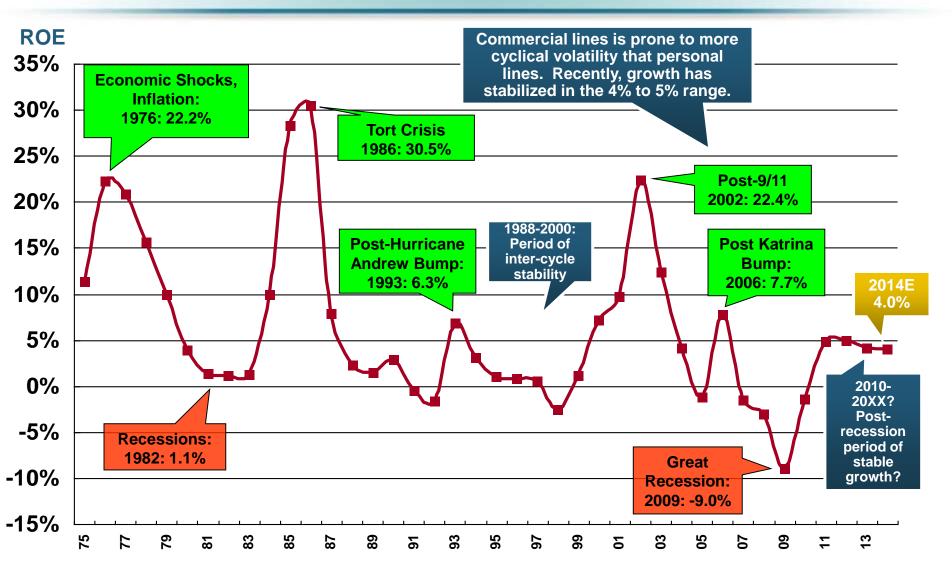
NPW Premium Growth: Peaks & Troughs in the P/C Insurance Industry, 1926 – 2014E



Note: Data through 1934 are based on stock companies only. Data include state funds beginning in 1998. Source: A.M. Best; Insurance Information Institute.

Commercial Lines NPW Premium Growth: 1975 – 2014E

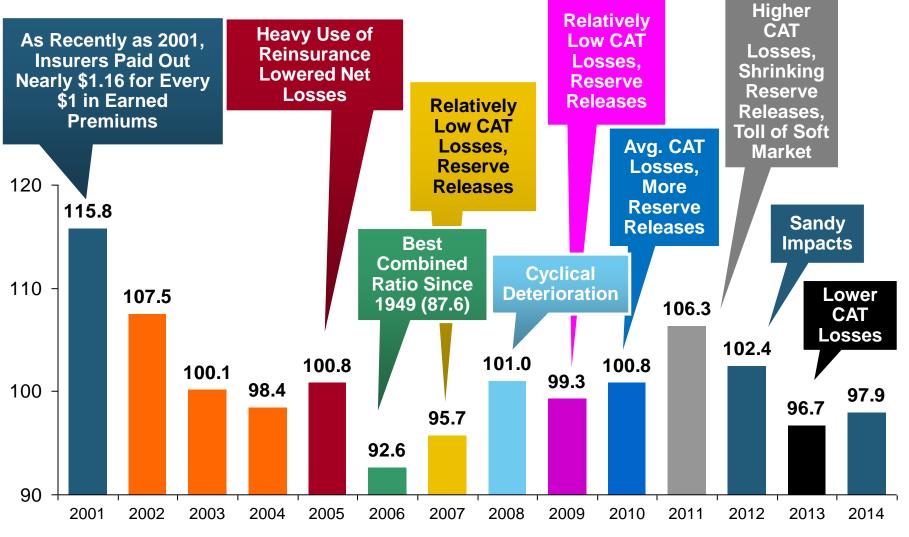




Note: Data include state funds beginning in 1998. Source: A.M. Best; Insurance Information Institute.

P/C Insurance Industry Combined Ratio, 2001–2014:Q3*

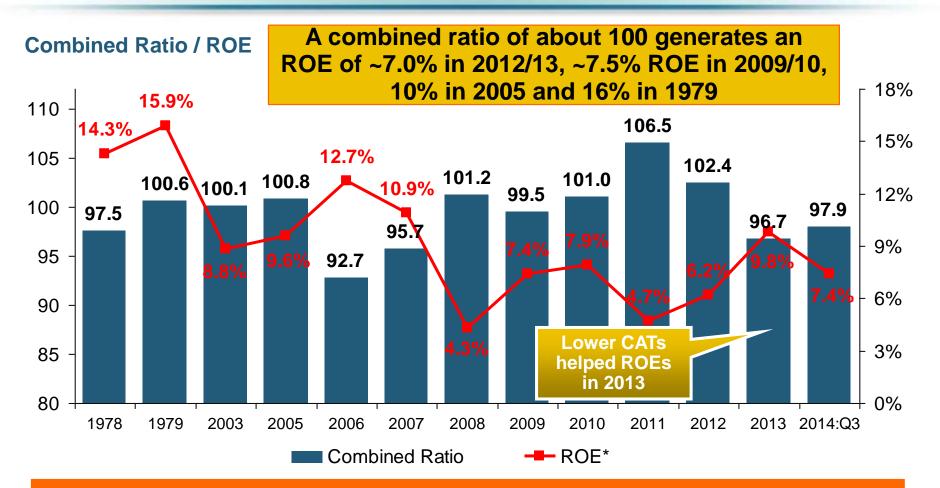




* Excludes Mortgage & Financial Guaranty insurers 2008--2014. Including M&FG, 2008=105.1, 2009=100.7, 2010=102.4, 2011=108.1; 2012:=103.2; 2013: = 96.1; 2014:9M = 97.7.

Sources: A.M. Best, ISO.

A 100 Combined Ratio Isn't What It Once Was: Investment Impact on ROEs



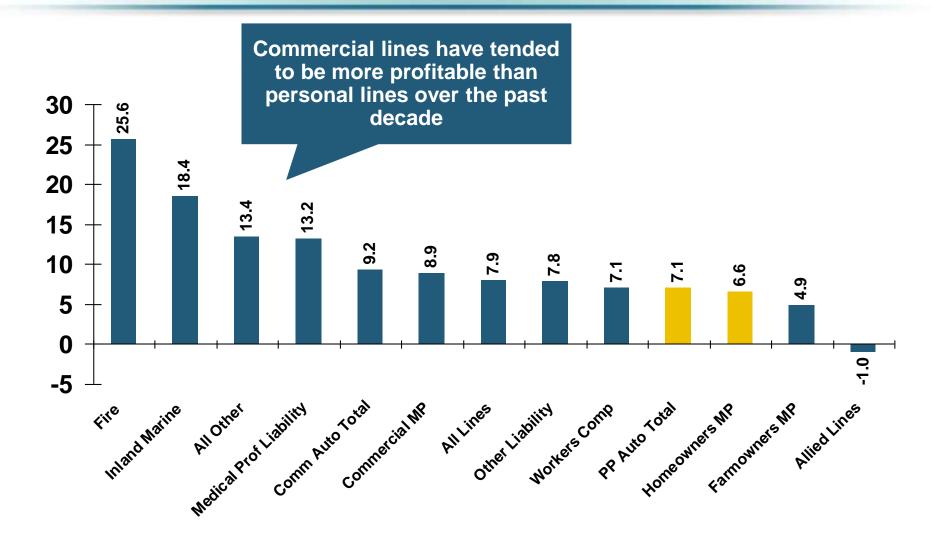
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Combined Ratios Must Be Lower in Today's Depressed Investment Environment to Generate Risk Appropriate ROEs

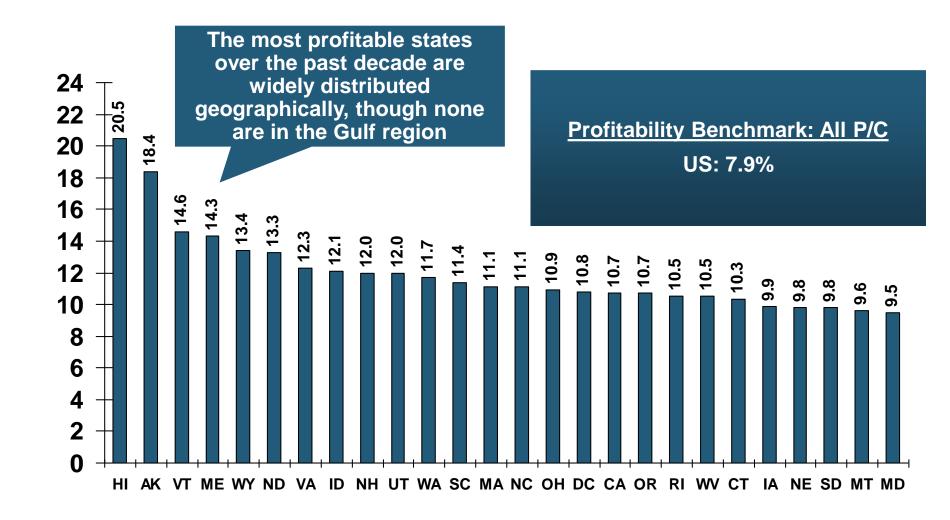
* 2008 -2014 figures are return on average surplus and exclude mortgage and financial guaranty insurers. 2014:9M combined ratio including M&FG insurers is 97.7; 2013 = 96.1; 2012 =103.2, 2011 = 108.1, ROAS = 3.5%.
 Source: Insurance Information Institute from A.M. Best and ISO Verisk Analytics data.

Return on Net Worth (RNW) All Lines: 2004-2013 Average



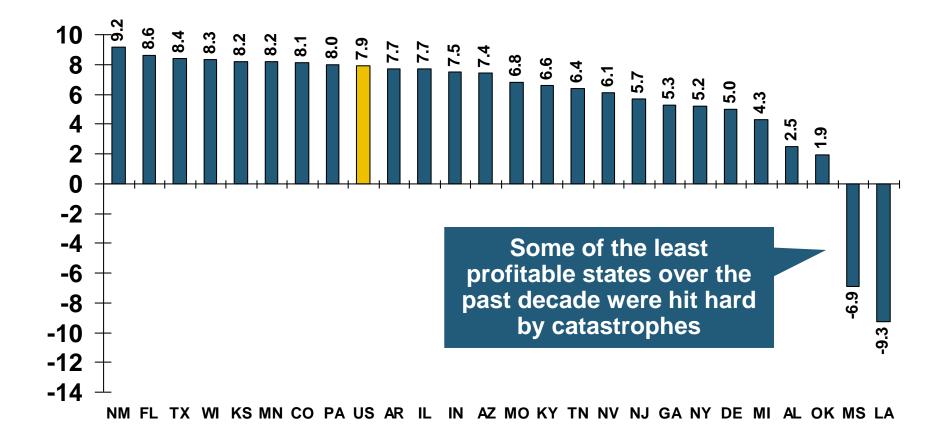


RNW All Lines by State, 2004-2013 Average: Highest 25 States

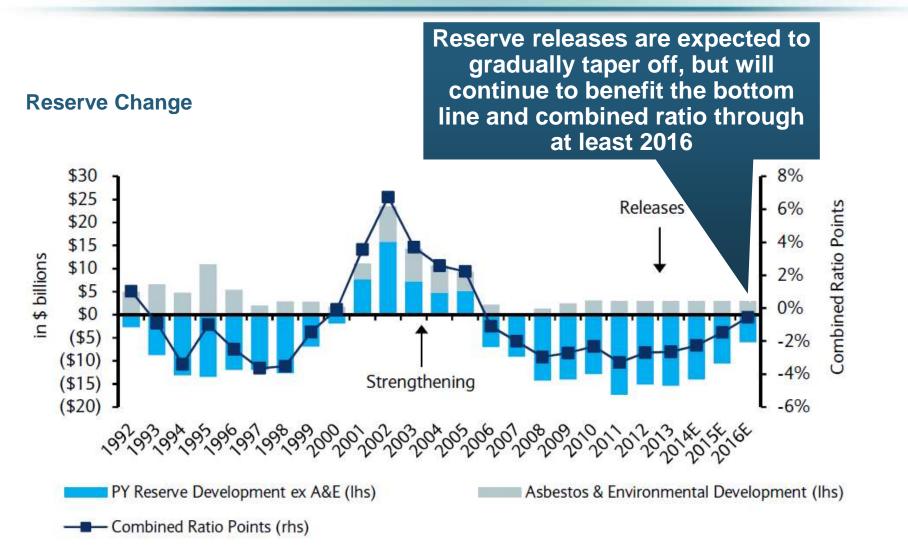


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RNW All Lines by State, 2004-2013 Average: Lowest 25 States



P/C Insurance Loss Reserve Development, INSURANCE 1992 – 2016E*



Source: A.M. Best; Barclays research for estimates.

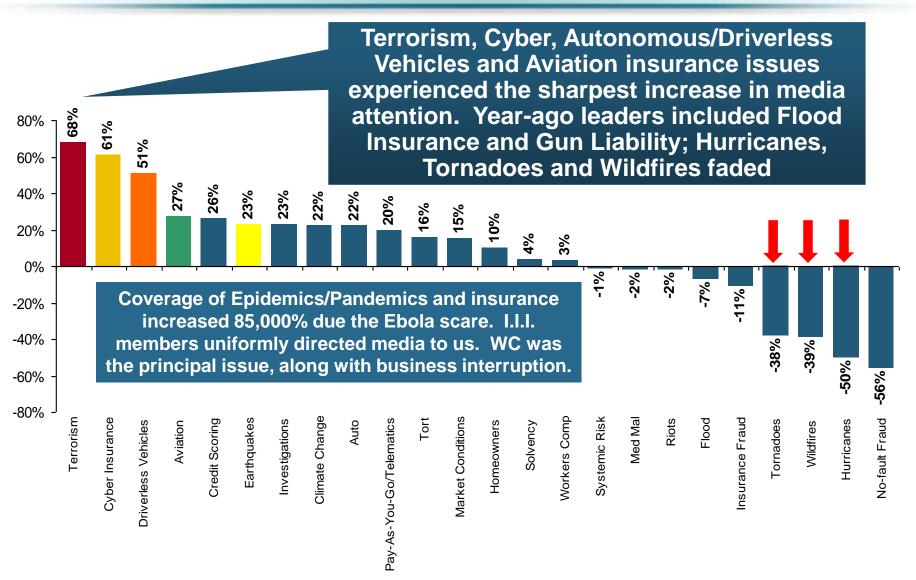


Top Insurance Issues: What's Hot, What's Not

No Dominant Even in 2014, but Some Key Commercial Lines Issues Spiked *Terrorism, TRIA & Cyber*

I.I.I. Media Index, P/C, 2014 vs 2013

Percent increase/decrease from previous year



Source: Insurance Information Institute based on a search of Lexis/Nexis.

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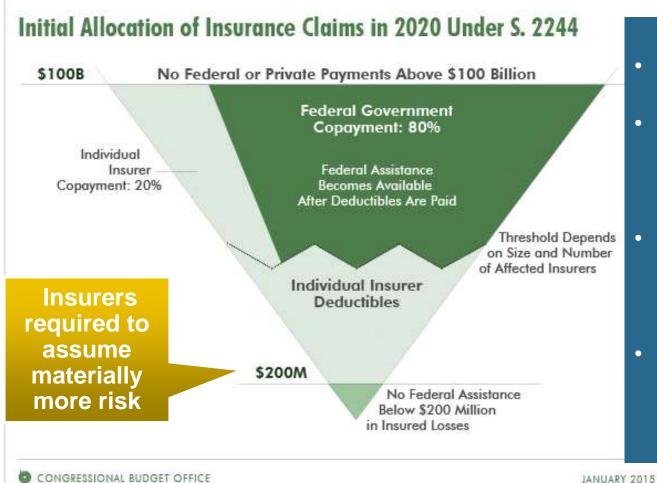


TERRORISM & TRIA LAPSE

Reauthorization Was a Major Industry Effort Over the Past Few Years Outline of New TRIA Structure

Structure of Reauthorized TRIA Program (as of 2020)



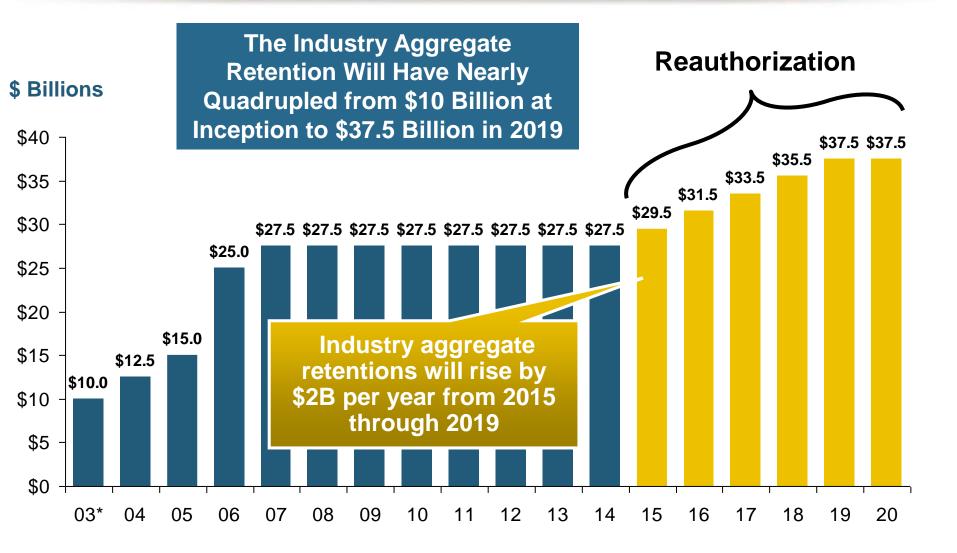


Major Changes

- 6-Year reauthorization
- Trigger rises in steps from \$100MM to \$200MM
- Industry aggregate retention rises in steps from \$27.5B to \$37.5B
- Industry co-share above retained losses rise in steps from 15% to 20%

Source: Congressional Budget Office: <u>http://www.cbo.gov/publication/49866</u>; Insurance Information Institute research.

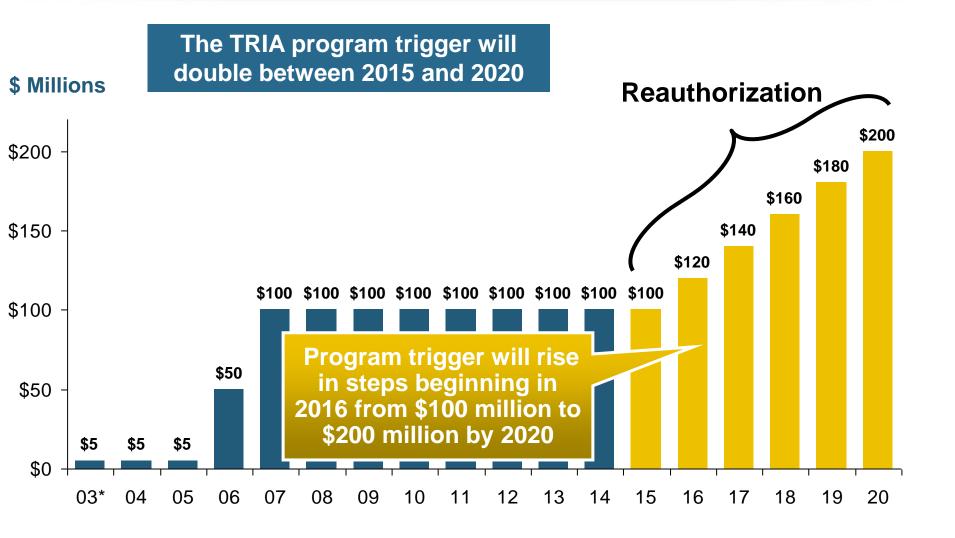
Industry Aggregate Retention Under TRIA, from Inception through Extension



*First full year of program; TRIA was signed in to law on Nov. 26, 2002, with provisions identical to those in 2003. Source: Insurance Information Institute research.

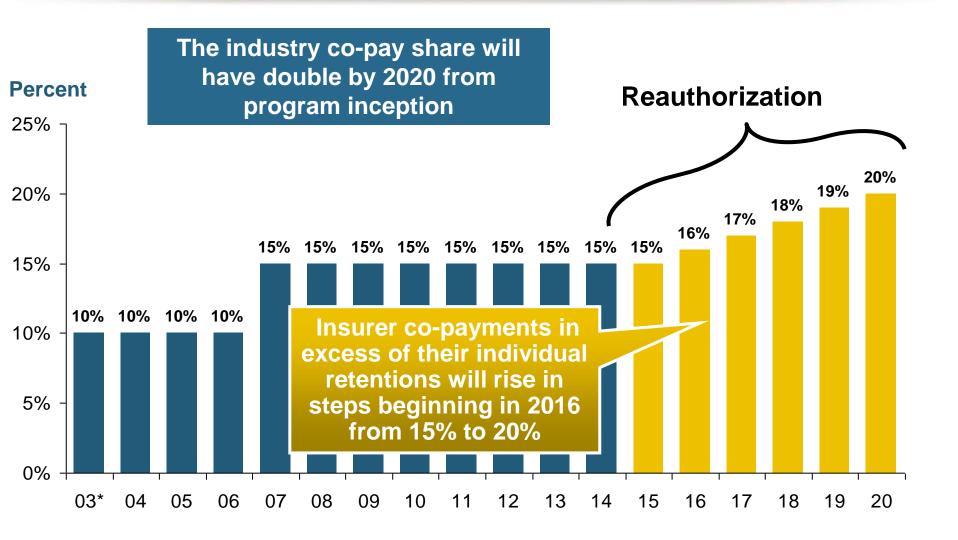
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TRIA Program Trigger, from Inception through Extension



*First full year of program; TRIA was signed in to law on Nov. 26, 2002, with provisions identical to those in 2003. Source: Insurance Information Institute research.

Industry Co-Pay Share in Excess of Individual Retention



*First full year of program; TRIA was signed in to law on Nov. 26, 2002, with provisions identical to those in 2003. Source: Insurance Information Institute research.

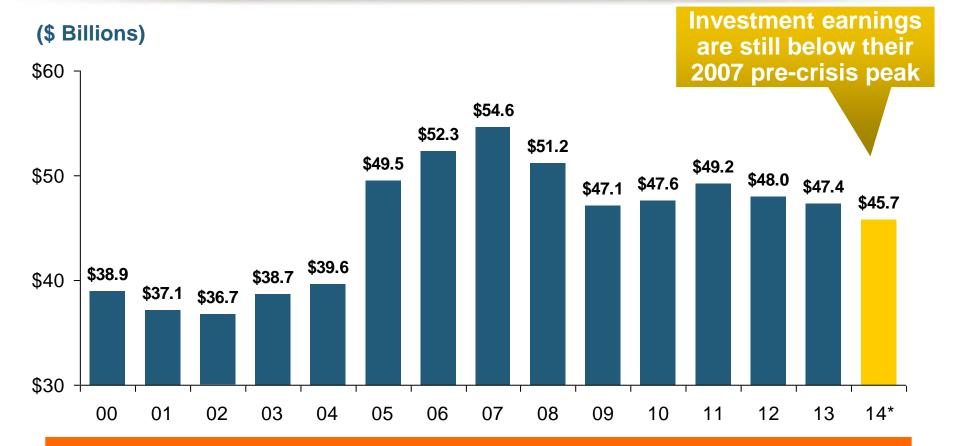


INVESTMENTS: THE NEW REALITY

Investment Performance is a Key Driver of Profitability

Depressed Yields Will Necessarily Influence Underwriting & Pricing

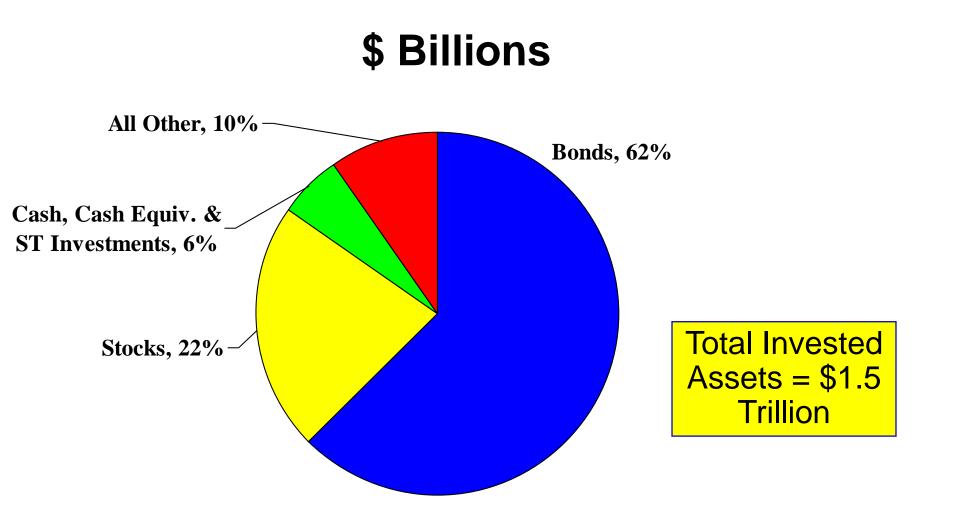
Property/Casualty Insurance Industry Investment Income: 2000–2014¹



Due to persistently low interest rates, investment income fell in 2012, 2013 and 2014.

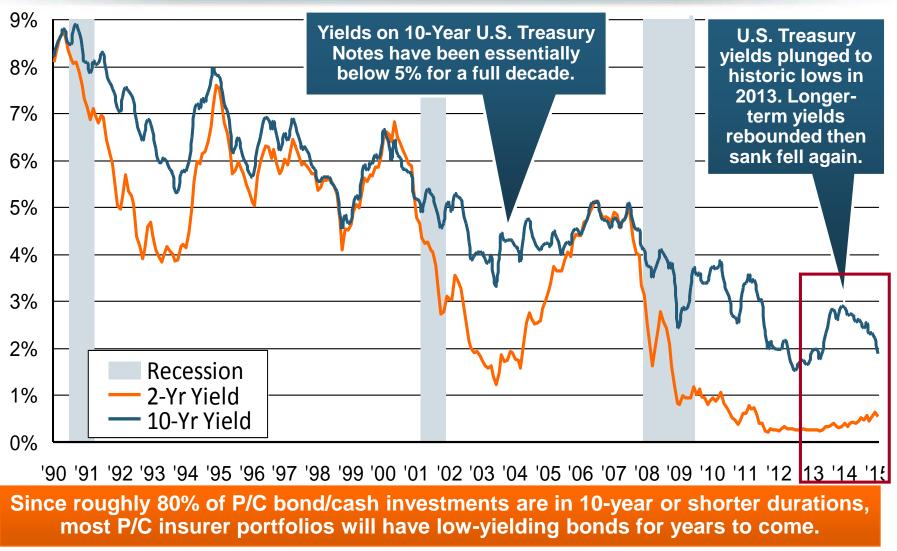
¹ Investment gains consist primarily of interest and stock dividends. Sources: ISO; Insurance Information Institute. *2014 figure is estimated based on annualized data through Q3.

Distribution of Invested Assets: P/C Insurance Industry, 2013



Source: Insurance Information Institute Fact Book 2015, A.M. Best.

U.S. Treasury Security Yields: A Long Downward Trend, 1990–2015*

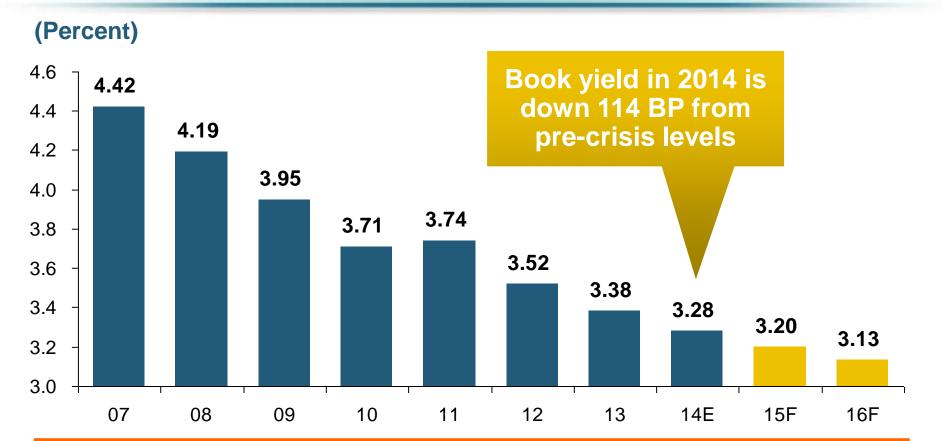


*Monthly, constant maturity, nominal rates, through Jan. 2015.

Sources: Federal Reserve Bank at <u>http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h15/data.htm</u>. National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institute.

NSURANCE

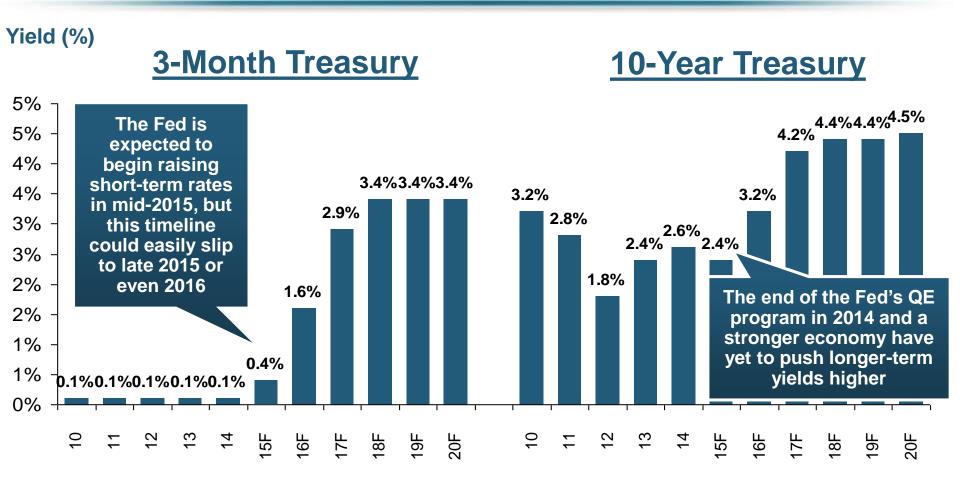
Book Yield on Property/Casualty Insurance Invested Assets, 2007–2016F



The yield on invested assets continues to decline as returns on maturing bonds generally still exceed new money yields. The end of the Fed's QE program in Oct. 2014 should allow some increase in longer maturities while short term interest rate increases are unlikely until mid-to-late 2015

Sources: Conning.

Interest Rate Forecasts: 2015 – 2020

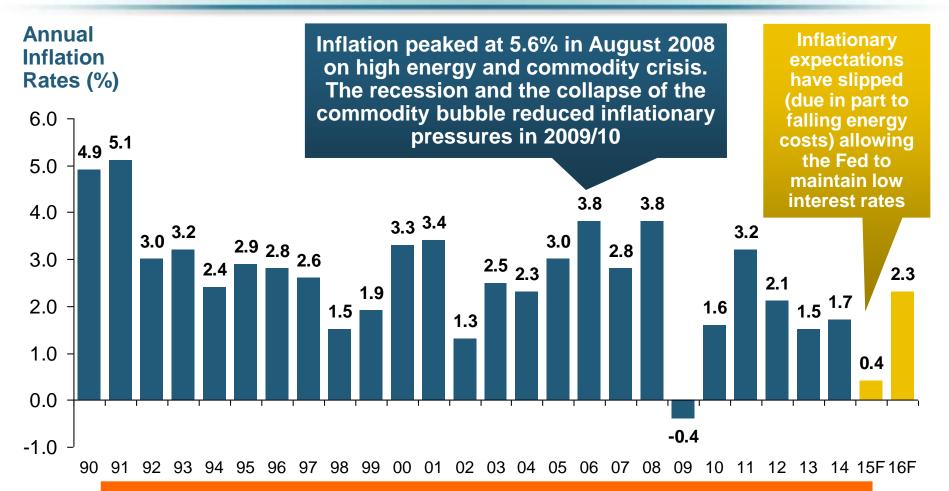


A Full Normalization of Interest Rates Is Unlikely Until 2018, More than a Decade After the Onset of the Financial Crisis

Sources: Federal Reserve Board of Governors (historical); Blue Chip Economic Indicators (2/15 for 2015 and 2016; for 2017-2020 10/14 issue); Insurance Info. Institute.

Annual Inflation Rates, (CPI-U, %), 1990–2016F

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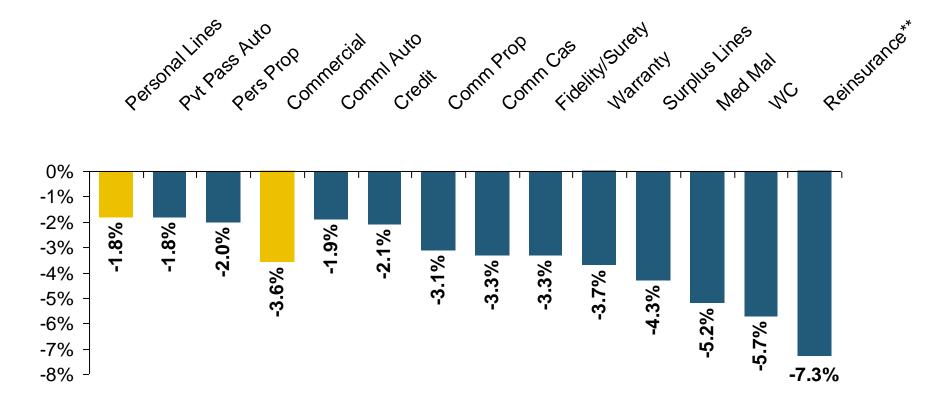


Slack in the U.S. economy and falling energy prices suggests that inflationary pressures should remain subdued for an extended period of times

Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics; Blue Chip Economic Indicators, 2/15 (forecasts).

Reduction in Combined Ratio Necessary to Offset 1% Decline in Investment Yield to Maintain Constant ROE, by Line*





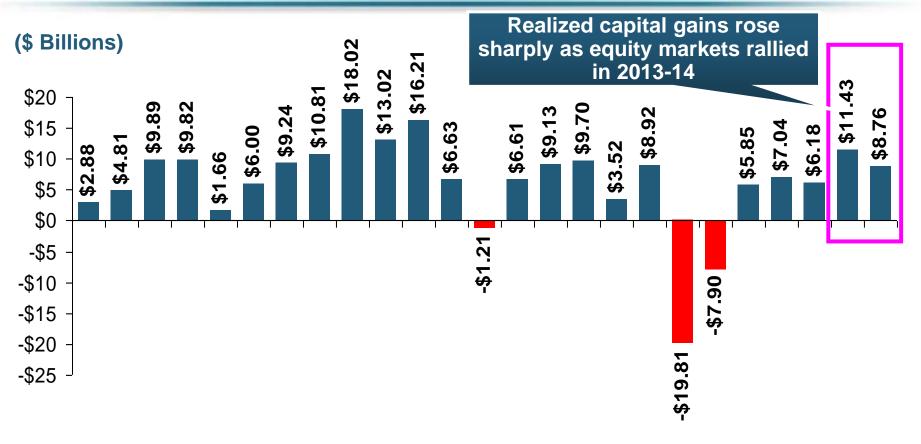
Lower Investment Earnings Place a Greater Burden on Underwriting and Pricing Discipline

*Based on 2008 Invested Assets and Earned Premiums

**US domestic reinsurance only

Source: A.M. Best; Insurance Information Institute.

P/C Insurer Net Realized Capital Gains/Losses, 1990-2014:Q3



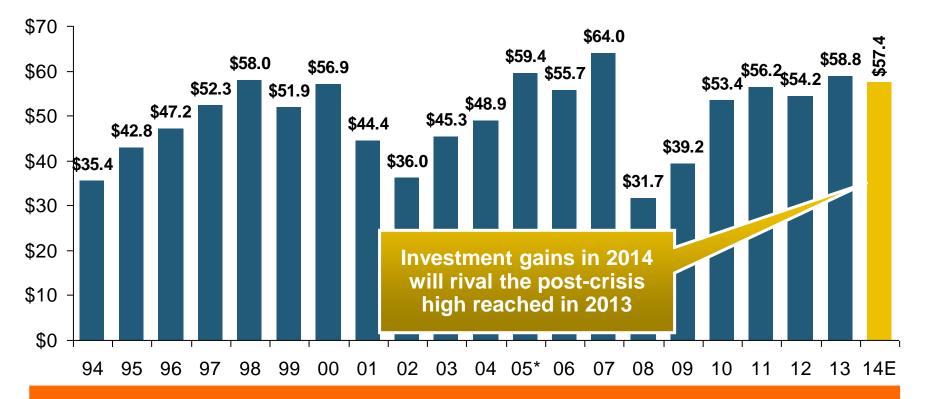
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 1314:Q3

Insurers Posted Net Realized Capital Gains in 2010 - 2014 Following Two Years of Realized Losses During the Financial Crisis. Realized Capital Losses Were a Primary Cause of 2008/2009's Large Drop in Profits and ROE

Sources: A.M. Best, ISO, Insurance Information Institute.

Property/Casualty Insurance Industry Investment Gain: 1994–2014E¹

(\$ Billions)



Total Investment Gains Were Flat in 2014 as Low Interest Rates Pressured Investment Income but Realized Capital Gains Remained Robust

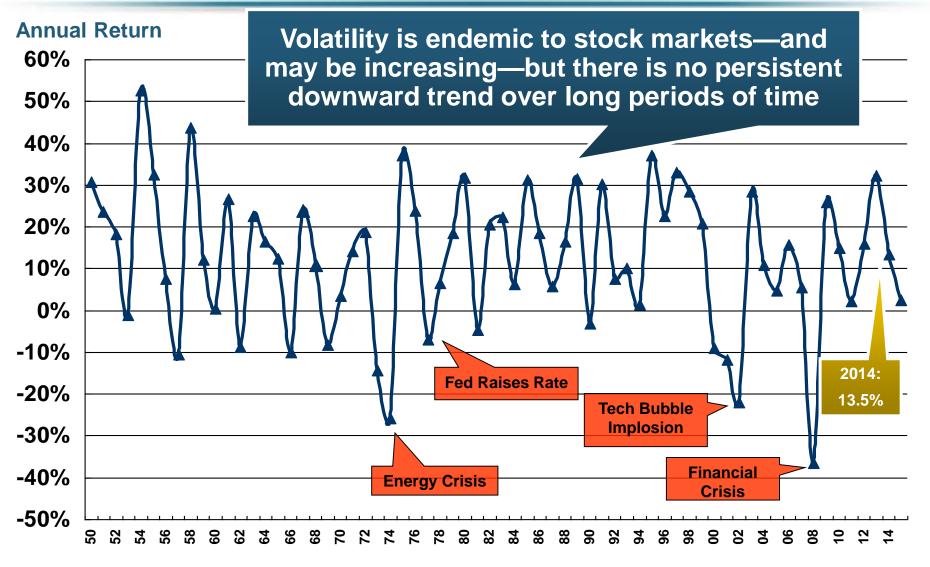
¹ Investment gains consist primarily of interest, stock dividends and realized capital gains and losses.

* 2005 figure includes special one-time dividend of \$3.2B;

Sources: ISO; Insurance Information Institute.

S&P 500 Index Returns, 1950 – 2015*



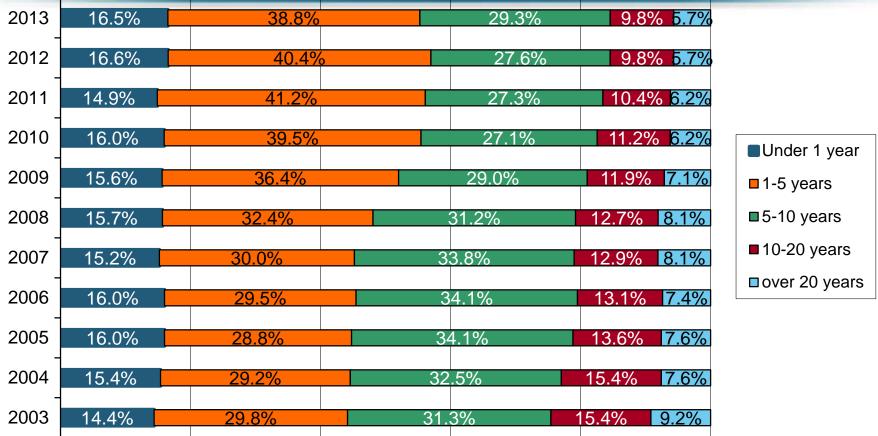


*Through March 3, 2015.

Source: NYU Stern School of Business: http://pages.stern.nyu.edu/~adamodar/New_Home_Page/datafile/histretSP.html Ins. Info. Inst.

Distribution of Bond Maturities, P/C Insurance Industry, 2003-2013





The main shift over these years has been from bonds with longer maturities to bonds with shorter maturities. The industry first trimmed its holdings of over-10-year bonds (from 24.6% in 2003 to 15.5% in 2012) and then trimmed bonds in the 5-10-year category (from 31.3% in 2003 to 27.6% in 2012). Falling average maturity of the P/C industry's bond portfolio is contributing to a drop in investment income along with lower yields.

Sources: SNL Financial; Insurance Information Institute.

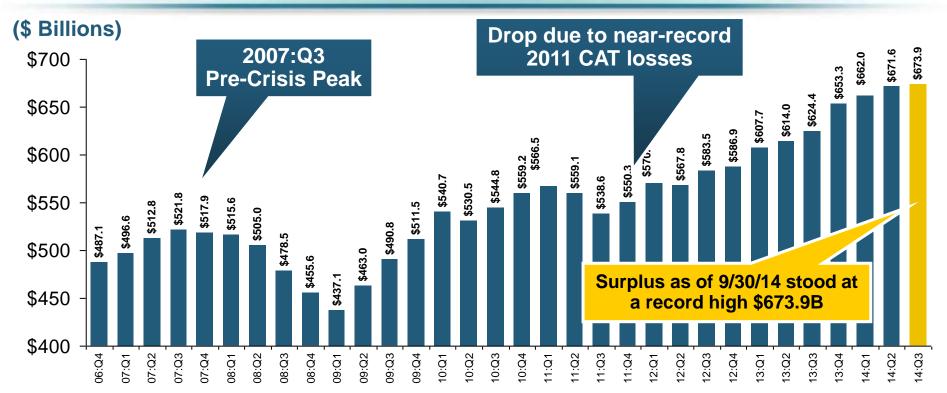


CAPITAL/CAPACITY

Capital Accumulation Has Multiple Impacts

Policyholder Surplus, 2006:Q4–2014:Q3





The industry now has \$1 of surplus for every \$0.73 of NPW, close to the strongest claims-paying status in its history.

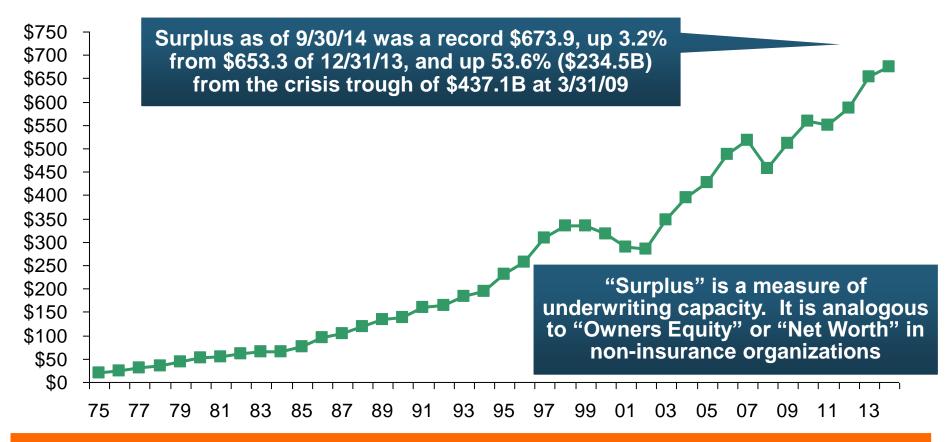
2010:Q1 data includes \$22.5B of paid-in capital from a holding company parent for one insurer's investment in a non-insurance business . Sources: ISO, A.M .Best.

The P/C insurance industry entered 2015 in very strong financial condition.

US Policyholder Surplus: 1975–2014*



(\$ Billions)



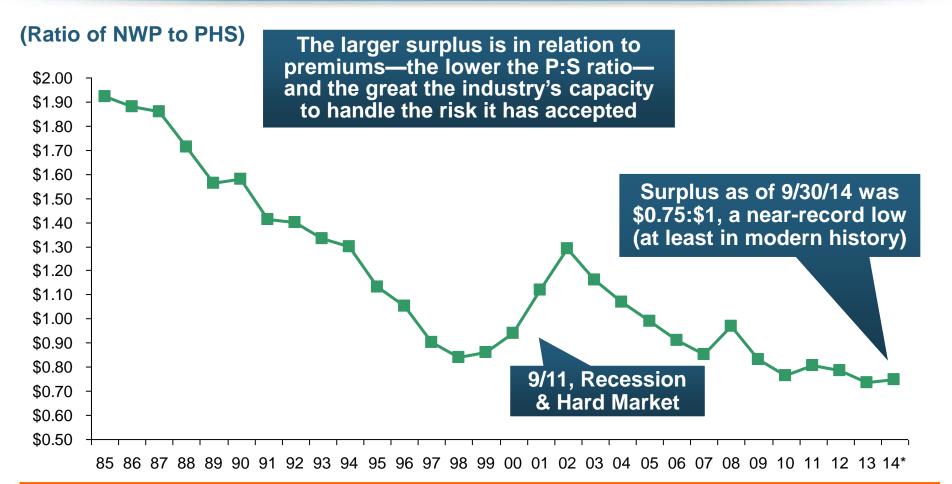
The Premium-to-Surplus Ratio Stood at \$0.73:\$1 as of 9/30/14, a Near Record Low (at Least in Recent History)

* As of 9/30/14.

Source: A.M. Best, ISO, Insurance Information Institute.

Premium-to-Surplus Ratio: 1985–2014*



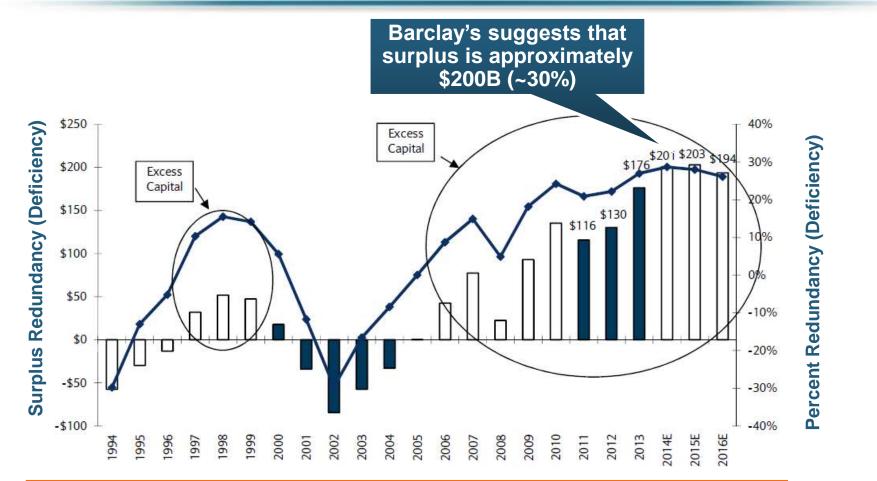


The Premium-to-Surplus Ratio Stood at \$0.75:\$1 as of 9/30/14, a Record Low (at Least in Recent History)

* As of 9/30/14.

Source: A.M. Best, ISO, Insurance Information Institute.

US P/C Insurance Industry Excess Capital Position: 1994–2016E

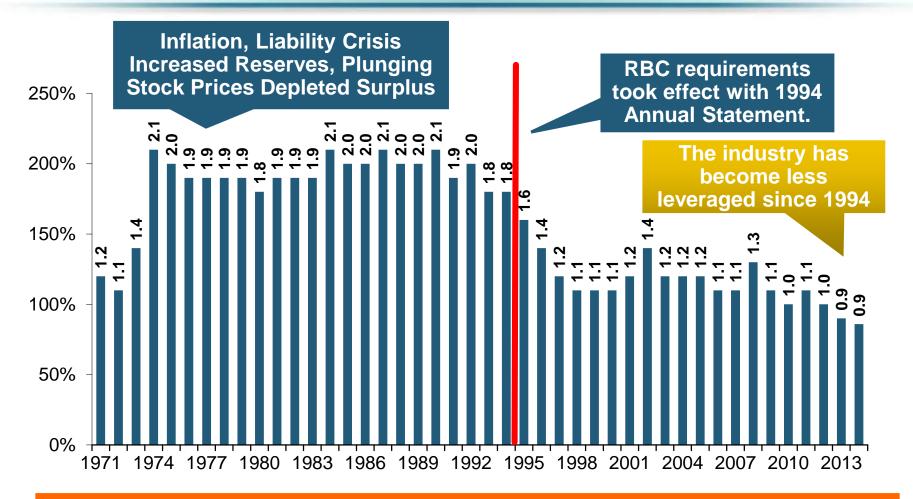


The Industry's Strong Capital Position Suggests Insurers Are in a Good Position to Increase Risk Appetite, Repurchase Shares and Pursue Acquisitions

Source: Barclays Research estimates.

P/C Industry: Loss Reserve-to-Surplus Ratio, 1971-2014:Q3

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The Property/Casualty Industry Adjusted Its Risk Portfolio in Response to Risk-Based Capital Requirements Implemented in 1994.

Source: Calculations from A.M. Best data by Insurance Information Institute.



Alternative Capital

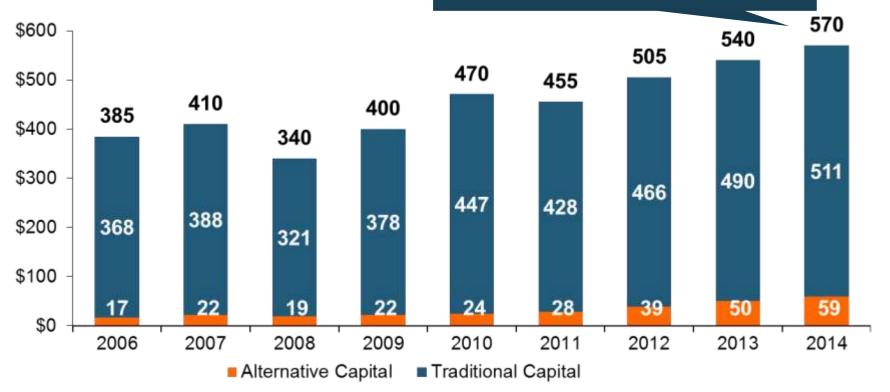
New Investors Continue to Change the Reinsurance Landscape

First I.I.I. White Paper on Issue Will Be Released Q1 2015

Global Reinsurance Capital (Traditional and Alternative), 2006 - 2014



Total reinsurance capital reached a record \$570B in 2013, up 68% from 2008.



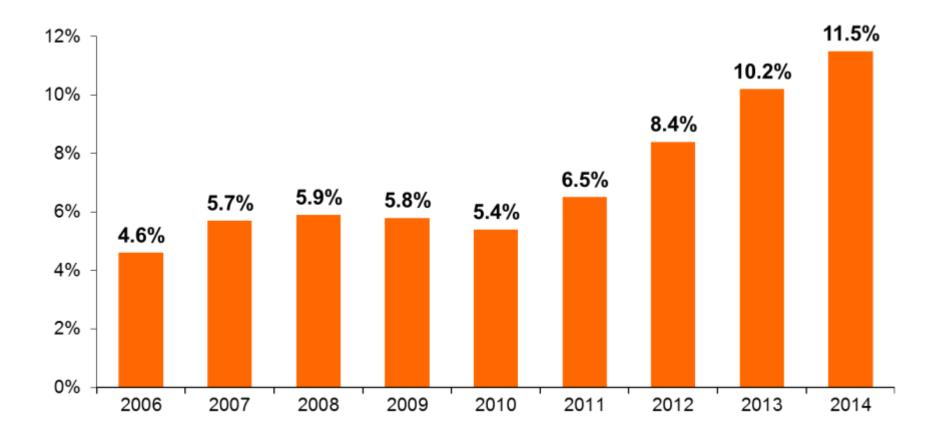
But alternative capacity has grown 210% since 2008, to \$50B. It has more than doubled in the past three years.

2014 data is as of June 30, 2014.

(Billions of USD)

Source: Aon Benfield Analytics; Insurance Information Institute.

Alternative Capital as a Percentage of Traditional Global Reinsurance Capital

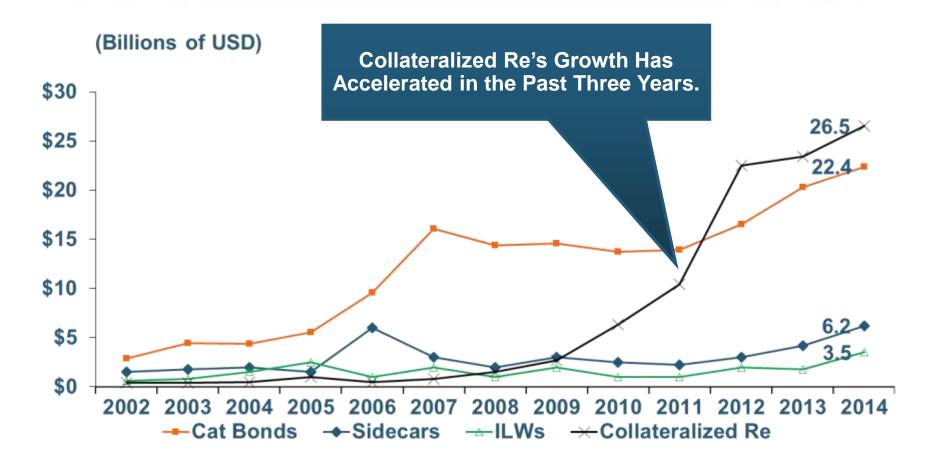


Alternative Capital's Share of Global Reinsurance Capital Has More Than Doubled Since 2010.

2014 data is as of June 30, 2014.

Source: Aon Benfield Analytics; Insurance Information Institute.

Growth of Alternative Capital Structures, 2002 - 2014



Collateralized Reinsurance and Catastrophe Bonds Currently Dominate the Alternative Capital Market.

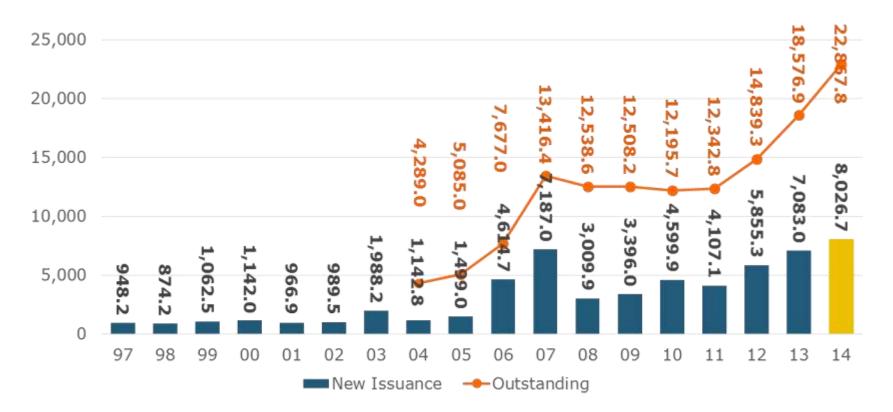
2014 data is as of June 30, 2014.

Source: Aon Benfield Analytics; Insurance Information Institute.

Catastrophe Bond Issuance and Outstanding: 1997-2014



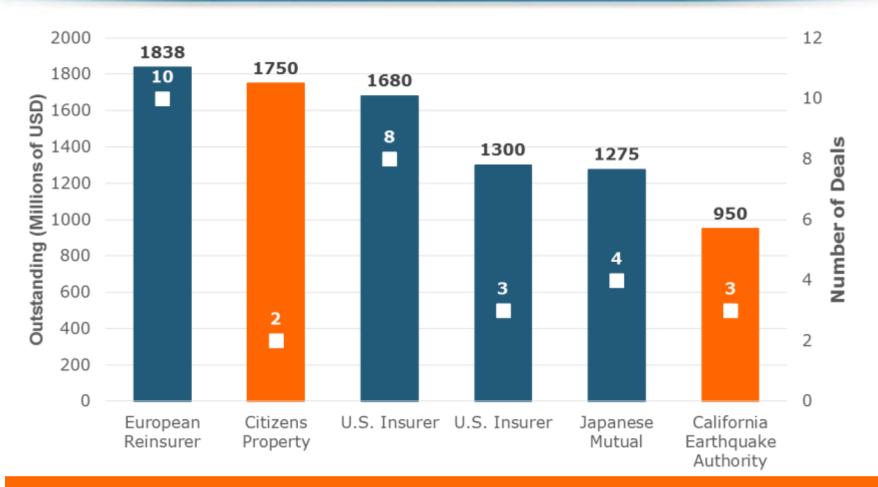
Risk Capital Amount (\$ Millions)



2014 Has Seen the Largest Cat Bond Ever - \$1.5 Billion (Florida Citizens). Bond Issuance Set a Record.

Source: Guy Carpenter.

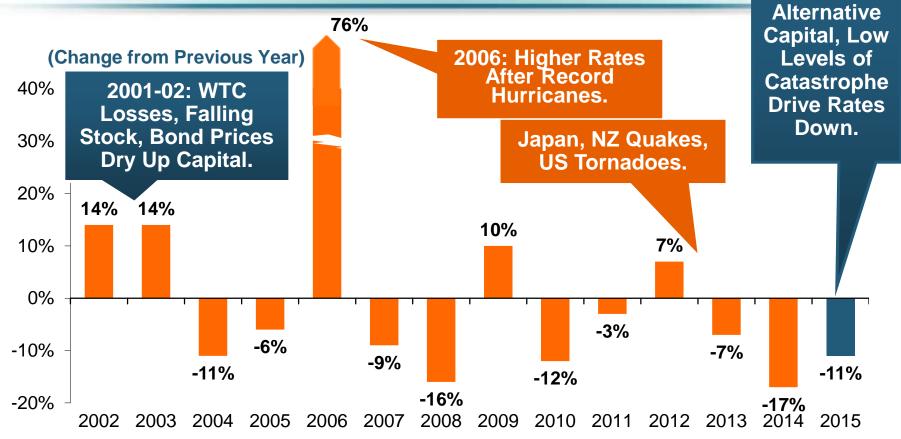
Largest Sponsors of ILS, Year-End 2014



Two of the Largest ILS Issuers Are Government-Sponsored Insurers. Nine Government-Related Insurers Have \$4.6 Billion in Outstanding Securities.

Source: Artemis.bm; Insurance Information Institute.

Reinsurance Pricing: Change in Rate on Line for Cat Business

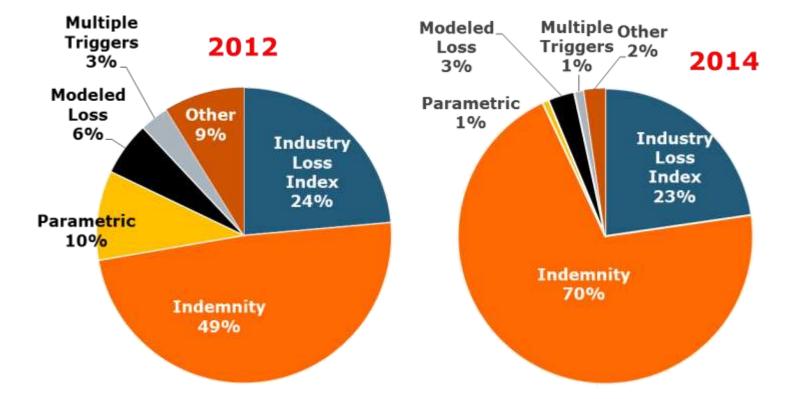


Catastrophe Prices Fell 11 Percent on January 1 Renewals, Driven by Emergence of New Capital, Mild Catastrophe Losses.

2014 reflects change through June 30 from prior year end. 2015 is for January 1 renewals.. Source: Guy Carpenter; Insurance Information Institute.

ILS Issuance by Trigger



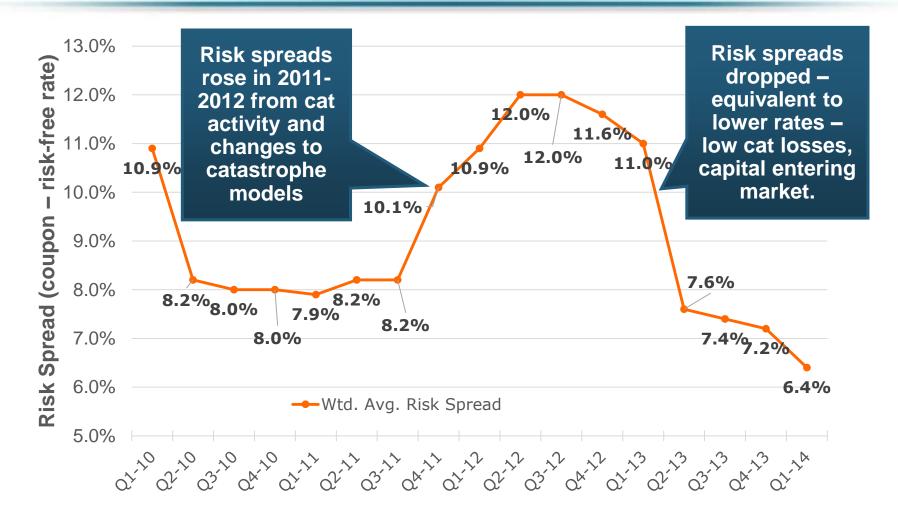


Terms Are Shifting Away From 'Objective' Triggers (Favored by Investors) Toward Indemnity Trigger (Favored by Insurers).

Source: Artemis.bm; Insurance Information Institute.

U.S. Wind-Exposed Risk Premium* 2010:Q1 to 2014: Q1

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I.I.I. Will Release its First Report on Alternative Capital During Q1 2015





ALTERNATIVE CAPITAL: PASSING FANCY OR PERMANENT FIXTURE?

Forthcoming: Q1 2015

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James Lytich Chief Actuary and Director of Research and Information Services (212) 244-9555 jamesinglit.org

Insurance Information Institute 118 William Breef New York, NY 10008 212 248 2008

- Issue of alternative capital in (re)insurance has received increased attention in recent years
- Significant structural changes in property catastrophe reinsurance space
- Questions addressed include:
 - Sources of new capital
 - Reasons/Drivers of growth
 - New structures
 - Impact of major triggering event(s)
 - Impacts of higher interest rates
 - Cat bond yield compression

Questions Arising from Influence of Alternative Capital



- What Will Happen When Investors Face Large-Scale Losses?
- What Happens When Interest Rates Rise?
- Does ILS Have a Higher Propensity to Litigate?
- How Much Lower Will Risk Premiums Shrink/ROLs Fall?
- Will There Be Spillover Into Casualty Reinsurance?
- Will Alternative Capital Drive Consolidation?

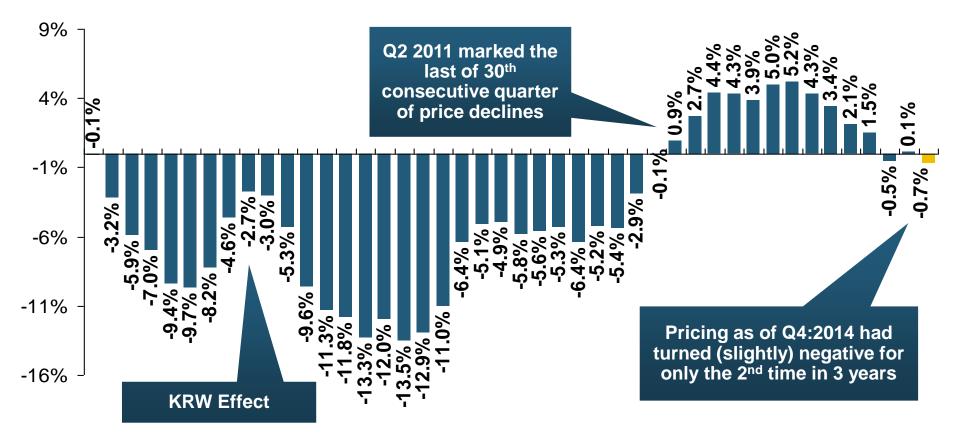


Commercial Lines Pricing Trends

Survey Results Suggest Commercial Pricing Has Flattened Out

Average Commercial Rate Change, All Lines, (1Q:2004–4Q:2014)

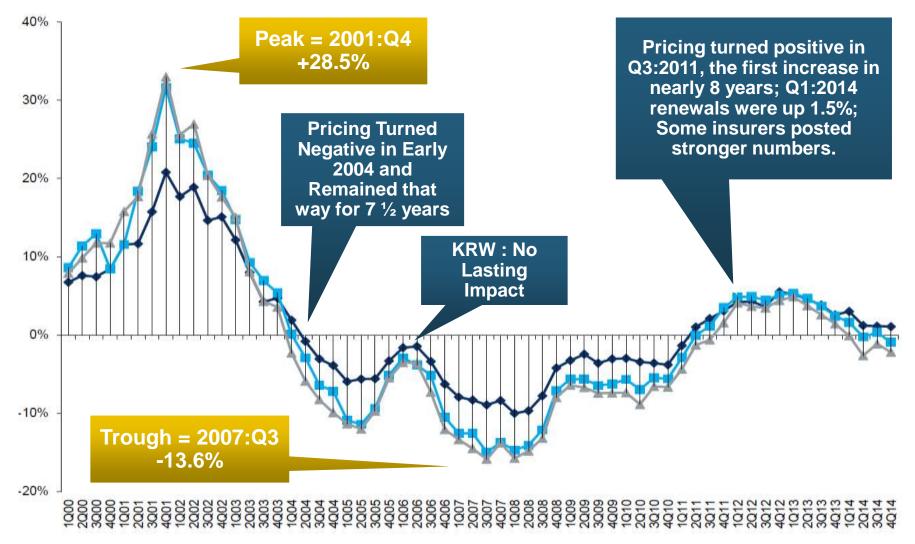




Note: CIAB data cited here are based on a survey. Rate changes earned by individual insurers can and do vary, potentially substantially. Source: Council of Insurance Agents & Brokers; Insurance Information Institute

Change in Commercial Rate Renewals, by Account Size: 1999:Q4 to 2014:Q4

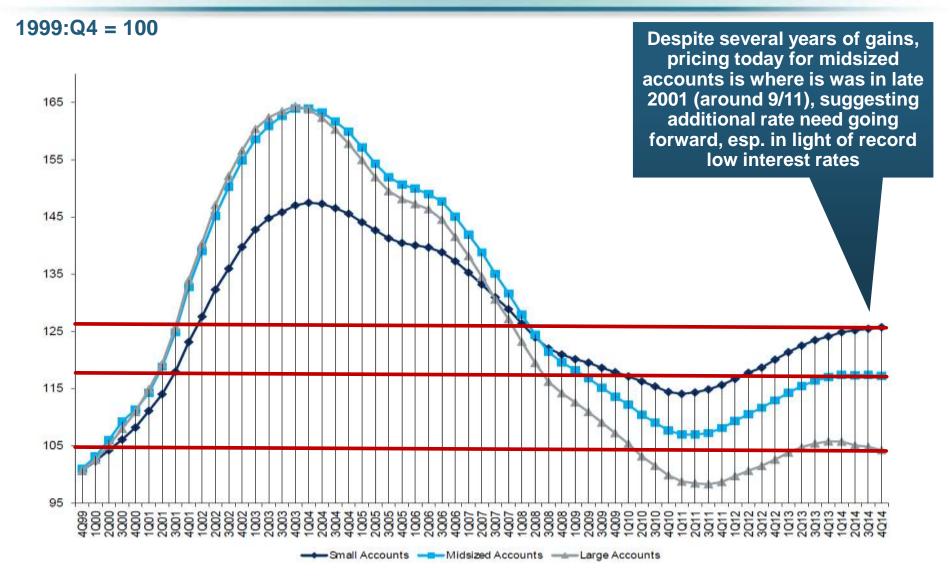
Percentage Change (%)



Note: CIAB data cited here are based on a survey. Rate changes earned by individual insurers can and do vary, potentially substantially. Source: Council of Insurance Agents and Brokers; Barclay's Capital; Insurance Information Institute.

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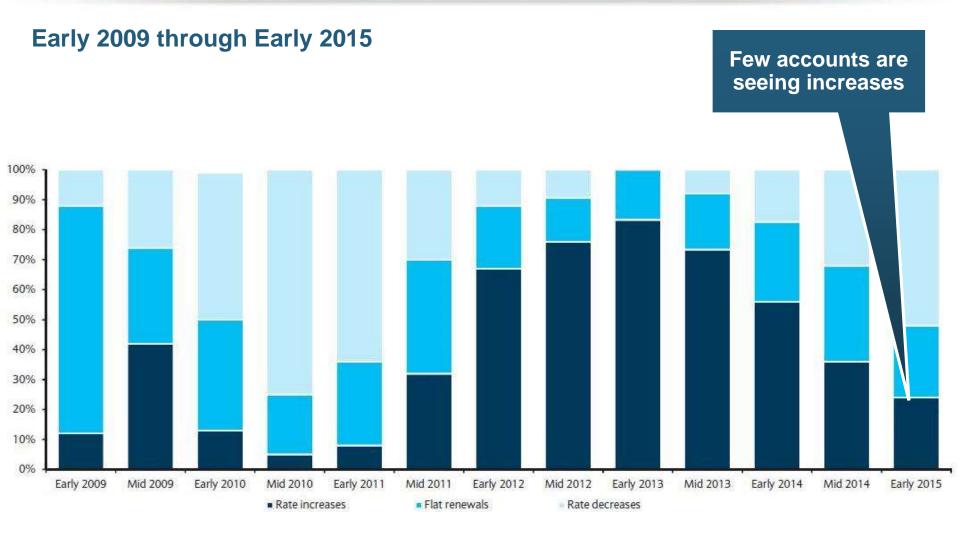
Cumulative Qtrly. Commercial Rate Changes, **TRUNSURANCE** by Account Size: 1999:Q4 to 2014:Q4



Note: CIAB data cited here are based on a survey. Rate changes earned by individual insurers can and do vary, potentially substantially. Source: Council of Insurance Agents and Brokers; Barclay's Capital; Insurance Information Institute.

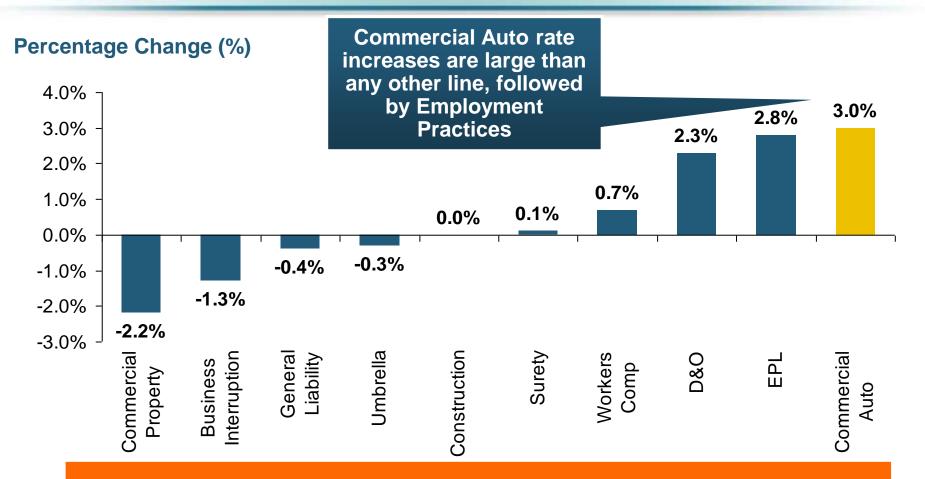
Directional Pricing Trend in Large Account P/C Renewals





Change in Commercial Rate Renewals, by Line: 2014:Q4

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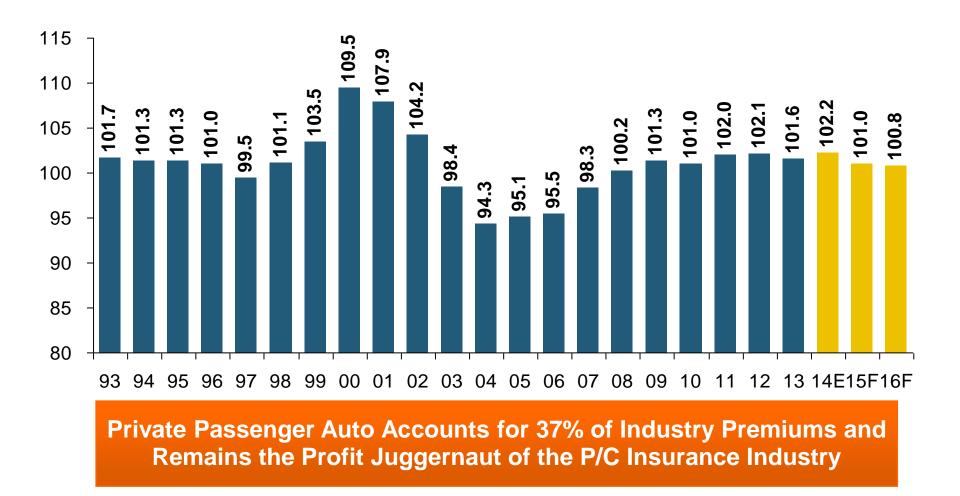
Major Commercial Lines Renewals Were Mixed to Flat in Q4:2014; Commercial Auto and EPL Led the Way

Note: CIAB data cited here are based on a survey. Rate changes earned by individual insurers can and do vary, potentially substantially. Source: Council of Insurance Agents and Brokers; Insurance Information Institute.

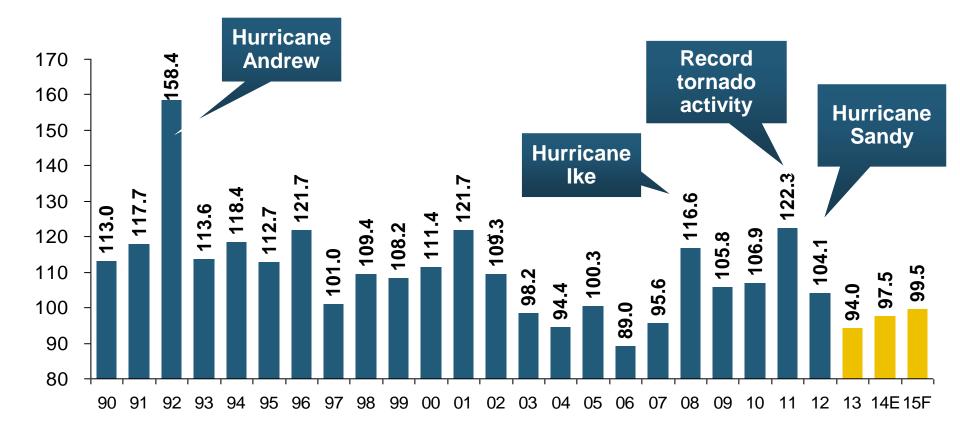


Performance by Segment

Private Passenger Auto Combined Ratio: 1993–2016F



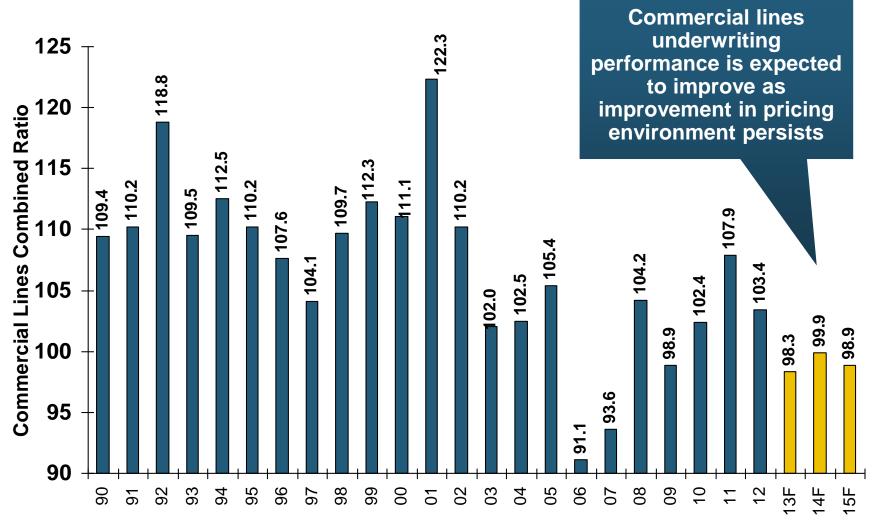
Homeowners Insurance Combined Ratio: 1990–2015F



Homeowners Performance in 2011/12 Impacted by Large Cat Losses. Extreme Regional Variation Can Be Expected Due to Local Catastrophe Loss Activity

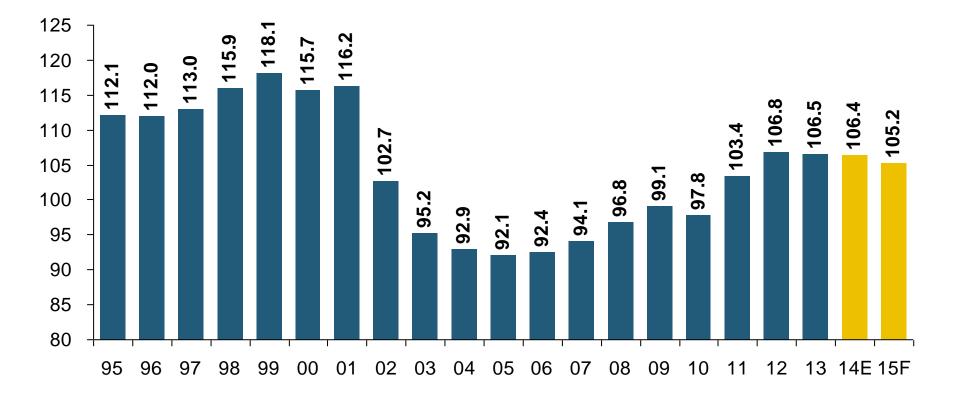
Sources: A.M. Best (1990-2014F); Conning (2015F); Insurance Information Institute.

Commercial Lines Combined Ratio, 1990-2015F*



*2007-2012 figures exclude mortgage and financial guaranty segments. Source: A.M. Best (1990-2014F); Conning (2015F) Insurance Information Institute.

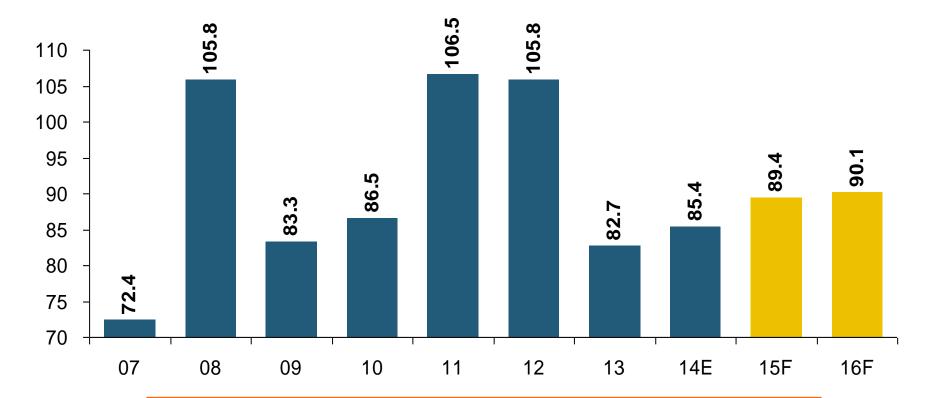
Commercial Auto Combined Ratio: 1993–2015F



Commercial Auto is Expected to Improve Only Slowly as Rate Gains Barely Offset Adverse Frequency and Severity Trends

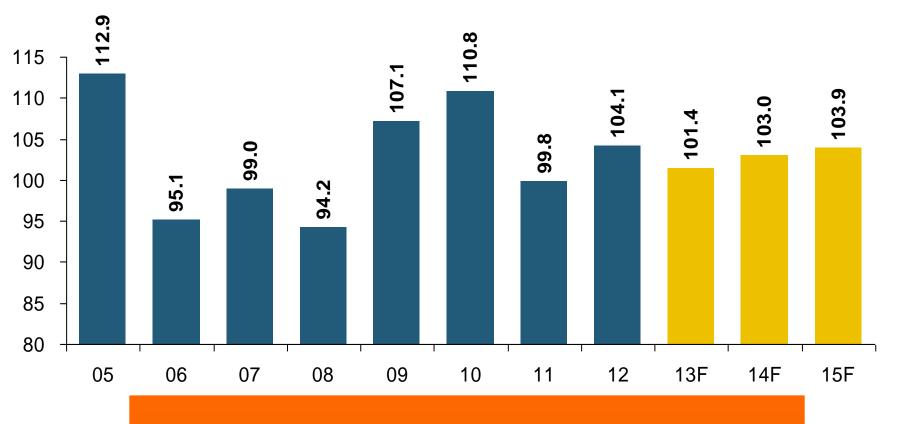
Commercial Property Combined Ratio: 2007–2016F





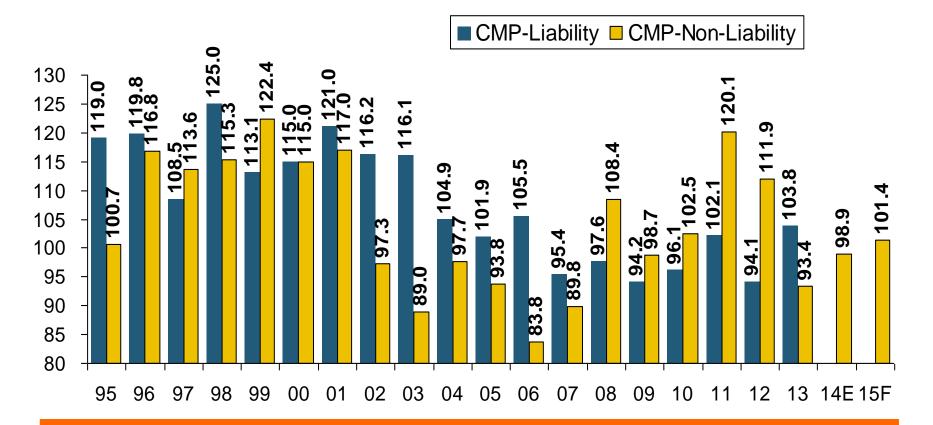
Commercial Property Underwriting Performance Has Been Volatile in Recent Years, Largely Due to Fluctuations in CAT Activity

General Liability Combined Ratio: 2005–2015F



Commercial General Liability Underwriting Performance Has Been Volatile in Recent Years

Commercial Multi-Peril Combined Ratio: 1995–2015F

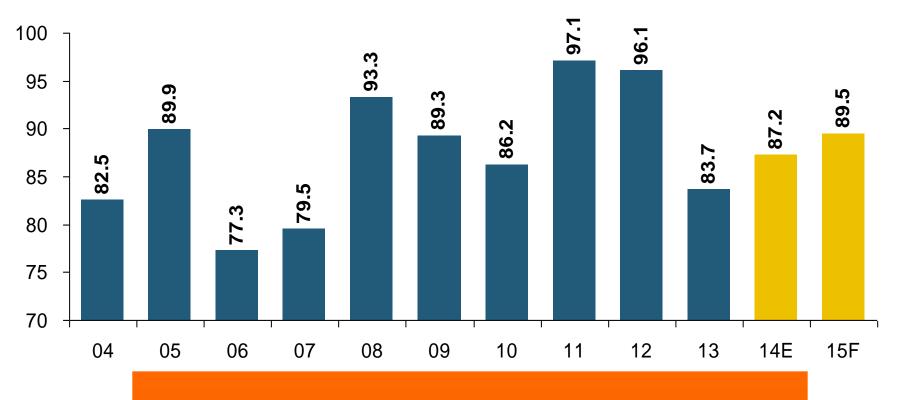


Commercial Multi-Peril Underwriting Performance is Expected to Improve in 2013 Assuming Normal Catastrophe Loss Activity

*2014E-2015F figures are Conning figures for the combined liability and non-liability components.. Sources: A.M. Best; Conning; Insurance Information Institute.

Inland Marine Combined Ratio: 2004–2015F





Inland Marine Underwriting Performance Has Been Consistently Strong for Many Years

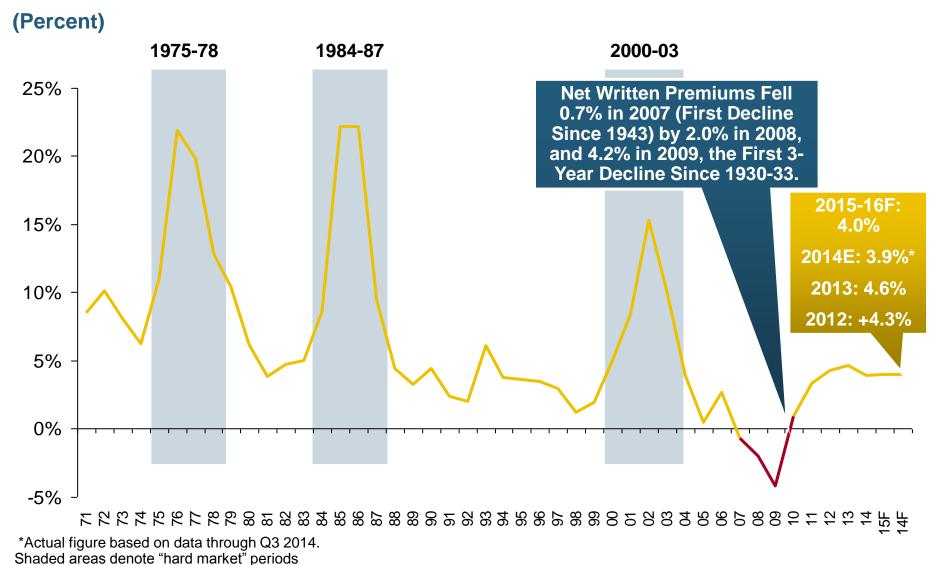
Source: A.M. Best (2004-2014E); Conning Research and Consulting (2015F).



Growth Analysis by State and Business Segment

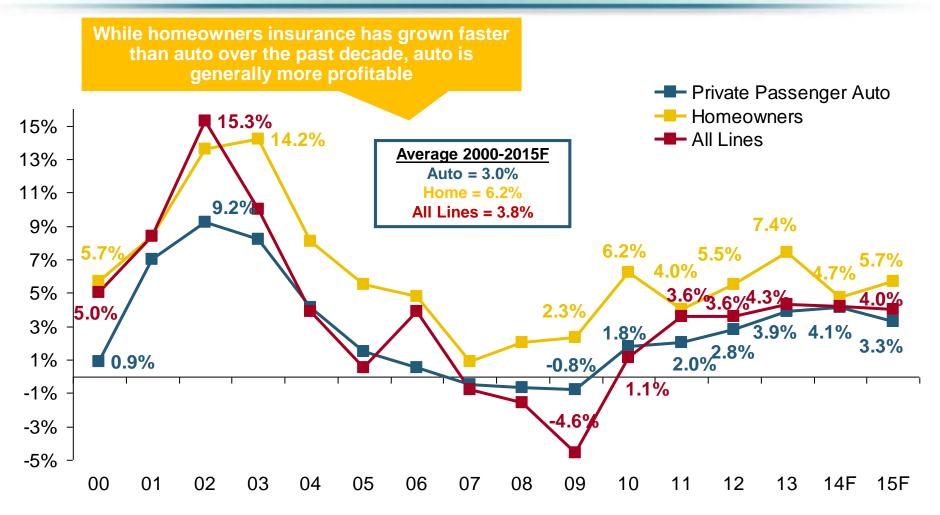
Post-Crisis Paradox? Premium Growth Rates Vary Tremendously by State

Net Premium Growth: Annual Change, 1971—2016F



Sources: A.M. Best (historical and forecast), ISO, Insurance Information Institute.

Auto & Home vs. All Lines, Net Written Premium Growth, 2000–2015F



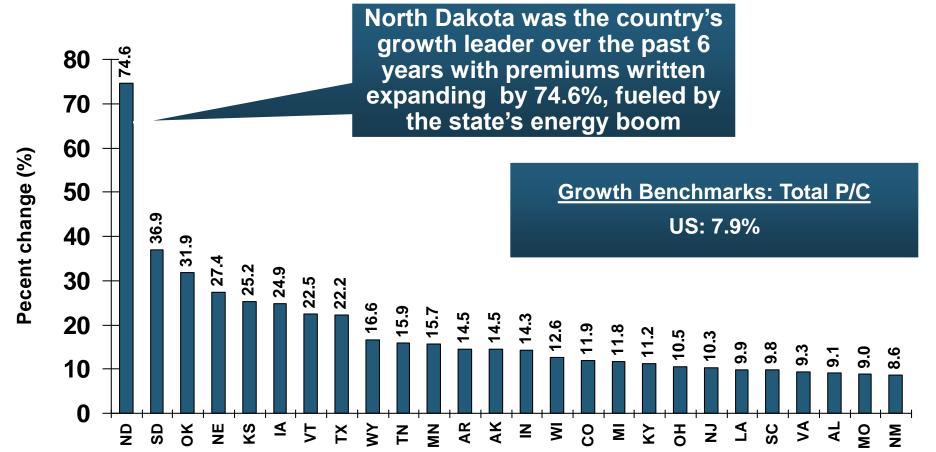
Sources: A.M. Best (2000-2013); Conning (2014P-2015F); Insurance Information Institute.

INSURANCE

Direct Premiums Written: Total P/C Percent Change by State, 2007-2013



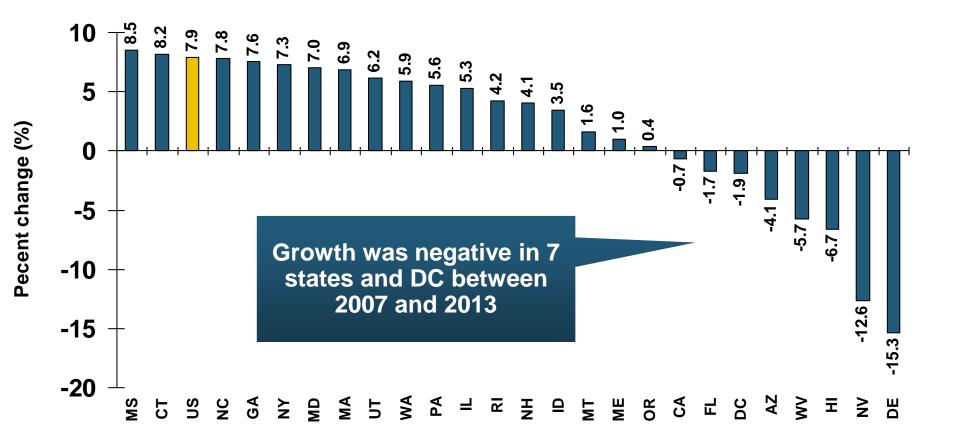




Direct Premiums Written: Total P/C Percent Change by State, 2007-2013



Bottom 25 States



Direct Premiums Written: PP Auto Percent Change by State, 2007-2013



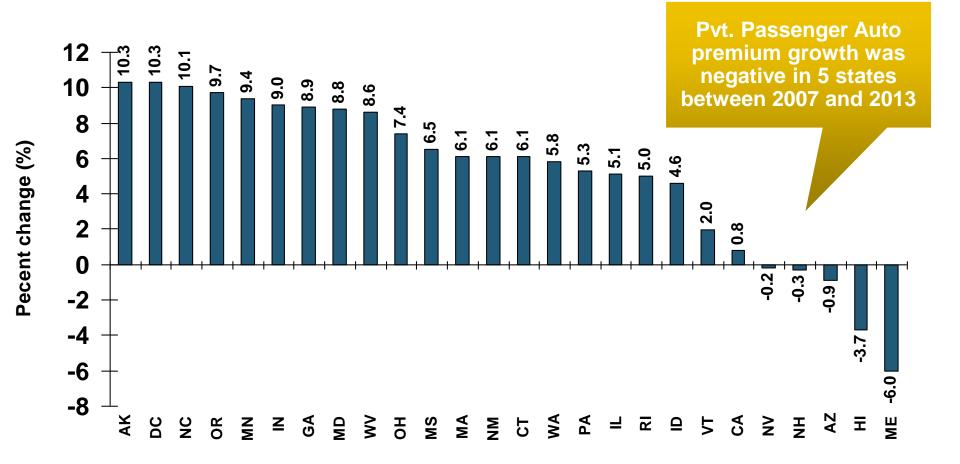
Top 25 States



Direct Premiums Written: PP Auto Percent Change by State, 2007-2013

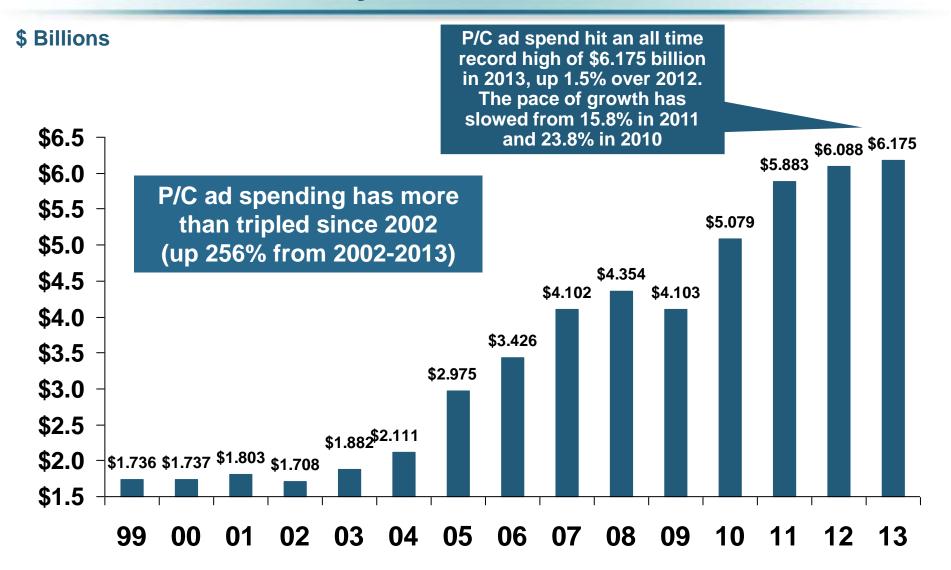


Bottom 25 States



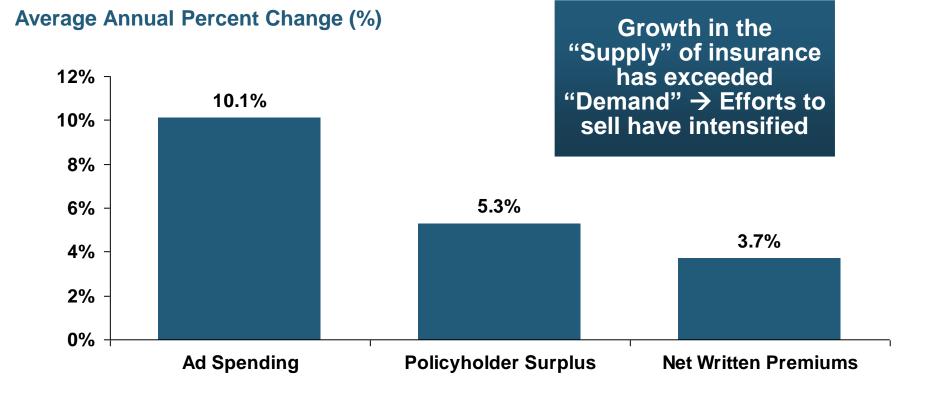
Advertising Expenditures by P/C Insurance Industry, 1999-2013





Source: Insurance Information Institute from consolidated P/C Annual Statement data, Insurance Expense Exhibit (Part I).

Growth in Premiums, Capacity vs. Growth in Surance in Advertising Expenditures, 2000 – 2013



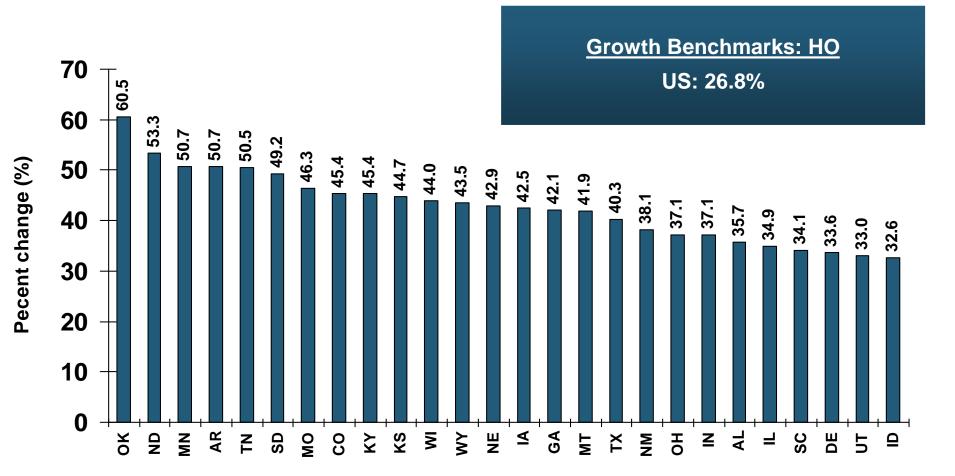
Overall Growth in Ad Spending has greatly exceeded growth in capacity (policyholder surplus) or premium growth. This suggests that there are diminishing returns to advertising.

Sources: Insurance Information Institute analysis from A.M. Best data.

Direct Premiums Written: Homeowners Percent Change by State, 2007-2013



Top 25 States



Direct Premiums Written: Homeowners Percent Change by State, 2007-2013



The collapse of the housing bubble hit CA,

Bottom 25 States

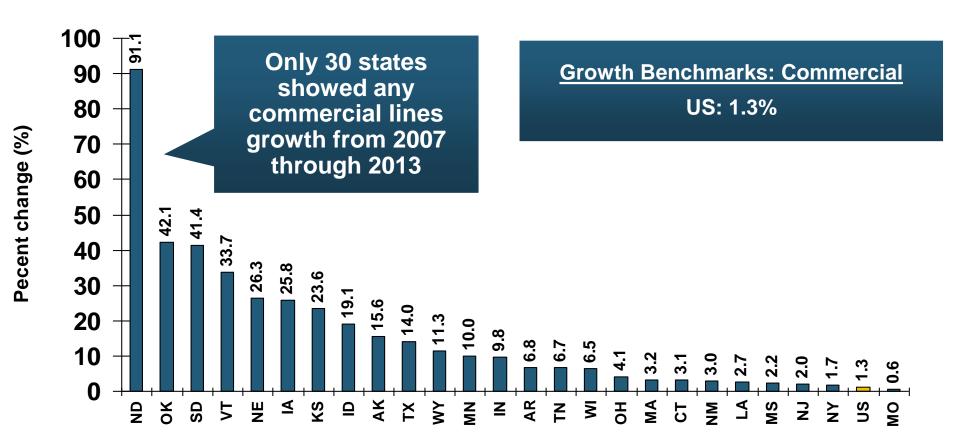
FL and NV hard, leading 40 to the slowest growth rates in the US between 32.5 35 32.0 31.4 2007 and 2013 30.6 30.4 30.3 29.8 29.6 27.5 27.2 30 26.8 26.4 Pecent change (%) 25.3 24.6 22.5 22.3 25 20.8 19.7 19.2 17.2 20 16.1 15.4 15 8.3 8.0 10 5 0.5 0 ٨ ₽₹ N N AK AZ P M M M N V OR MΑ S C R Ξ S 5 Σ CA Ц Ž ИS

Sources: SNL Financial LLC.; Insurance Information Institute.

Direct Premiums Written: Comm. Lines Percent Change by State, 2007-2013



Top 25 States

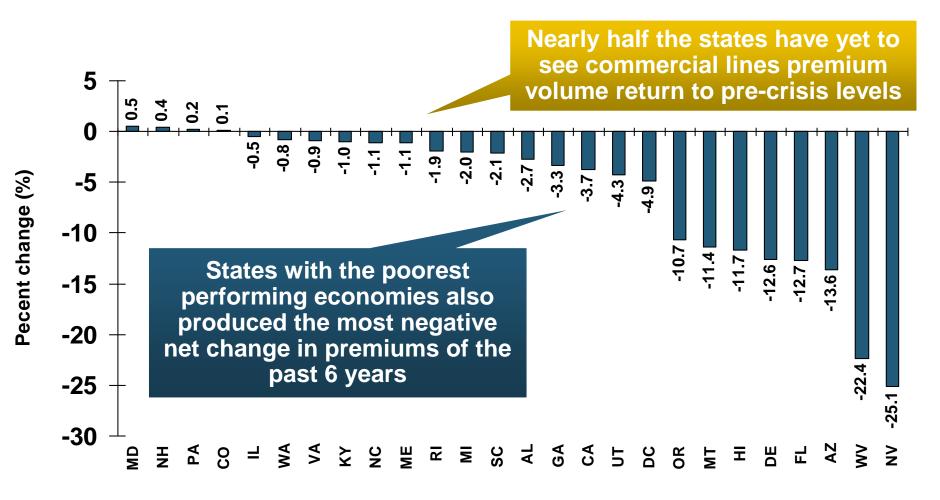


Sources: SNL Financial LLC.; Insurance Information Institute.

Direct Premiums Written: Comm. Lines Percent Change by State, 2007-2013



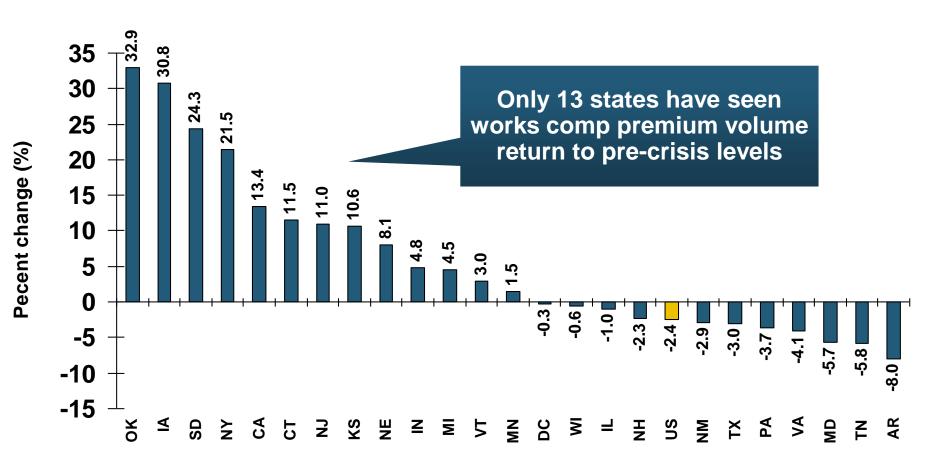
Bottom 25 States



Sources: SNL Financial LLC.; Insurance Information Institute.

Direct Premiums Written: Workers' Comp

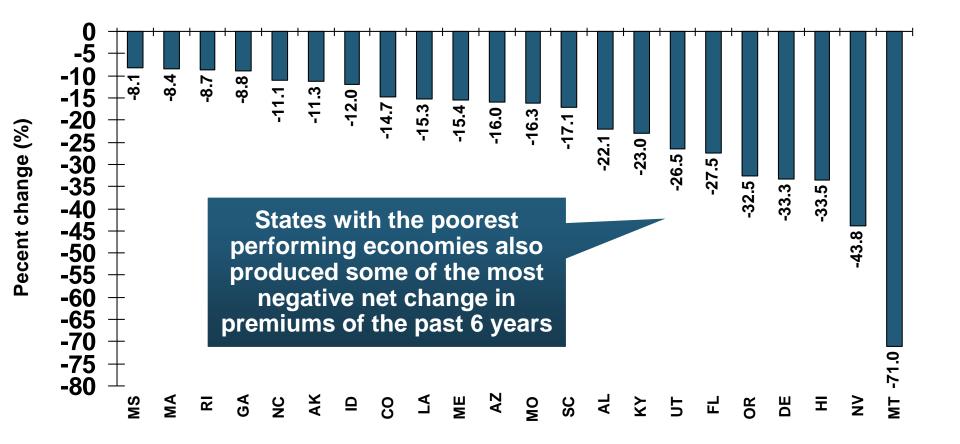
Top 25 States



*Excludes monopolistic fund states: ND, OH, WA, WY as well as WV, which transitioned to a competitive structure during this period. Sources: SNL Financial LC.; Insurance Information Institute.

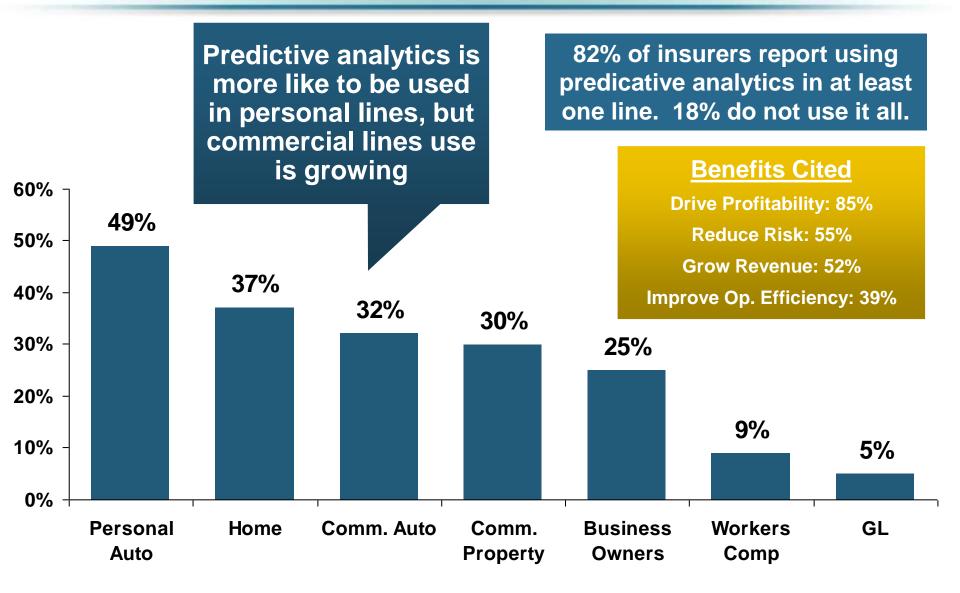
Direct Premiums Written: Worker's Comp

Bottom 25 States



*Excludes monopolistic fund states: ND, OH, WA, WY as well as WV, which transitioned to a competitive structure during this period. Sources: SNL Financial LC.; Insurance Information Institute.

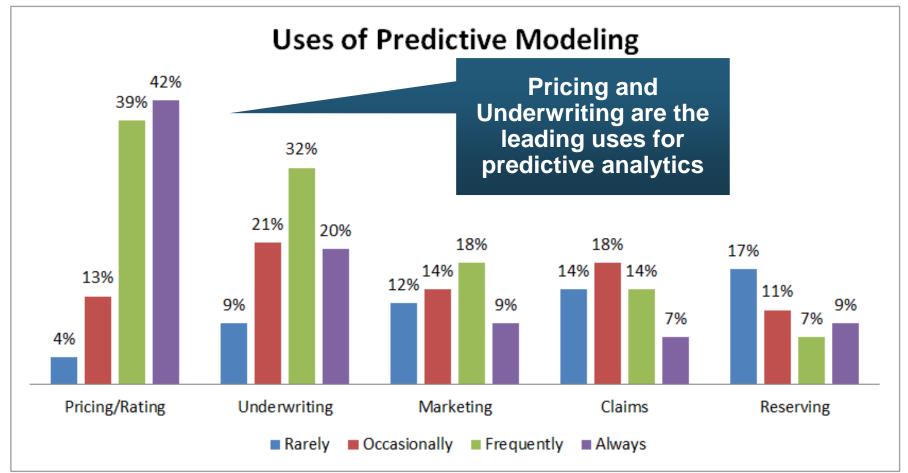
Percentage of Carriers Using Predictive Analytics by Major P/C Line, 2013



Source: ISO/Earnix Survey, September 2013; Insurance Information Institute.

ISURANCE

Uses of Predictive Analytics by Function



Source: Earnix/ISO September 2013 Survey

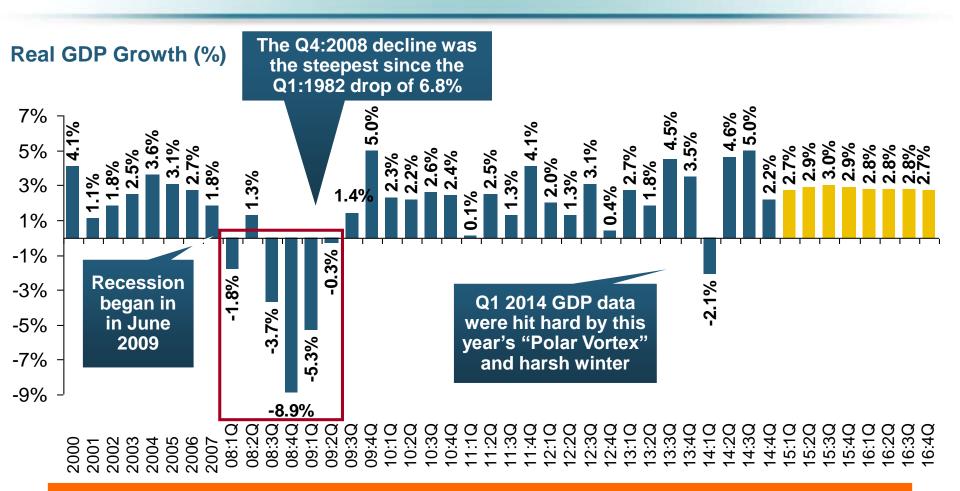


The Strength of the Economy Will Influence P/C Insurer Growth Opportunities

Growth Will Expand Insurer Exposure Base Across Most Lines

US Real GDP Growth*





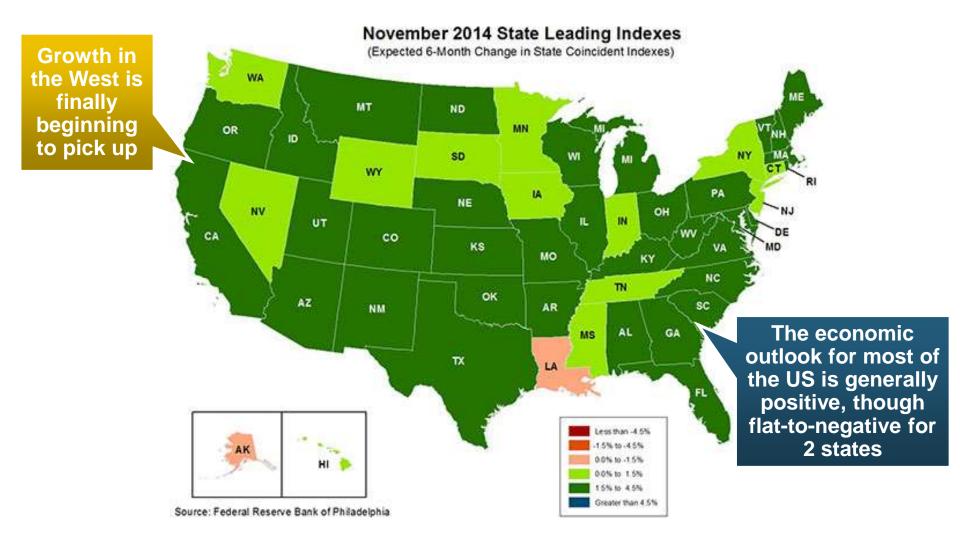
Demand for Insurance Should Increase in 2015 as GDP Growth Accelerates Modestly and Gradually Benefits the Economy Broadly

* Estimates/Forecasts from Blue Chip Economic Indicators.

Source: US Department of Commerce, Blue Economic Indicators 2/15; Insurance Information Institute.

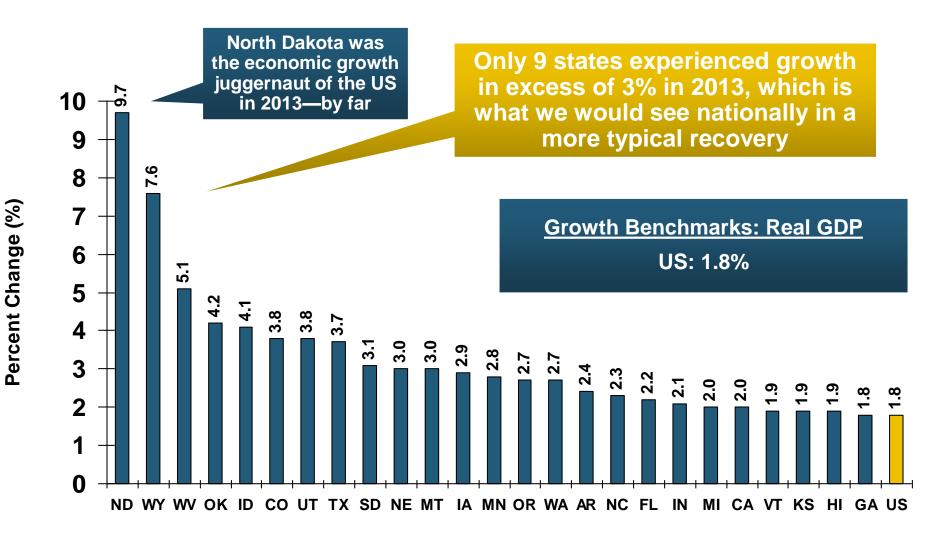
State-by-State Leading Indicators through 2015:Q2





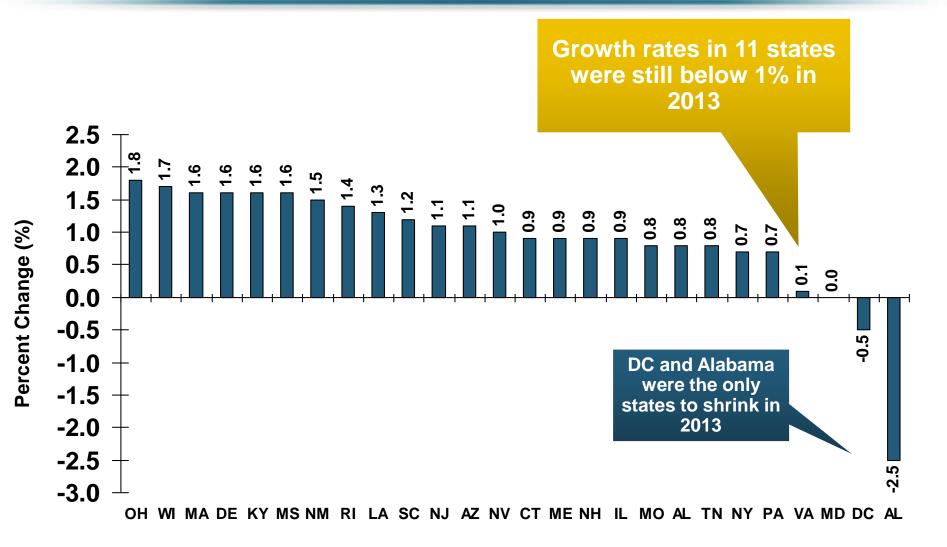
Sources: Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia at http://www.philadelphiafed.org/index.cfm ;Insurance Information Institute.

Real GDP by State Percent Change, 2013:

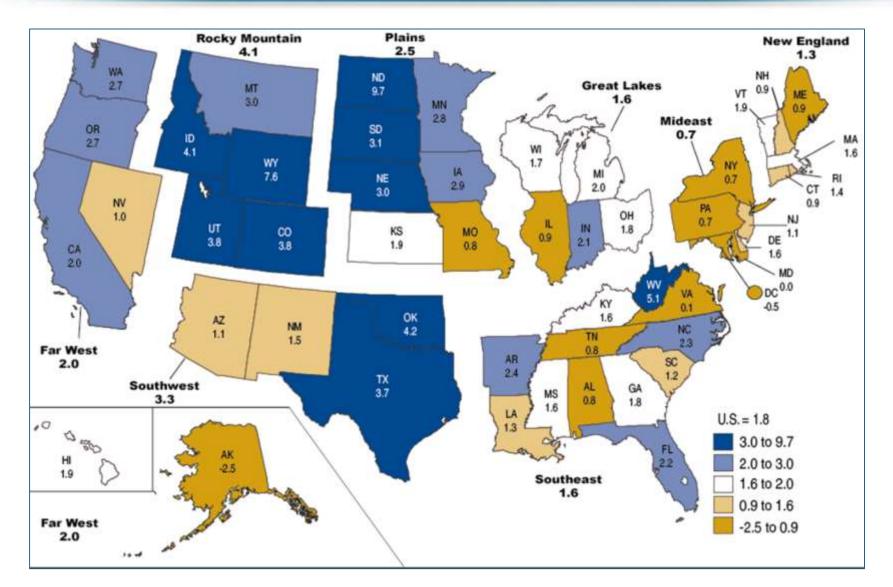


Sources: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; Insurance Information Institute.

Real GDP by State Percent Change, 2013:

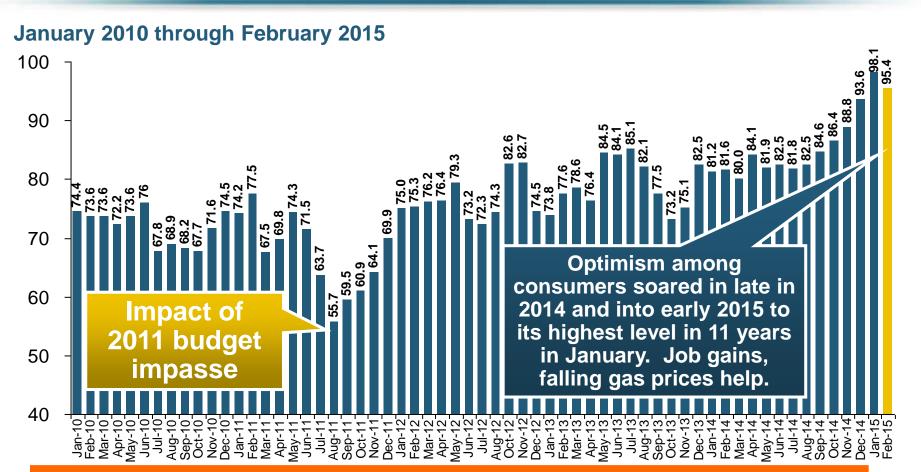


Percent Change in Real GDP by State, 2013



Sources: US Bureau of Economic Analysis; Insurance Information Institute.

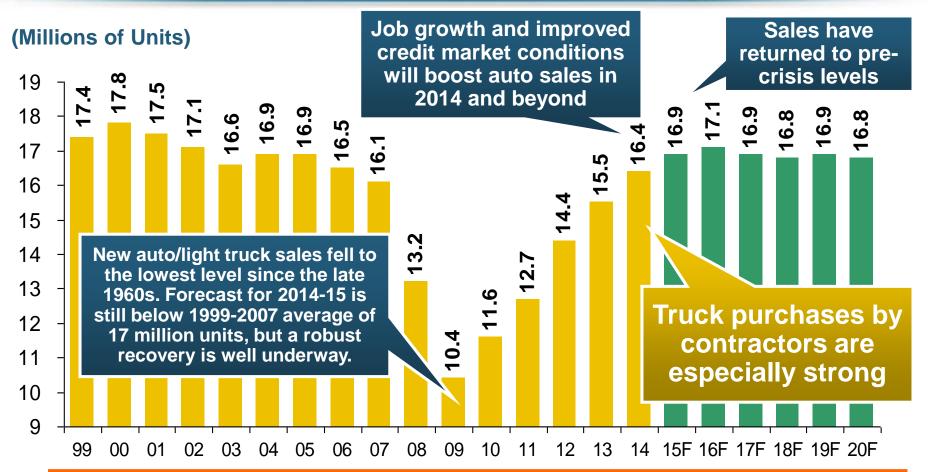
Consumer Sentiment Survey (1966 = 100)



Consumer confidence had been low for years amid high unemployment, falling home prices and other factors adversely impact consumers, but improved substantially over the past 2+ years, as job growth and falling energy prices aid consumers

Source: University of Michigan; Insurance Information Institute

Auto/Light Truck Sales, 1999-2020F

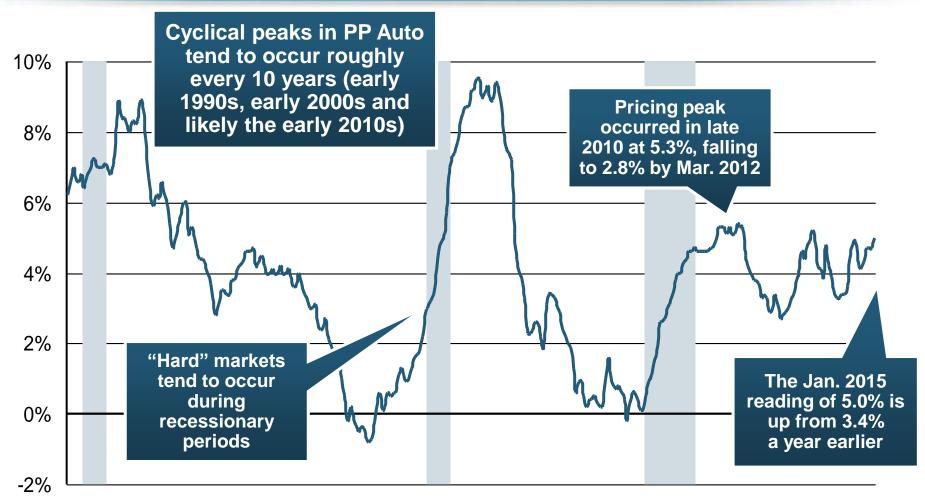


Yearly car/light truck sales will likely continue at current levels, in part replacing cars that were held onto in 2008-12. New vehicles will generate more physical damage insurance coverage but will be more expensive to repair. PP Auto premium might grow by 5% - 6%.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce; Blue Chip Economic Indicators (2/15 and 10/14); Insurance Information Institute.

Monthly Change in Auto Insurance Prices, 1991–2015*





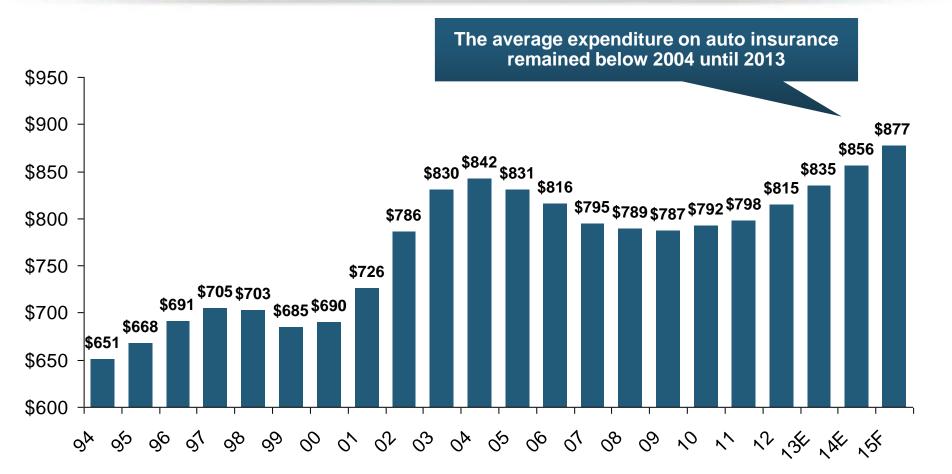
'90 '91 '92 '93 '94 '95 '96 '97 '98 '99 '00 '01 '02 '03 '04 '05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '14

*Percentage change from same month in prior year; through January 2015; seasonally adjusted

Note: Recessions indicated by gray shaded columns.

Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics; National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institutes.

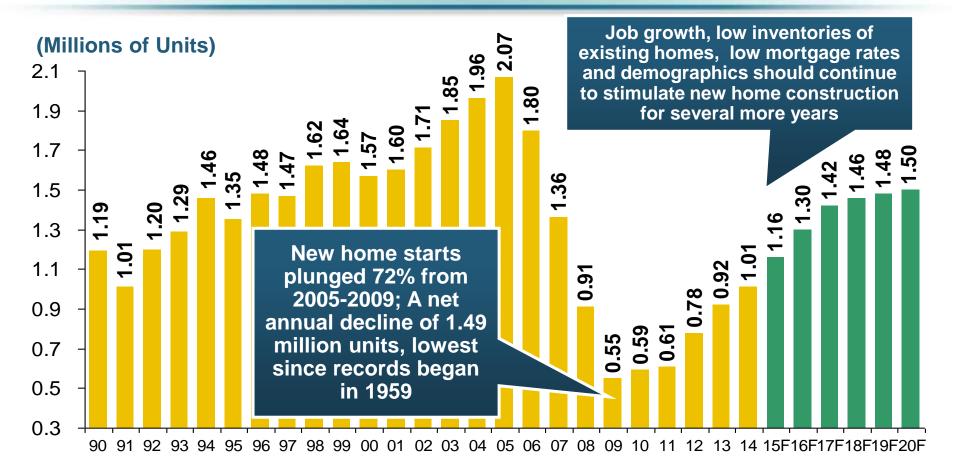
Average Expenditures on Auto Insurance



Countrywide Auto Insurance Expenditures decreased by 6.5% from 2004 through 2009, rising gradually since the with annual increases in the 2.0% to 2.5% range

* Insurance Information Institute Estimates/Forecasts Source: NAIC, Insurance Information Institute estimate for 2013-2015 based on CPI and other data.

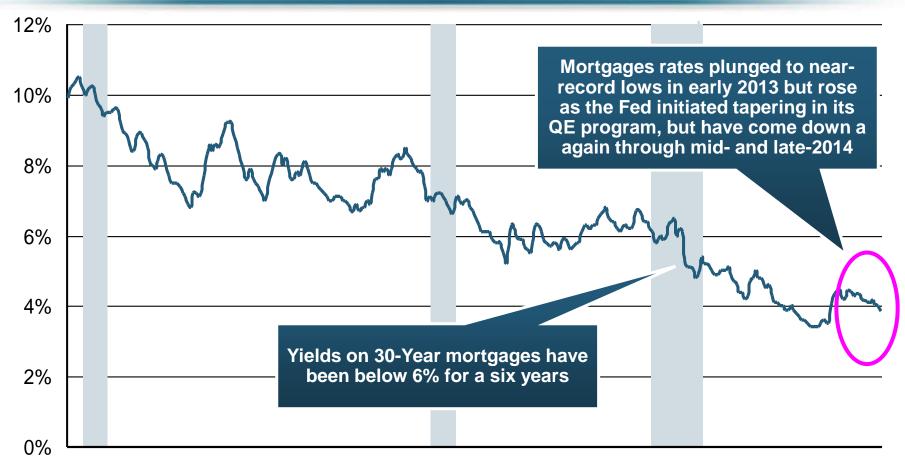
New Private Housing Starts, 1990-2020F



Insurers Are Continue to See Meaningful Exposure Growth in the Wake of the "Great Recession" Associated with Home Construction: Construction Risk Exposure, Surety, Commercial Auto; Potent Driver of Workers Comp Exposure

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce; Blue Chip Economic Indicators (2/15 and 10/14); Insurance Information Institute.

Interest Rate on Convention 30-Year Mortgages: Up a Bit, 1990–2014*



'90 '91 '92 '93 '94 '95 '96 '97 '98 '99 '00 '01 '02 '03 '04 '05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14

Mortgage interest rates remain low by historical standards, aiding the housing recovery. Changes in Fed policy could push rates up modestly later in 2015.

*Monthly, through Dec. 2014. Note: Recessions indicated by gray shaded columns. Sources: Federal Reserve Bank at http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h15/data.htm.

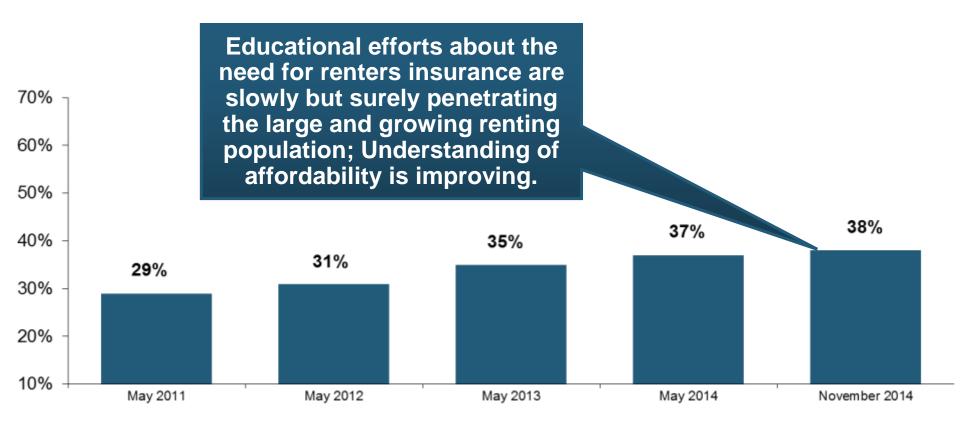
National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institutes.

NSUDANCE

I.I.I. Poll: Renters Insurance



Percentage of Renters Who Have Renters Insurance, 2011-2014

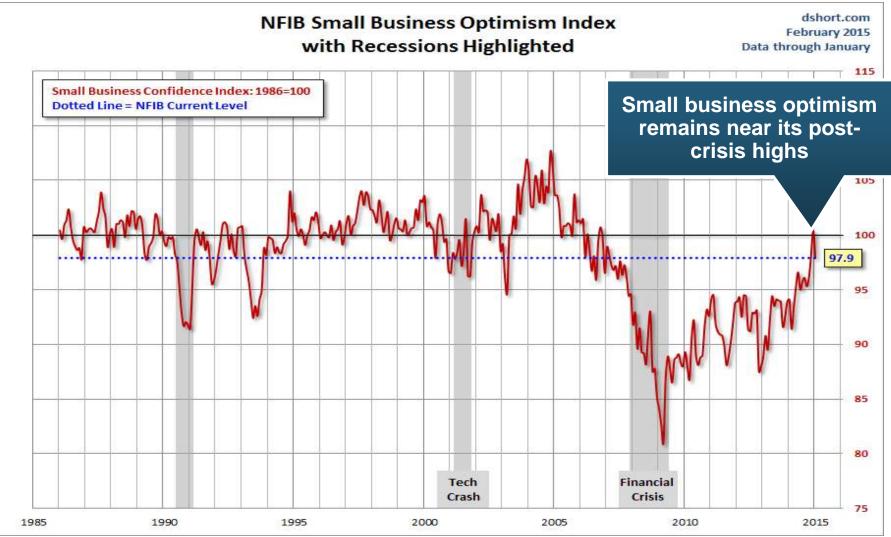


Percentage Of Renters With Renters Insurance Is Increasing.

Source: Insurance Information Institute Annual Pulse Survey.

NFIB Small Business Optimism Index

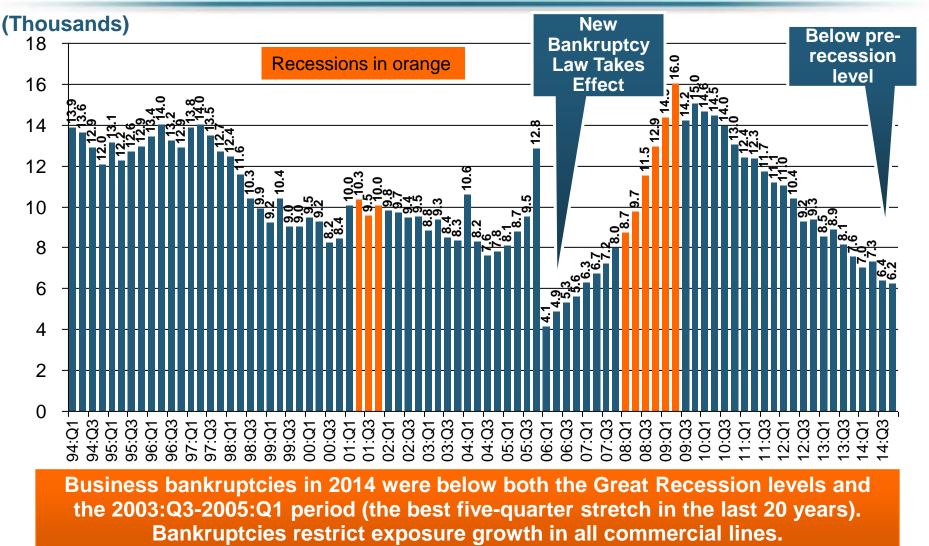
January 1985 through December 2014



Source: National Federation of Independent Business at http://www.advisorperspectives.com/dshort/charts/indicators/Sentiment.html?NFIB-optimism-index.gif; Insurance Information Institute.

INSURANCE INFORMATION

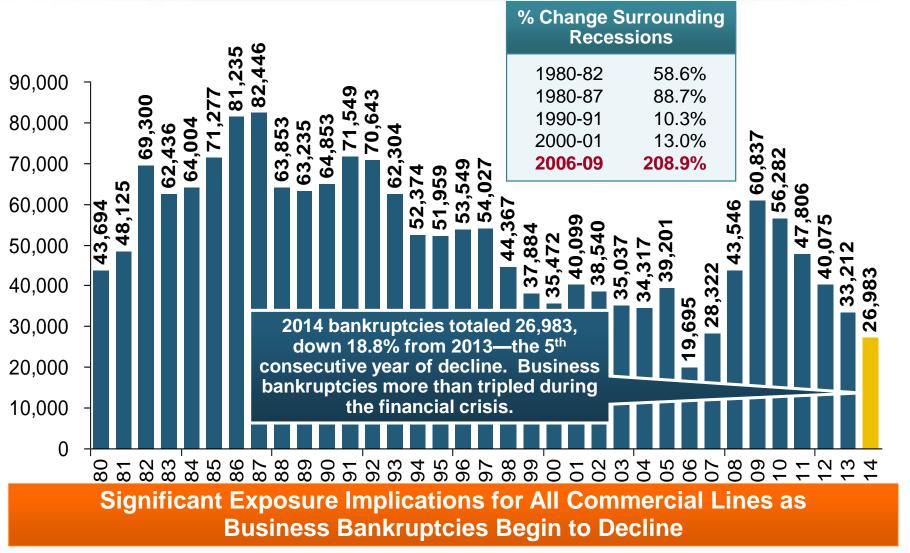
Business Bankruptcy Filings: Still Falling (1994:Q1 – 2014:Q4)



Sources: U.S. Courts at http://www.uscourts.gov/; Insurance Information Institute

Business Bankruptcy Filings, 1980-2014

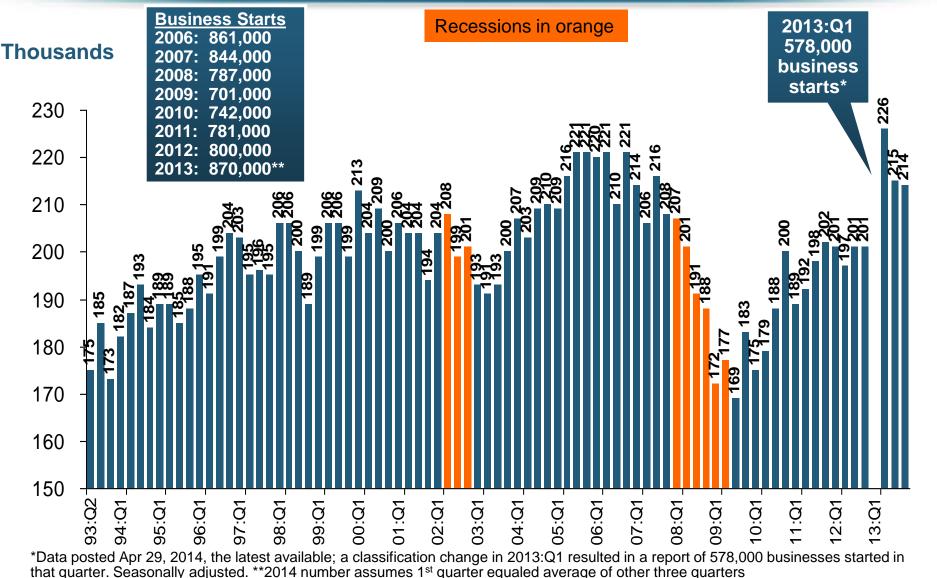




Sources: American Bankruptcy Institute (1980-2012) at

http://www.abiworld.org/AM/AMTemplate.cfm?Section=Home&TEMPLATE=/CM/ContentDisplay.cfm&CONTENTID=61633; 2013-14 data from United States Courts at http://news.uscourts.gov; Insurance Information Institute.

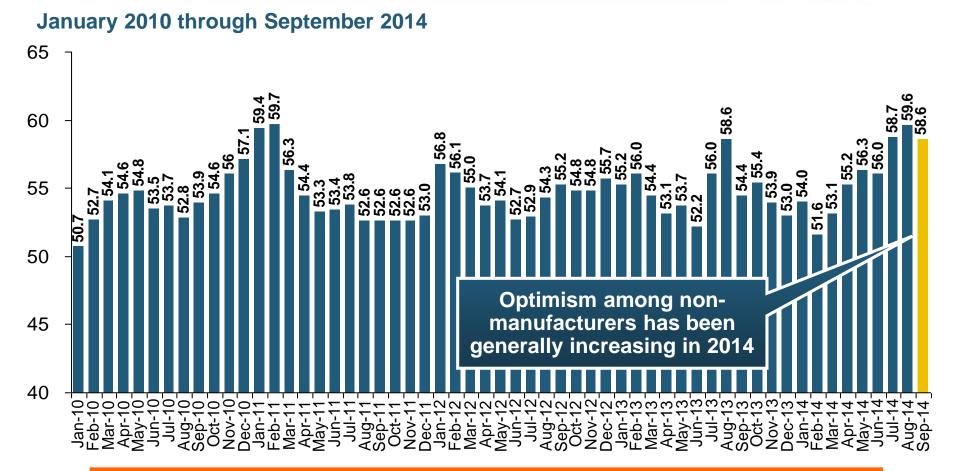
Private Sector Business Starts: 1993:Q2 – 2013:Q4* As Strong as Ever?



Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics, http://www.bls.gov/news.release/cewbd.t08.htm. NBER (recession dates)

INSURANCE

ISM Non-Manufacturing Index (Values > 50 Indicate Expansion)



Non-manufacturing industries have been expanding and adding jobs. This trend is likely to continue through 2014.

Source: Institute for Supply Management at http://www.ism.ws/ismreport/nonmfgrob.cfm; Insurance Information Institute.

12 Industries for the Next 10 Years: Insurance Solutions Needed



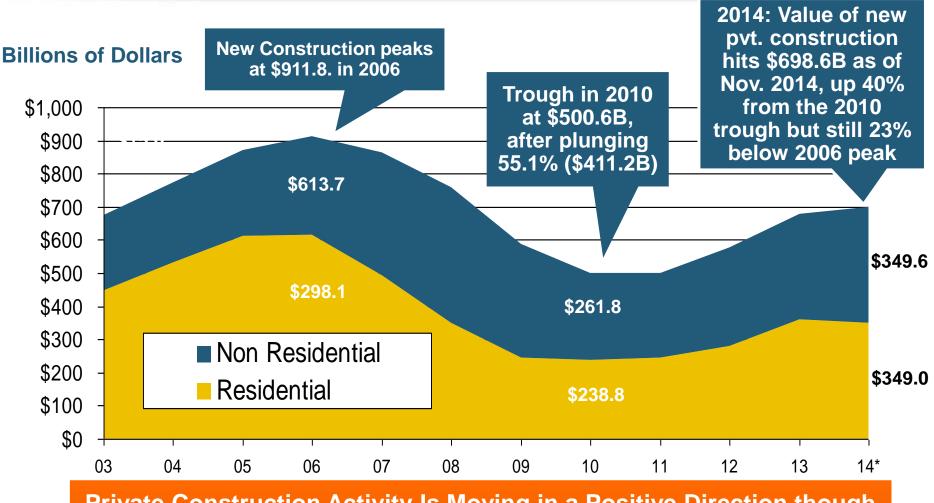
Health Care	
Health Sciences	
Energy (Traditional)	
Alternative Energy	Many industries are poised for growth, though
Petrochemical	
Agriculture	insurers' ability to capitalize on
Natural Resources	these
Technology (incl. Biotechnology)	varies widely
Light Manufacturing	
Insourced Manufacturing	
Export-Oriented Industries	
Shipping (<i>Rail</i> , <i>Marine</i> , Trucking, <i>Pipelines</i>)	



CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY OVERVIEW & OUTLOOK

The Construction Sector Is Critical to the Economy and the P/C Insurance Industry

Value of New Private Construction: Residential & Nonresidential, 2003-2014*



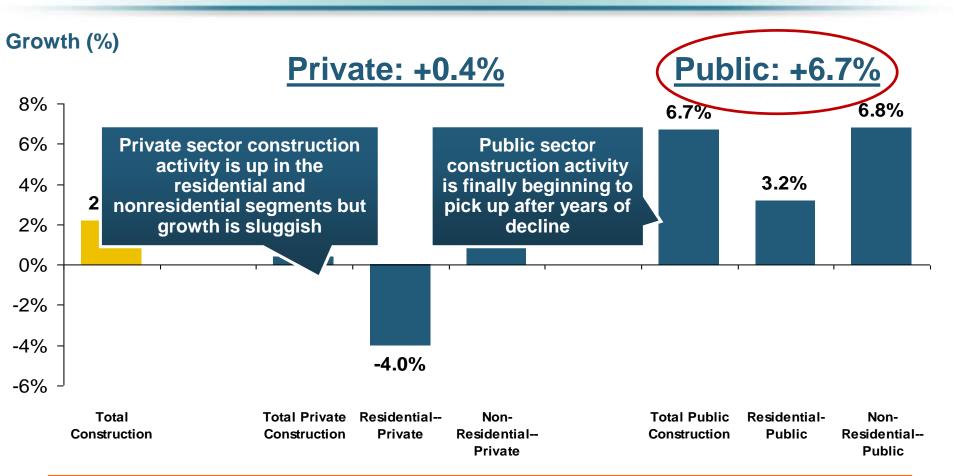
Private Construction Activity Is Moving in a Positive Direction though Remains Well Below Pre-Crisis Peak; Residential Dominates

*2014 figure is a seasonally adjusted annual rate as of December.

Sources: US Department of Commerce http://www.census.gov/construction/c30/c30index.html ; Insurance Information Institute.

Value of Construction Put in Place, Dec. 2014 vs. Dec. 2013*



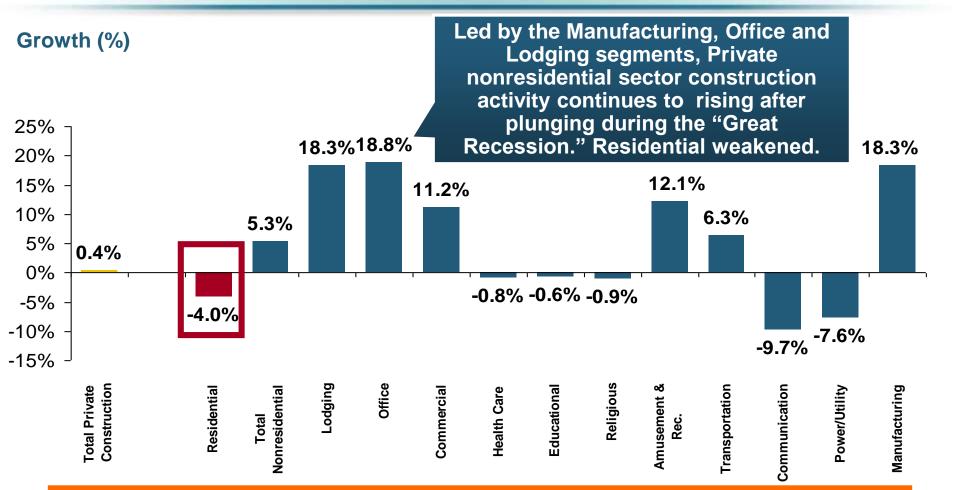


Overall Construction Activity is Up, But Growth In the Private Sector Slowed in Late 2014 While Picking in the State/Local Sector Government Sector as Budget Woes Ease in Some Jurisdictions

*seasonally adjusted

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, http://www.census.gov/construction/c30/c30index.html; Insurance Information Institute.

Value of Private Construction Put in Place, by Segment, Dec. 2014 vs. Dec. 2013*

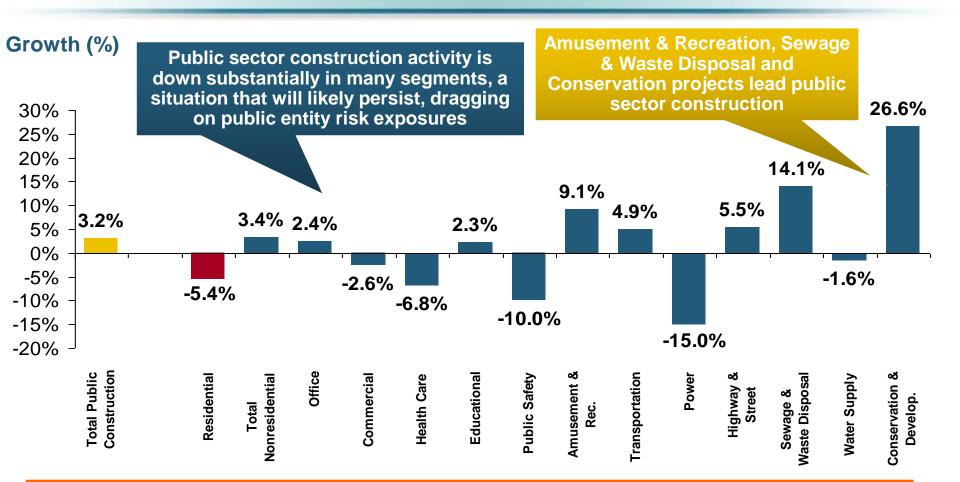


Private Construction Activity is Up in Many Segments, though the Key Residential Construction Sector Weakened in Late 2014; Mixed Outlook for 2015, though Expansion Should Continue

*seasonally adjusted

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, <u>http://www.census.gov/construction/c30/c30index.html</u>; Insurance Information Institute.

Value of Public Construction Put in Place, by Segment, Dec. 2014 vs. Dec. 2013*



Public Construction Activity is Beginning to Recover from its Long Contraction which Will Drive Demand in Many Commercial Insurance Lines

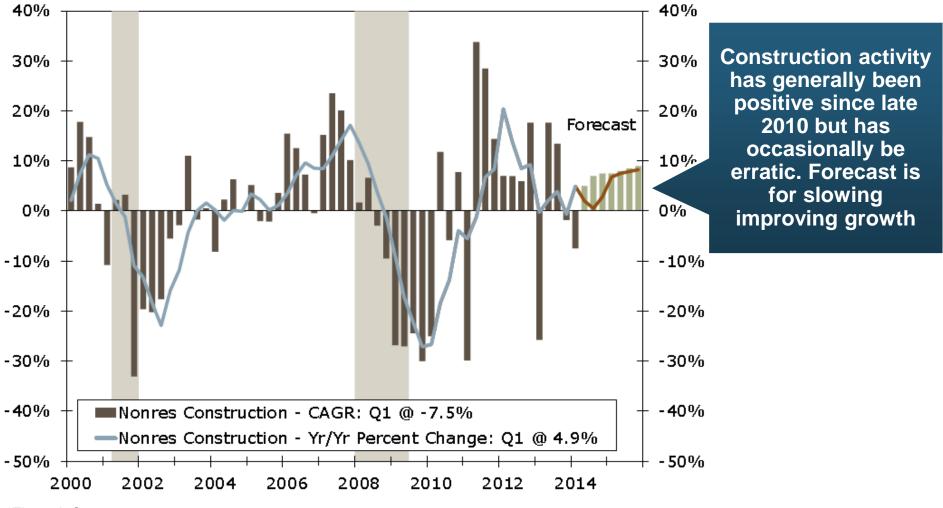
*seasonally adjusted

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, <u>http://www.census.gov/construction/c30/c30index.html</u>; Insurance Information Institute.

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Real (Inflation-Adjusted) Nonresidential Construction, 2000-2014*

(Bar = CAGR; Line = Y/Y Growth Rate)

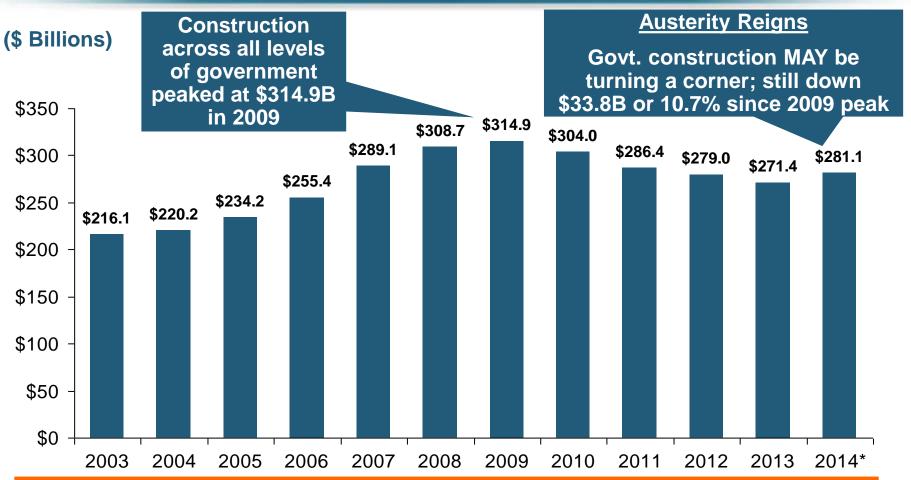


*Through Q1 2014.

Source: US Dept. of Commerce; Wells Fargo Securities (June 6, 2014 research report).

INSURANCE

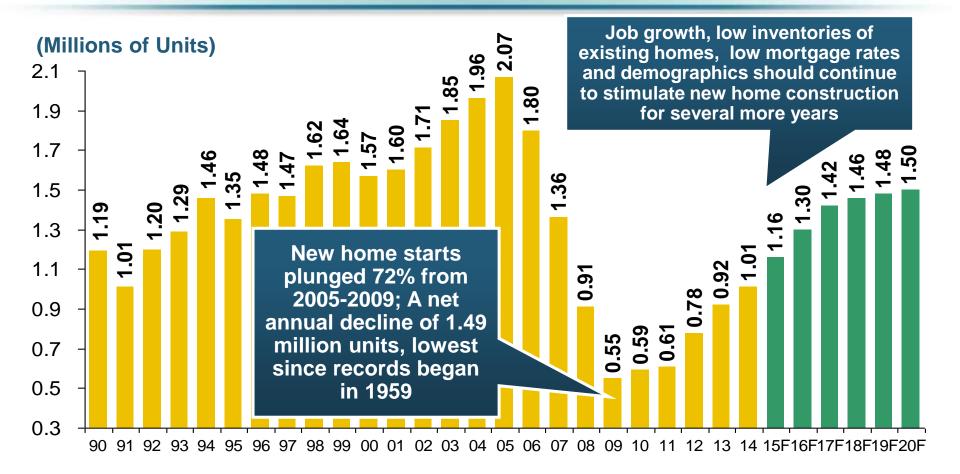
Value of New Federal, State and Local Government Construction: 2003-2014*



Government Construction Spending Peaked in 2009, Helped by Stimulus Spending, but Contracted As State/Local Governments Grappled with Deficits and Federal Sequestration

*2014 figure is a seasonally adjusted annual rate as of December; <u>http://www.census.gov/construction/c30/historical_data.html</u> Sources: US Department of Commerce; Insurance Information Institute.

New Private Housing Starts, 1990-2020F

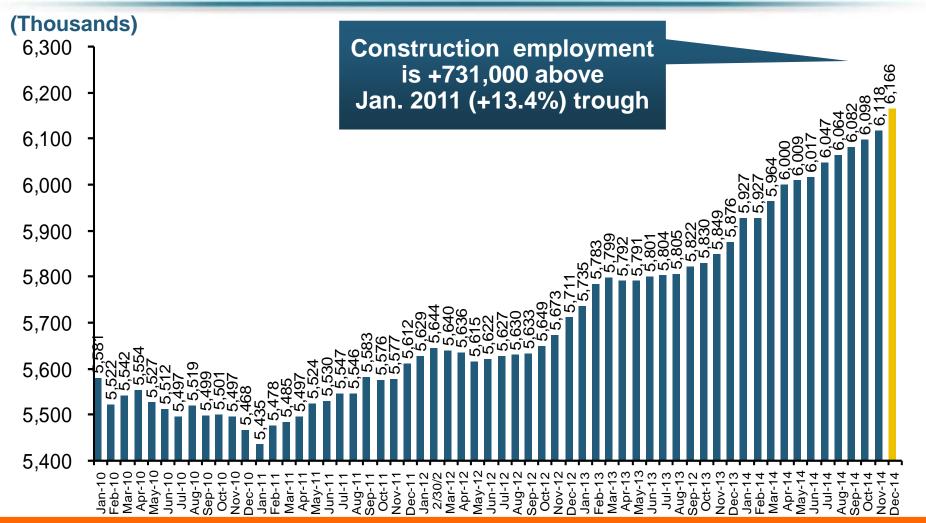


Insurers Are Continue to See Meaningful Exposure Growth in the Wake of the "Great Recession" Associated with Home Construction: Construction Risk Exposure, Surety, Commercial Auto; Potent Driver of Workers Comp Exposure

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce; Blue Chip Economic Indicators (2/15 and 10/14); Insurance Information Institute.

Construction Employment, Jan. 2010—December 2014*





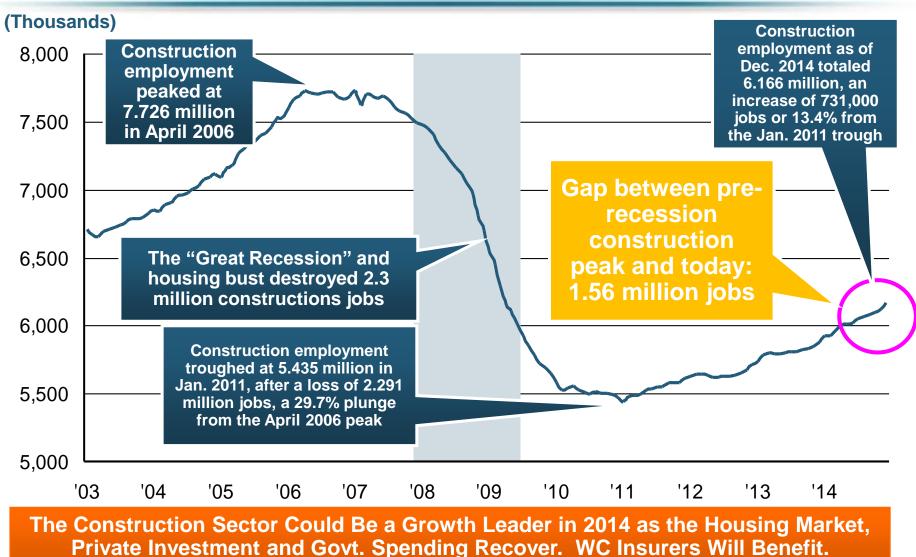
Construction and manufacturing employment constitute 1/3 of all WC payroll exposure.

*Seasonally adjusted.

Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics at http://data.bls.gov; Insurance Information Institute.

Construction Employment, Jan. 2003–December 2014





Note: Recession indicated by gray shaded column.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Insurance Information Institute.

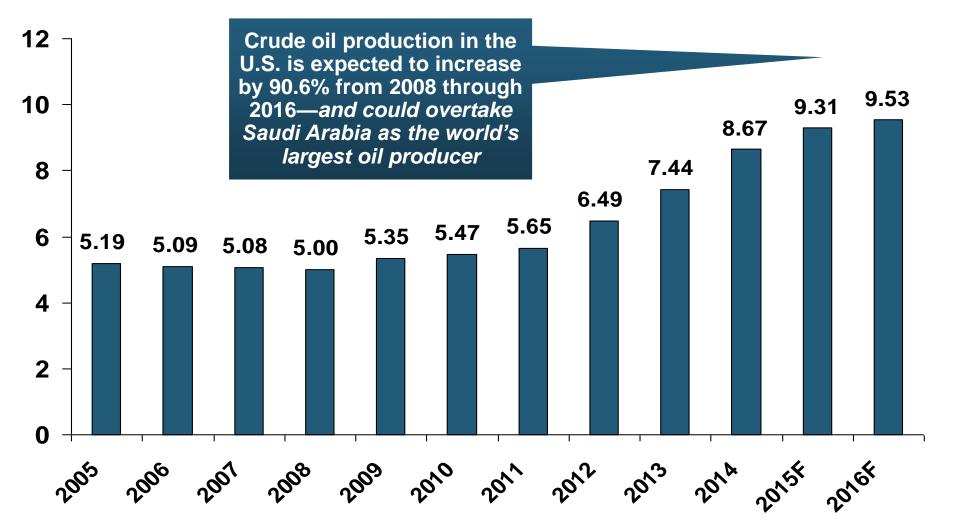


ENERGY SECTOR: OIL & GAS INDUSTRY FUTURE IS BRIGHT BUT VOLATILE

US Is Becoming an Energy Powerhouse but Fall in Prices Will Have Negative Impact

U.S. Crude Oil Production, 2005-2016P

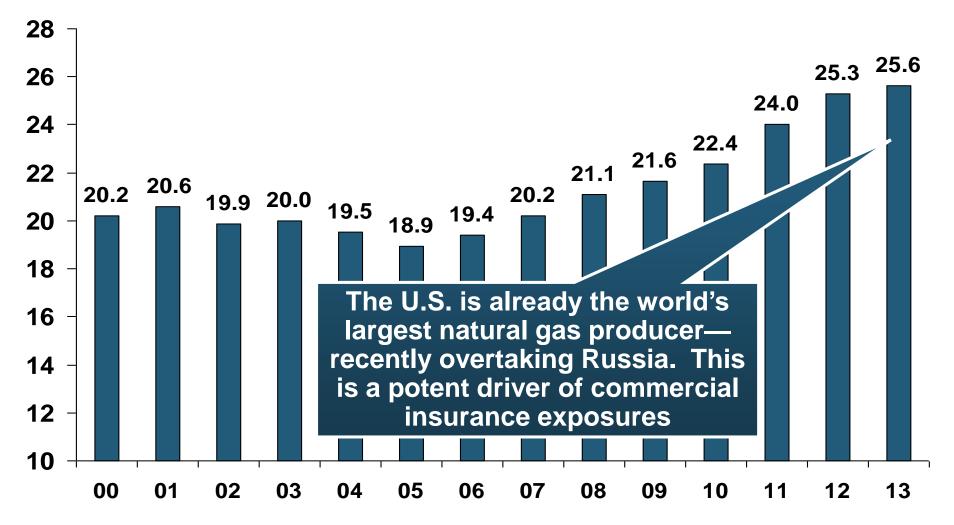
Millions of Barrels per Day



Source: Energy Information Administration, Short-Term Energy Outlook (January 15, 2015), Insurance Information Institute.

U.S. Natural Gas Production, 2000-2013

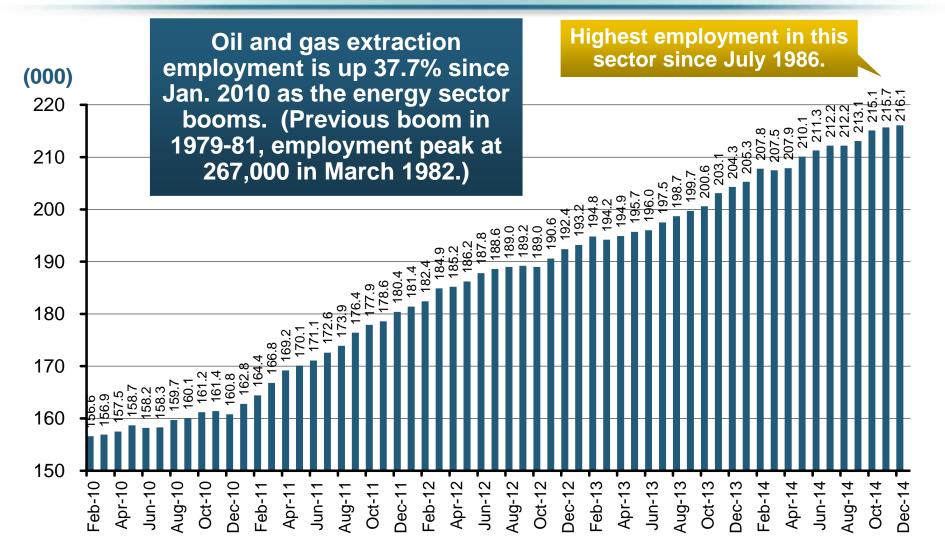




Source: Energy Information Administration, Short-Term Energy Outlook (April 8, 2014), Insurance Information Institute.

Employment in Oil & Gas Extraction, Jan. 2010—Dec. 2014*





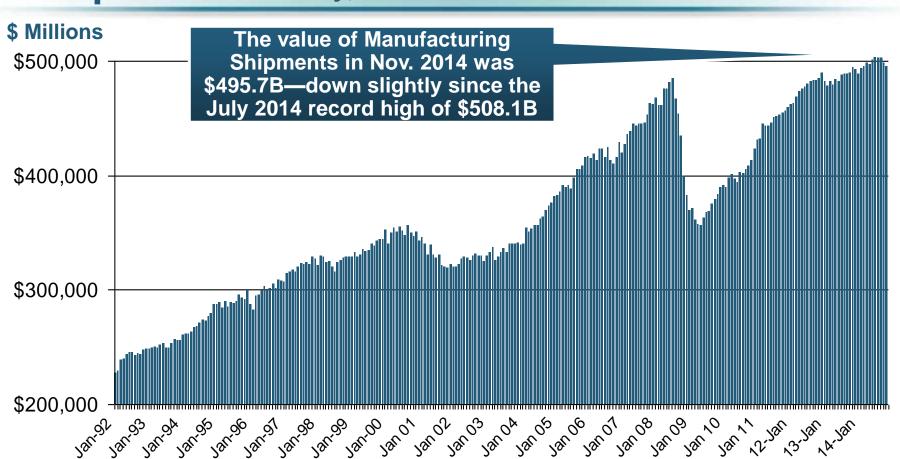
*Seasonally adjusted Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics at <u>http://data.bls.gov;</u> Insurance Information Institute.



MANUFACTURING SECTOR OVERVIEW & OUTLOOK

The U.S. Is Experiencing a Mini Manufacturing Renaissance but Headwinds from Weak Export Markets and Strong Dollar

Dollar Value* of Manufacturers' Shipments Monthly, Jan. 1992—November 2014

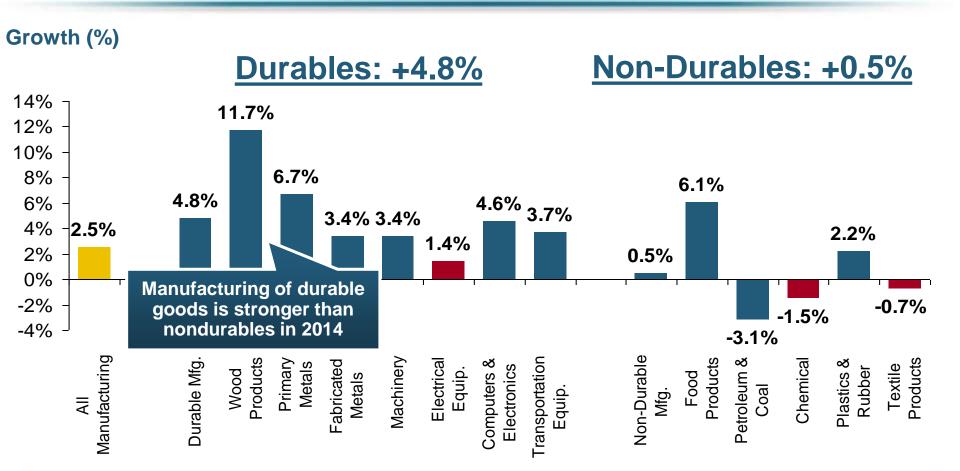


Monthly shipments in Nov. 2014 exceeded the pre-crisis (July 2008) peak but has declined in recent months. Manufacturing is energy-intensive and growth leads to gains in many commercial exposures: WC, Commercial Auto, Marine, Property, and various Liability Coverages.

* Seasonally adjusted; Data published Jan. 6, 2015.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Full Report on Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders, http://www.census.gov/manufacturing/m3/ 119

Manufacturing Growth for Selected Sectors, 2014 vs. 2013*

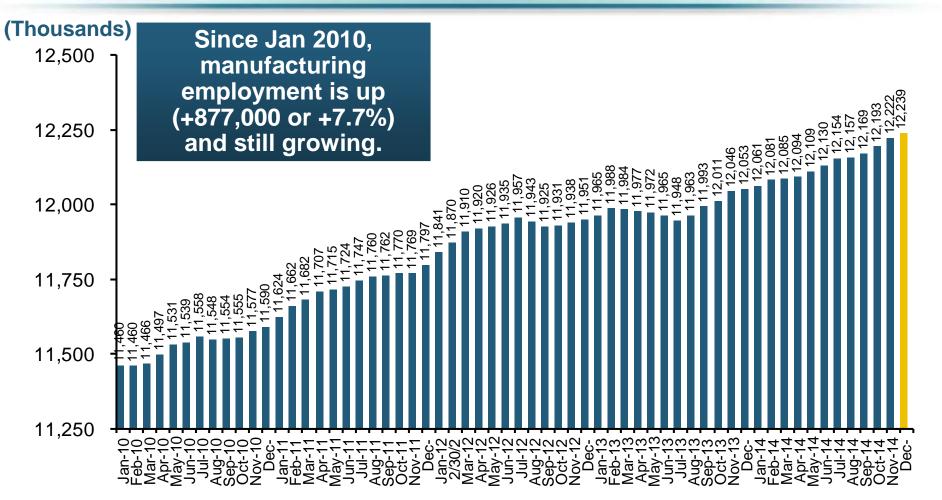


Manufacturing Is Expanding—Albeit Slowly—Across a Number of Sectors that Will Contribute to Growth in Insurable Exposures Including: WC, Commercial **Property, Commercial Auto and Many Liability Coverages**

*Seasonally adjusted; Date are YTD comparing data through November 2014 to the same period in 2013. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Full Report on Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders, http://www.census.gov/manufacturing/m3/ 120

INSURANCE

Manufacturing Employment, Jan. 2010—December 2014*

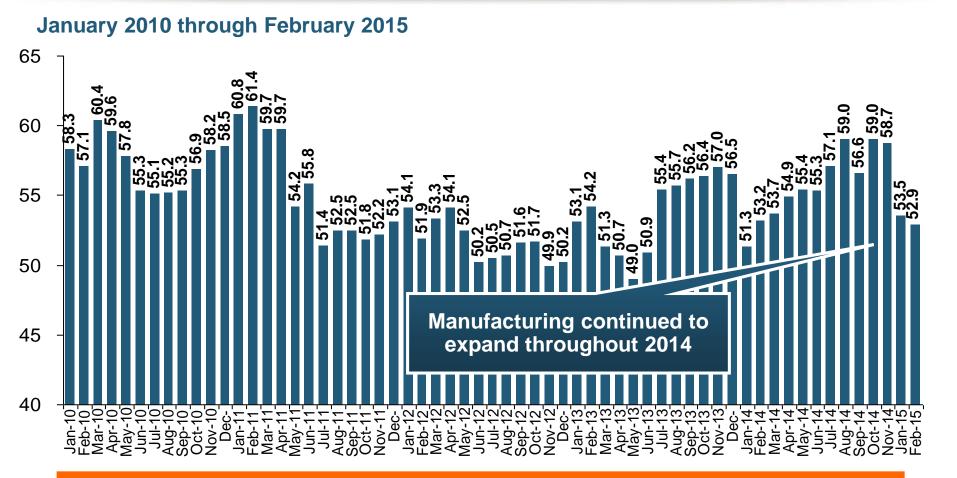


Manufacturing employment is a surprising source of strength in the economy. Employment in the sector is at a multi-year high.

*Seasonally adjusted.

Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics at http://data.bls.gov; Insurance Information Institute.

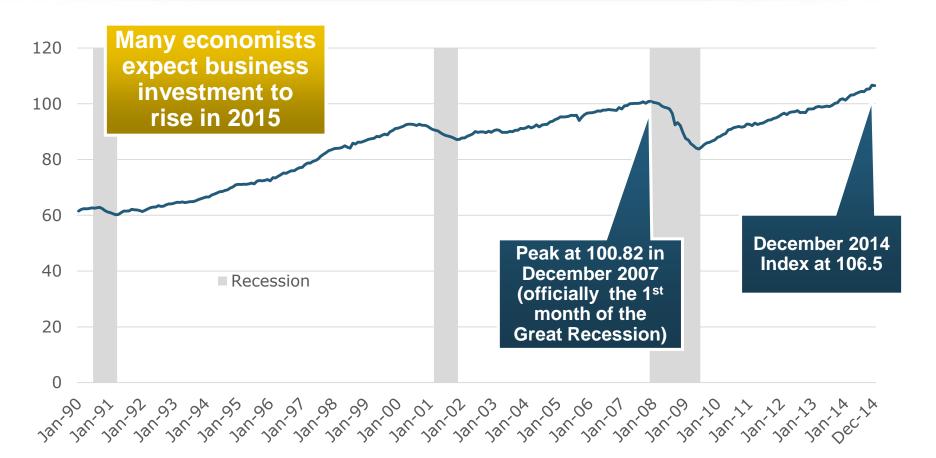
ISM Manufacturing Index (Values > 50 Indicate Expansion)



The manufacturing sector expanded for 60 of the 62 months from Jan. 2010 through Feb. 2015. Pace of recovery has been uneven due to economic turbulence in the U.S., Europe and China.

Source: Institute for Supply Management at <u>http://www.ism.ws/ismreport/mfgrob.cfm</u>; Insurance Information Institute.

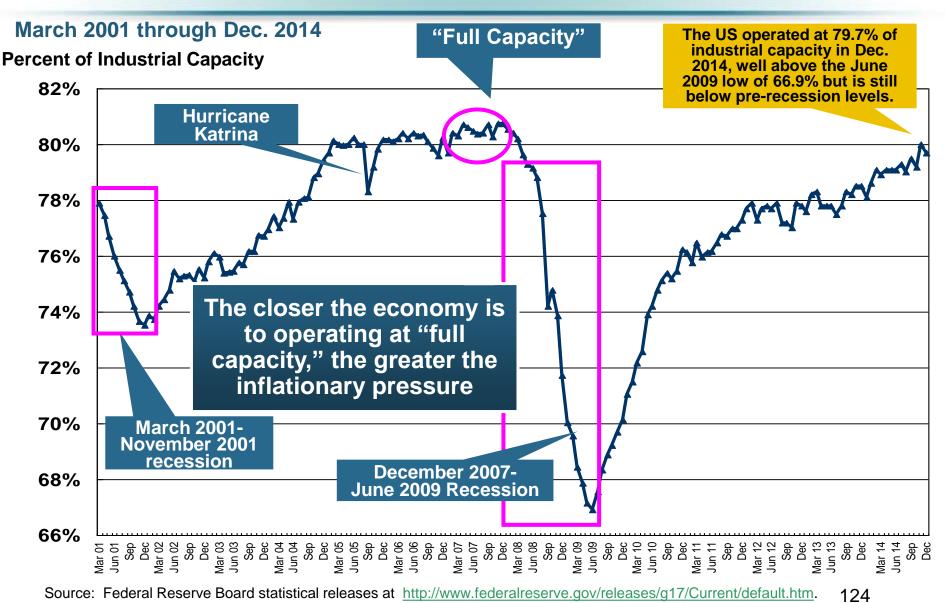
Index of Total Industrial Production:* A Near Peak as of December 2014



Insurance exposures for industrial production will continue growing in 2015, and commercial insurance premium volume with them. Y-o-Y growth to December 2014 was 4.6%. Both production and premium volume growth for 2015 should exceed this.

*Monthly, seasonally adjusted, through December 2014 (which is preliminary). Index based on year 2007 = 100 Sources: Federal Reserve Board at <u>http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/ipdisk/ip_sa.txt</u>. National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institute. ISUDANCE

Recovery in Capacity Utilization is a Positive Sign for Commercial Exposures

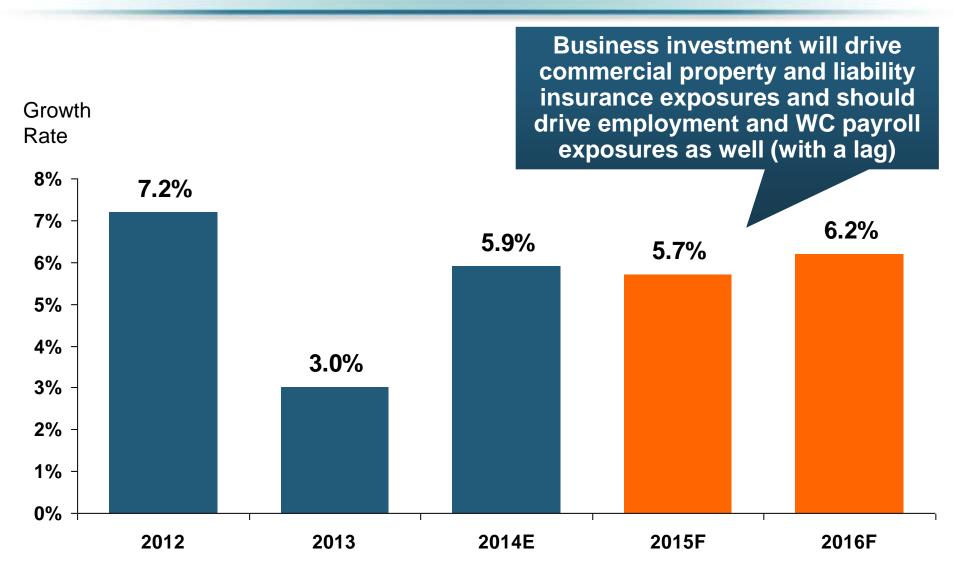


124

INSURANCE

INFORMATION

Business Fixed Investment is Forecast to Grow Steadily in 2015-16, Fueling Commercial Exposure Growth



Sources: Wells Fargo Economic Group; Insurance Information Institute.



Labor Market Trends

Massive Job Losses Sapped the Economy and Commercial/Personal Lines Exposure, But Trend Has Greatly Improved

Unemployment and Underemployment Rates: Still Too High, But Falling

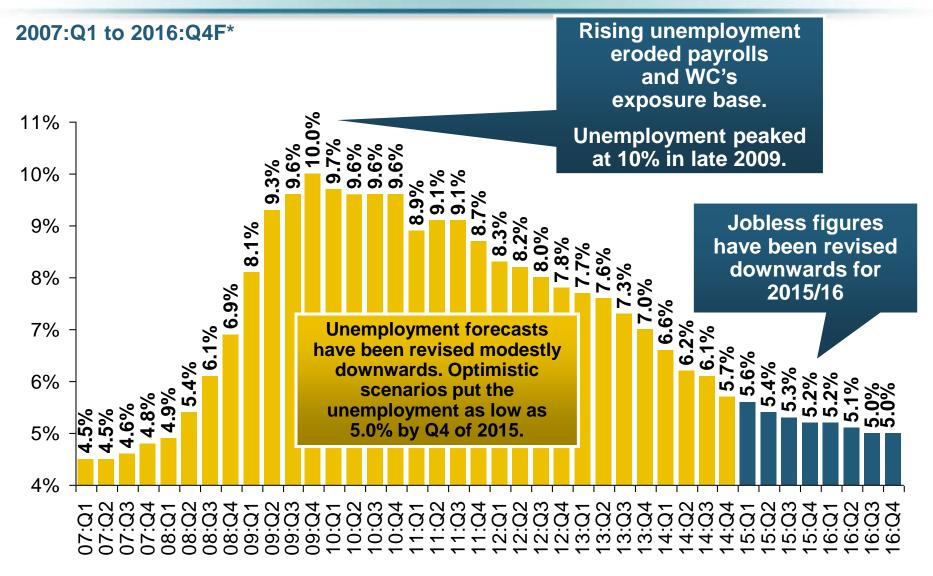


January 2000 through January 2015, **Seasonally Adjusted (%)** 18 **U-6** went from "Headline" Unemployment Rate U-3 8.0% in March 2007 to 17.5% in Unemployment + Underemployment Rate 16 **October 2009:** U-6 Stood at 11.3% 14 in Jan. 2015. 8% to 10% is "normal." 12 10 8 "Headline" 6 unemployment was 5.7% in Jan. 4 2015. 4.5% to 5.5% is "normal." Jan 02 12 00 01 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 13 14 14 Stubbornly high unemployment and underemployment constrain overall economic growth, but the job market is now clearly improving.

Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics; Insurance Information Institute.

US Unemployment Rate Forecast

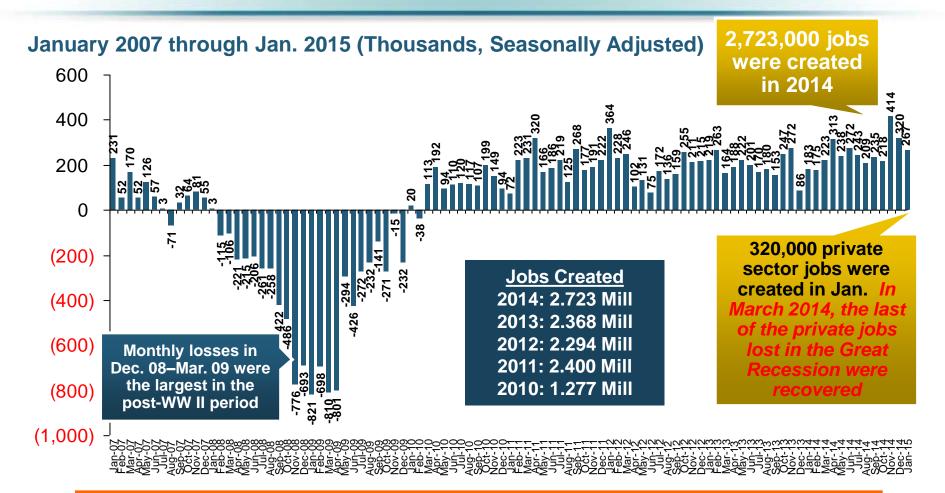




= actual; = forecasts

Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics; Blue Chip Economic Indicators (2/15 edition); Insurance Information Institute.

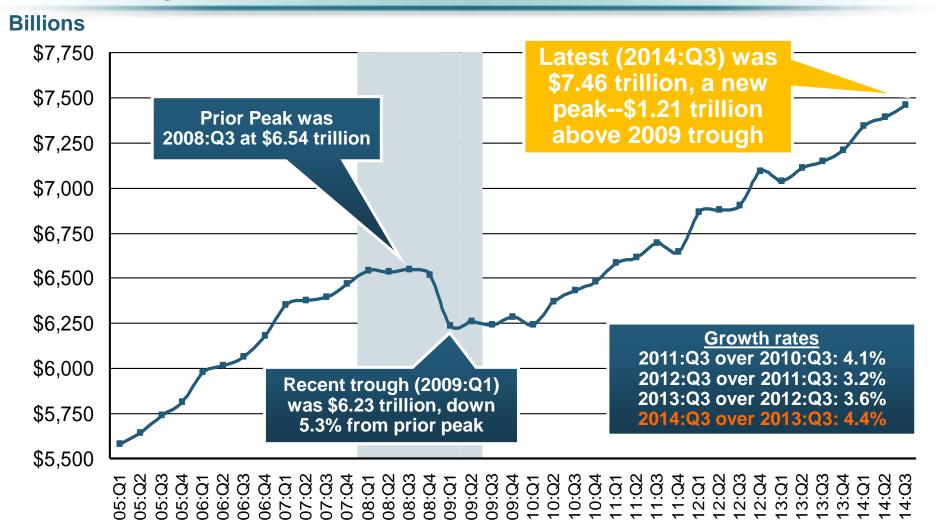
Monthly Change in Private Employment



Private Employers Added 11.20 million Jobs Since Jan. 2010 After Having Shed 5.01 Million Jobs in 2009 and 3.76 Million in 2008 (State and Local Governments Have Shed Hundreds of Thousands of Jobs)

Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics: <u>http://www.bls.gov/ces/home.htm;</u> Insurance Information Institute

Nonfarm Payroll (Wages and Salaries): Quarterly, 2005–2014:Q3

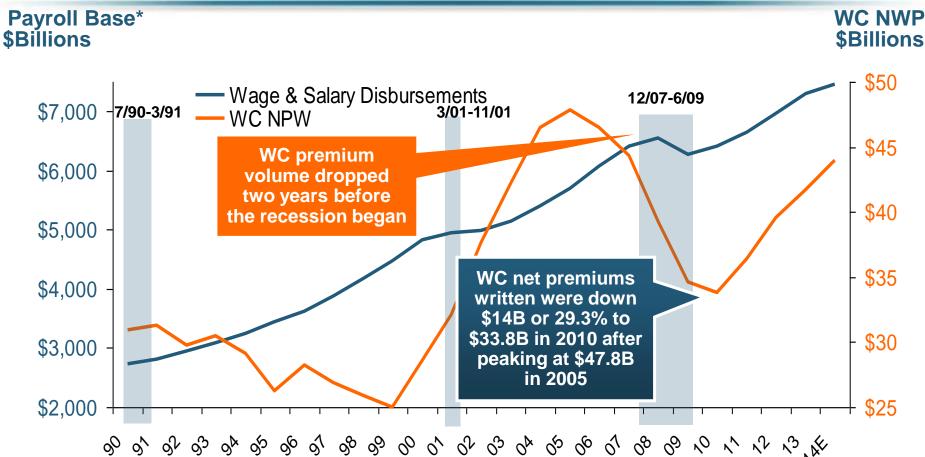


Note: Recession indicated by gray shaded column. Data are seasonally adjusted annual rates.

Sources: <u>http://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/WASCUR;</u> National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institute.

ISURANCE

Payroll vs. Workers Comp Net Written Premiums, 1990-2014P



Continued Payroll Growth and Rate Gains Suggest WC NWP Will Grow Again in 2015

*Private employment; Shaded areas indicate recessions. WC premiums for 2014 are I.I.I. estimates.. Sources: NBER (recessions); Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis at <u>http://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/WASCUR</u>; NCCI; I.I.I.

INSURANCE

Construction Employment, Jan. 2010—December 2014*





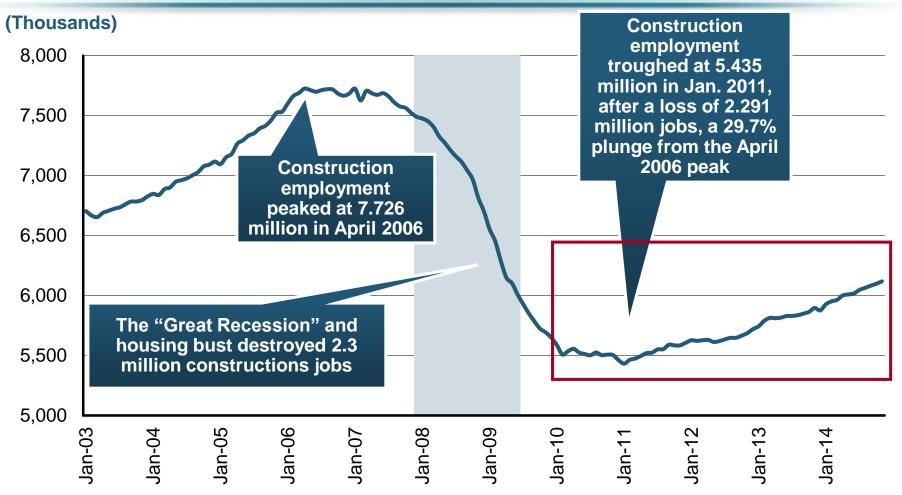
Construction and manufacturing employment constitute 1/3 of all workers comp payroll exposure.

*Seasonally adjusted; Dec and Nov 2014 are preliminary

Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics at http://data.bls.gov; Insurance Information Institute.

Construction Employment, Jan. 2003–December 2014





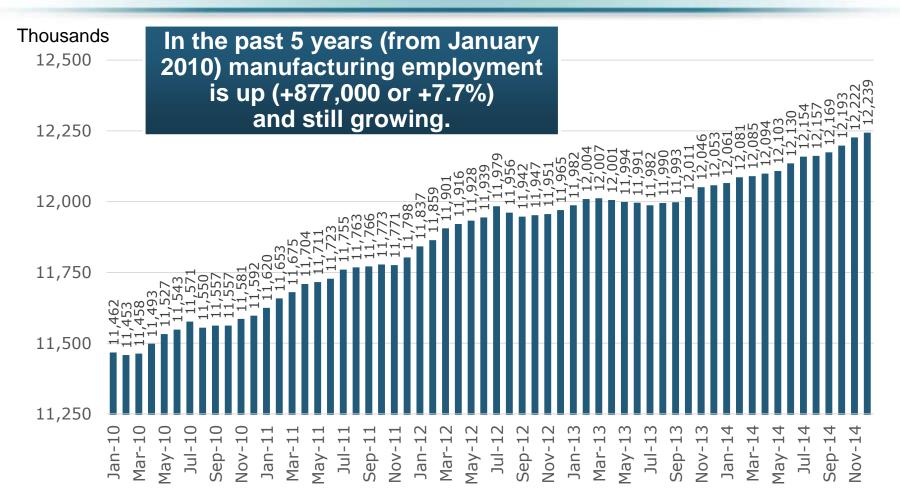
The Construction Sector Could Be a Growth Leader in 2015 as the Housing Market, Private Investment and Govt. Spending Recover.

Note: Recession indicated by gray shaded column.

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; Insurance Information Institute.

Manufacturing Employment, January 2010—December 2014*



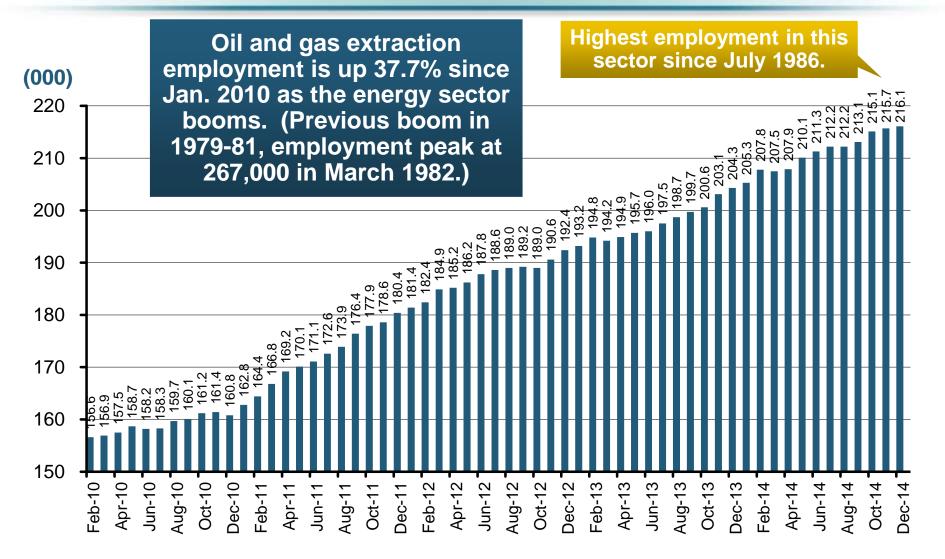


Manufacturing employment is a surprising source of strength in the economy. Employment in the sector is at a multi-year high.

*Seasonally adjusted; Dec and Nov 2013 are preliminary Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics at <u>http://data.bls.gov</u>; Insurance Information Institute.

Employment in Oil & Gas Extraction, Jan. 2010—Dec. 2014*





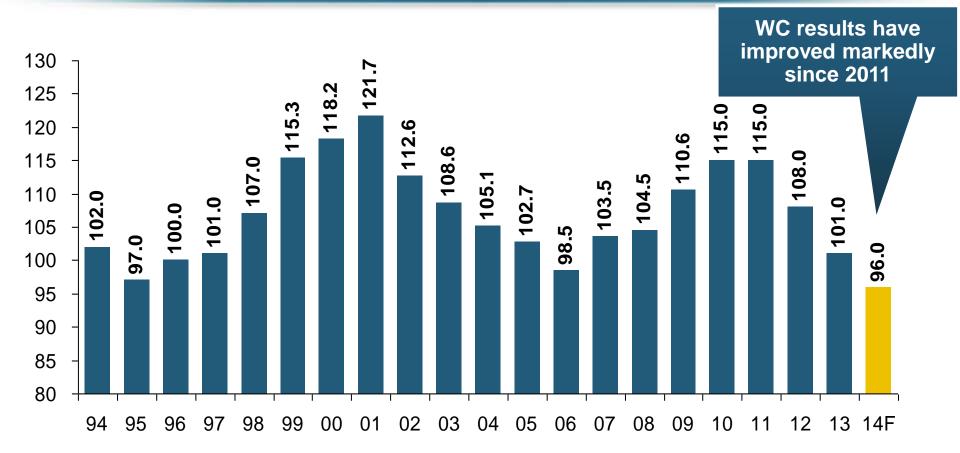
*Seasonally adjusted Sources: US Bureau of Labor Statistics at <u>http://data.bls.gov;</u> Insurance Information Institute.



Workers Compensation Operating Environment

Workers Comp Results Have Improved Substantially in Recent Years

Workers Compensation Combined Ratio: 1994–2014E

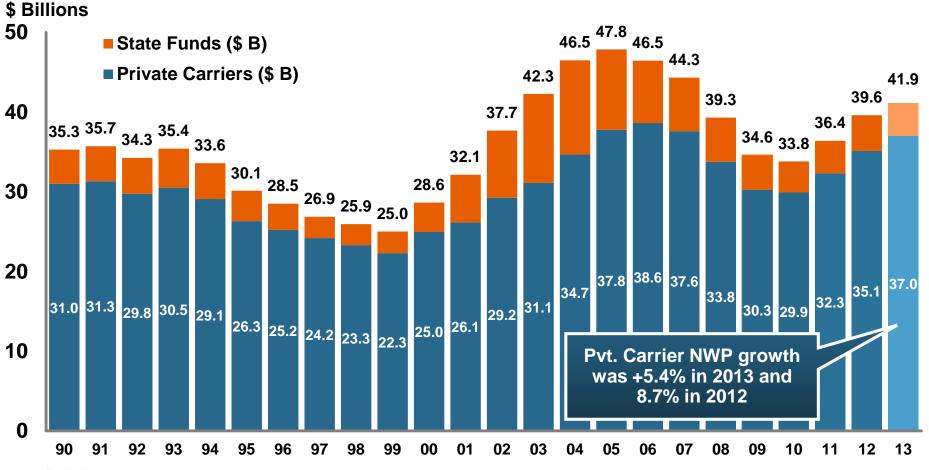


Workers Comp Results Began to Improve in 2012. Underwriting Results Deteriorated Markedly from 2007-2010/11 and Were the Worst They Had Been in a Decade.

Sources: A.M. Best (1994-2009); NCCI (2010-2014F) and are for private carriers only; Insurance Information Institute.

Workers Compensation Premium: Third Consecutive Year of Increase

Net Written Premium



NSURANCE

p Preliminary

Source: 1990–2013p Private Carriers, Annual Statement Data, NCCI.

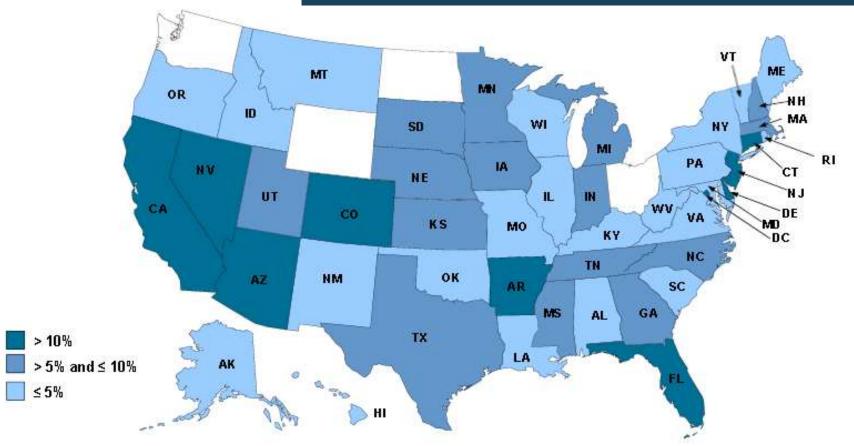
1996–2013p State Funds: AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, KY, LA, MD, MO, MT, NM, OK, OR, RI, TX, UT Annual Statements State Funds available for 1996 and subsequent

2013 Workers Compensation Direct Written Premium Growth, by State*



PRIVATE CARRIERS: Overall 2013 Growth = +5.4%

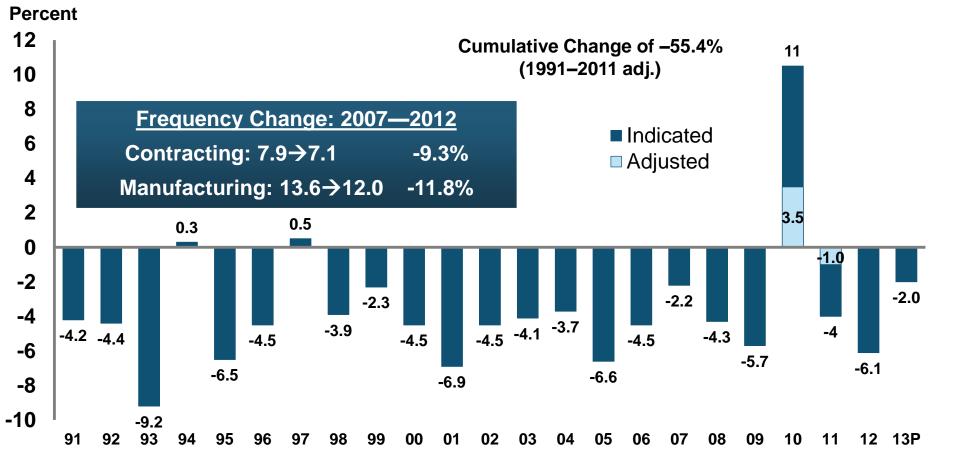
While growth rates varied widely, all states experienced positive growth in 2013



*Excludes monopolistic fund states (in white): OH, ND, WA and WY. Source: NCCI.

Workers Compensation Lost-Time Claim Frequency Declined in 2013





Accident Year

2013p: Preliminary based on data valued as of 12/31/2013

*Adjustments primarily due to significant audit activity.

1991–2012: Based on data through 12/31/2012, developed to ultimate

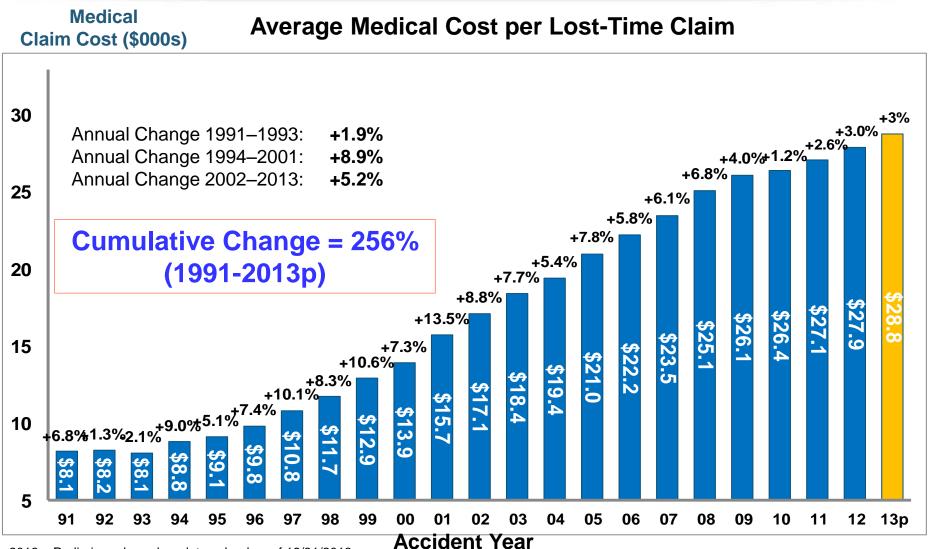
Based on the states where NCCI provides ratemaking services, including state funds; excludes high deductible policies

Frequency is the number of lost-time claims per \$1M pure premium at current wage and voluntary loss cost level

Source: NCCI.

INSURANCE

Workers Compensation Medical Severity Moderate Increase in 2013

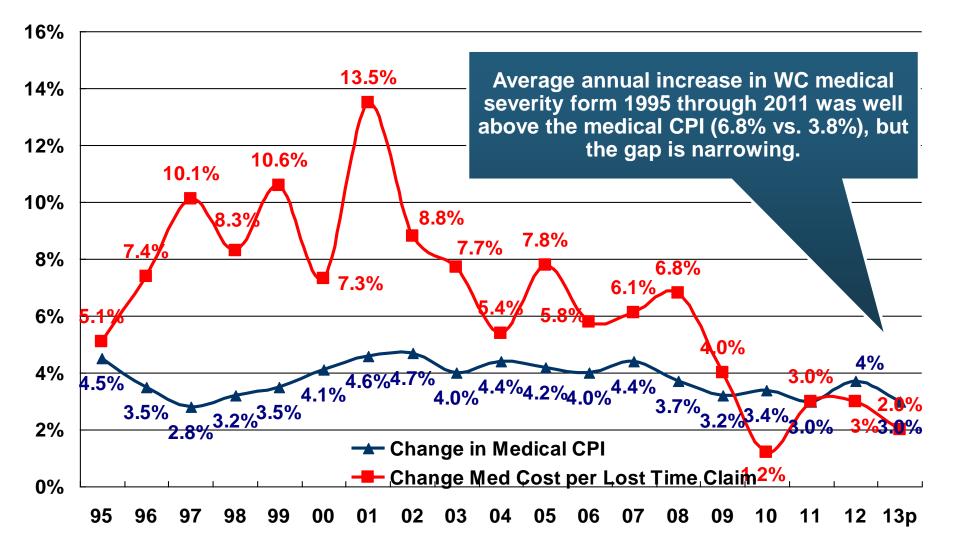


2013p: Preliminary based on data valued as of 12/31/2013.

1991-2012: Based on data through 12/31/2012, developed to ultimate

Based on the states where NCCI provides ratemaking services including state funds, excluding WV; Excludes high deductible policies.

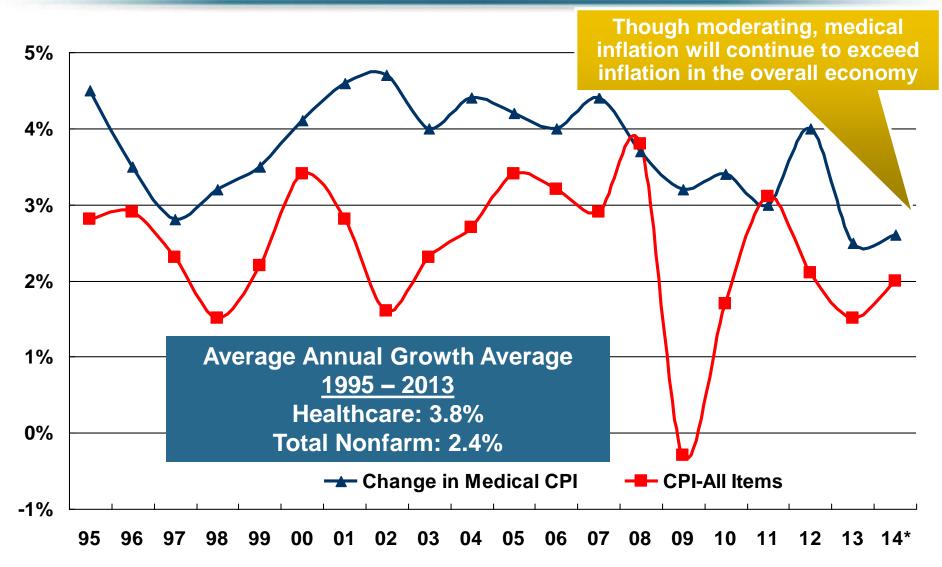
WC Medical Severity Generally Outpaces the Medical CPI Rate



Sources: Med CPI from US Bureau of Labor Statistics, WC med severity from NCCI based on NCCI states.

Medical Cost Inflation vs. Overall CPI, 1995 – 2014*



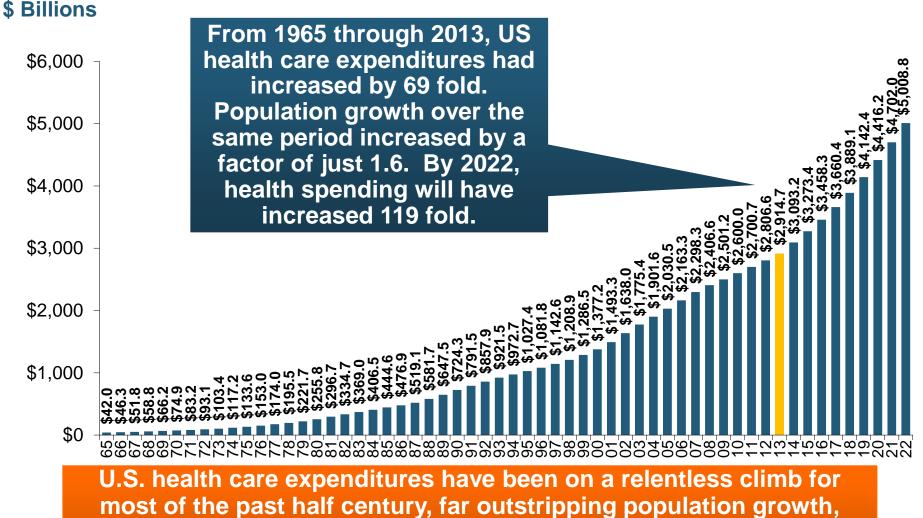


*July 2014 compared to July 2013.

Sources: Med CPI from US Bureau of Labor Statistics, WC med severity from NCCI based on NCCI states.

U.S. Health Care Expenditures, 1965–2022F



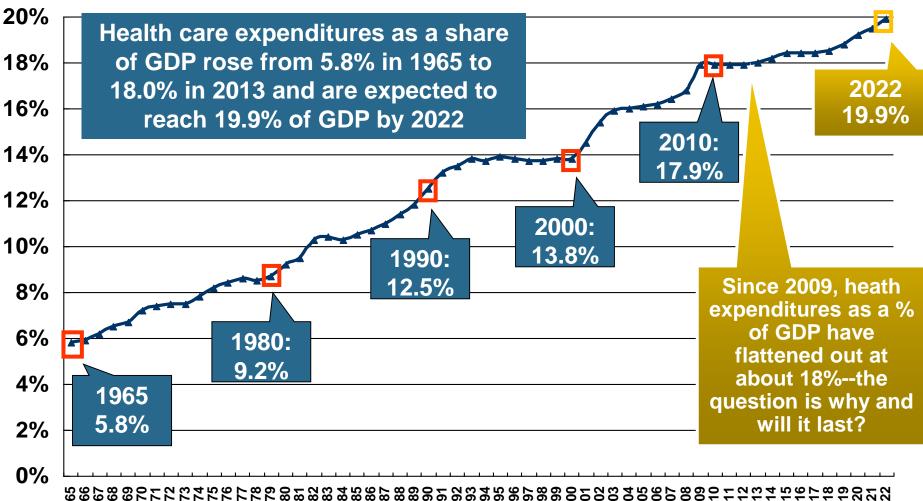


inflation of GDP growth

Sources: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary at http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/NationalHealthExpendData/NationalHealthAccountsProjected.html accessed 3/14/14; Insurance Information Institute.

National Health Care Expenditures as a Share of GDP, 1965 – 2022F*





Sources: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary at <u>http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/NationalHealthExpendData/NationalHealthAccountsProjected.html</u> accessed 3/14/14; Insurance Information Institute.

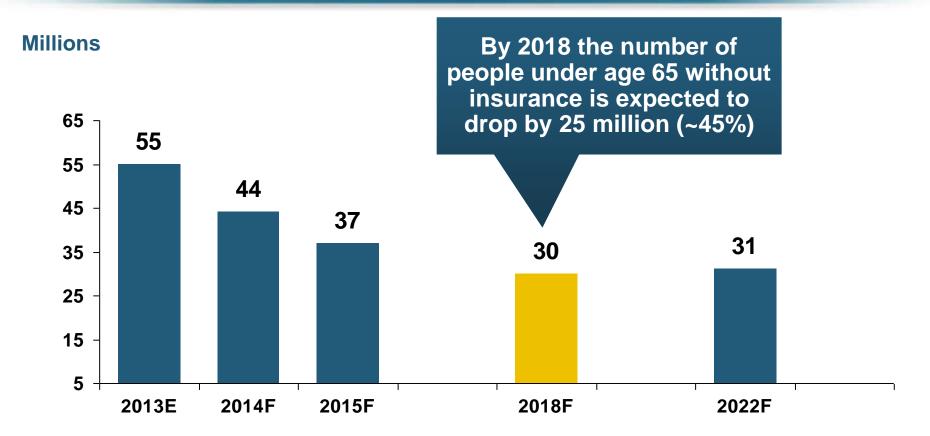


The Affordable Care Act & Implications for P/C Insurance

The ACA Is Now Being Fully Implemented; Consequences for P/C Insurance Are Yet to Be Determined

Projected Number of People with No Health Insurance, 2013—2022*





The projected decline in the uninsured population is very sensitive to the enrollment rate under the Affordable Care Act

*Under age 65.

Sources: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary at http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/NationalHealthExpendData/NationalHealthAccountsProjected.html accessed 3/14/14; Insurance Information Institute.

A Few Potential Impacts of the ACA on Workers Compensation



Issue	Concern	Contravening Argument		
Surge in People Covered by Health Insurance	 System is overwhelmed MD shortage Patient care adversely impacted 	 Over time, people will have access to preventative care, improving the general health of the population Greater use of PA's, etc. Computerization of patient data could help flag issues and improve risk management and improve patient outcomes 		
Electronic Health Records	• Cost			
Claim Shifting	 Provider/patient may prefer claim handled via WC system 	 Reduction in uninsured population reduces shifting 		
Reimbursement Rates	Cuts in MC reimbursement rates could makes docs less willing to take WC claims	 Impact would be short-lived. All MC-linked states already boost WC reimbursements 		

Source: Insurance Information Institute research; WCRI.

ACA Impact on WC May Occur via Changes in Rates Set by State Regulators

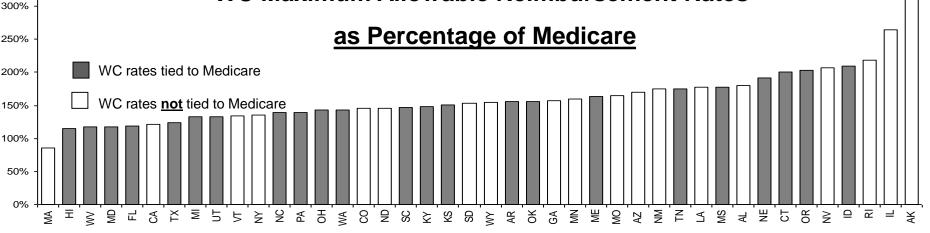


- WC rates often tied to Medicare but can change for reasons independent of this link
- There could be both positive and negative effects of a cut in Medicare rates on WC performance in states which tie reimbursement to Medicare
 - WC reimbursement rates would go down
 - Doctors may be unwilling to see WC patients:
 - 64% of Dr.'s surveyed said they would stop accepting new Medicare patients if planned rate cuts go through; some of these same doctors may also refuse WC patients if WC rates also decrease
- These effects would likely be short lived

350%

All states which tie their fee schedules to Medicare already increase the Medicare rates to set WC rates, so any drop in the Medicare rates would likely be soon offset by a higher WC adjustment

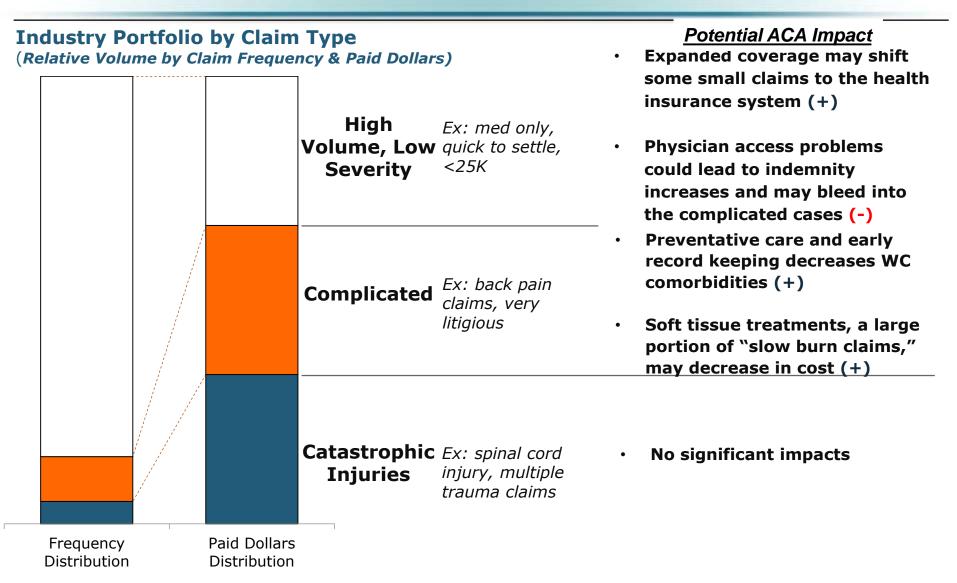
WC Maximum Allowable Reimbursement Rates



SOURCE: NCCI Annual Issues Symposium 2009, Medicare's Impact on Workers' Compensation, AMA: "Physicians' reactions to the Medicare physician payment cuts."

PPACA May Have Distinct Impacts on WC Depending on Claim Frequency/Severity





SOURCE: Christopher Cunniff, FCAS, Impacts of Healthcare Reform on Workers Compensation.

Possible Effects on Workers Comp



1. Could slow the growth in WC medical care costs

 IPAB recommendations and PCORI reports, plus Medicare changes, could have beneficial effects on cost and treatment effectiveness

2. Could ACA be first step in federal regulation of insurance products and markets?

- Will regulation like that requiring products to be priced to meet Medical Loss Ratios be applied to WC?
- Will cost-control mechanisms such as the Independent Payment Advisory Board be developed for WC?
- Will WC insurers lose their limited exemption from anti-trust laws that they have had under McCarran-Ferguson since 1945?

Potential Impacts of the ACA on Medical Professional Liability



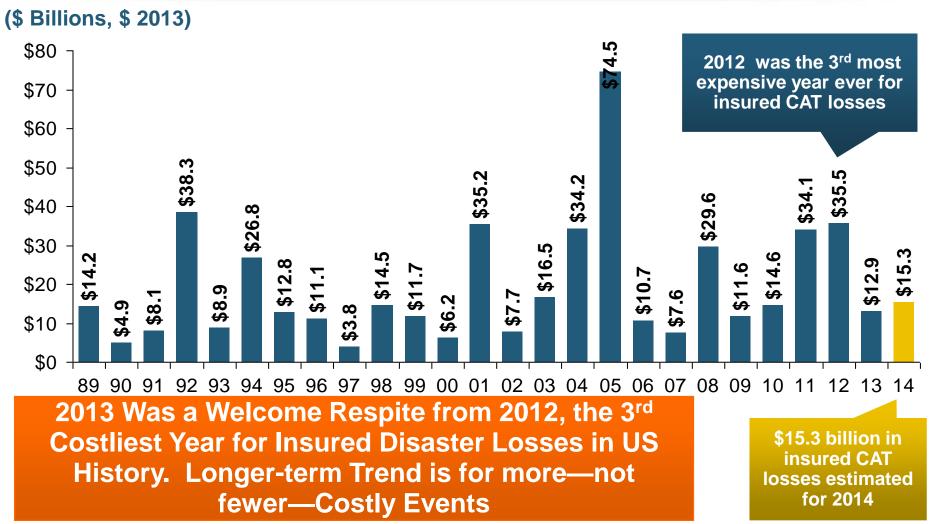
Issue	Concern	Contravening Argument	
Surge in People Covered by Health Insurance	 System is overwhelmed Doctors spend less time on patients Patient care adversely impacted 	 Over time, people will have access to preventative care, improving the general health of the population People are receiving care already via suboptimal channels Less use of ERs 	
Electronic Health Records	 Digitization could create a treasure trove of data for plaintiff attorneys 	 Computerization of patient data could help flag issues and improve risk management and improve patient outcomes 	
MPL Claim Severity	More large verdicts will	 ACA will help contain system costs 	



U.S. Insured Catastrophe Loss Update

2014 Experiencing Below Average CAT Activity Following a Welcome Respite in 2013 from Very High CAT Losses in 2011/12

U.S. Insured Catastrophe Losses



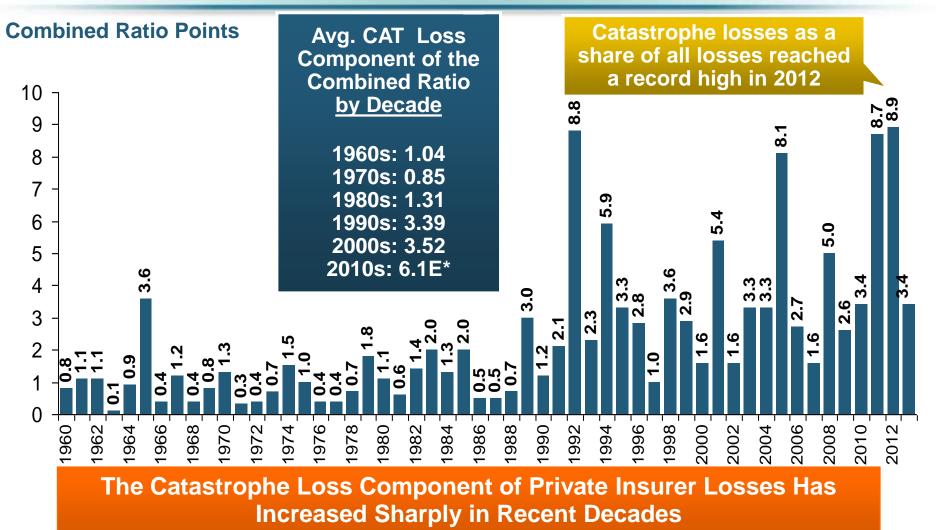
*Through 12/31/14.

Note: 2001 figure includes \$20.3B for 9/11 losses reported through 12/31/01 (\$25.9B 2011 dollars). Includes only business and personal property claims, business interruption and auto claims. Non-prop/BI losses = \$12.2B (\$15.6B in 2011 dollars.)

Sources: Property Claims Service/ISO; Insurance Information Institute.

NSUDANCE

Combined Ratio Points Associated with Catastrophe Losses: 1960 – 2013*

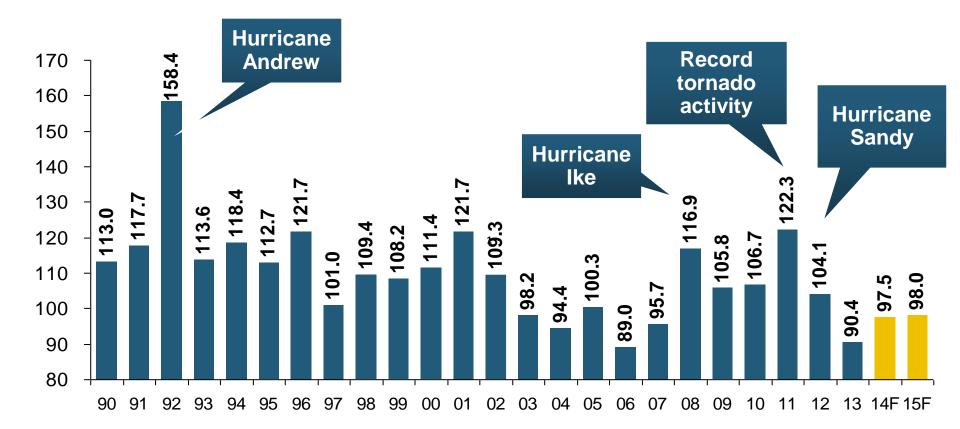


*2010s represent 2010-2013.

Notes: Private carrier losses only. Excludes loss adjustment expenses and reinsurance reinstatement premiums. Figures are adjusted for losses ultimately paid by foreign insurers and reinsurers.

Source: ISO (1960-2011); A.M. Best (2012E) Insurance Information Institute.

Homeowners Insurance Combined Ratio: 1990–2015F

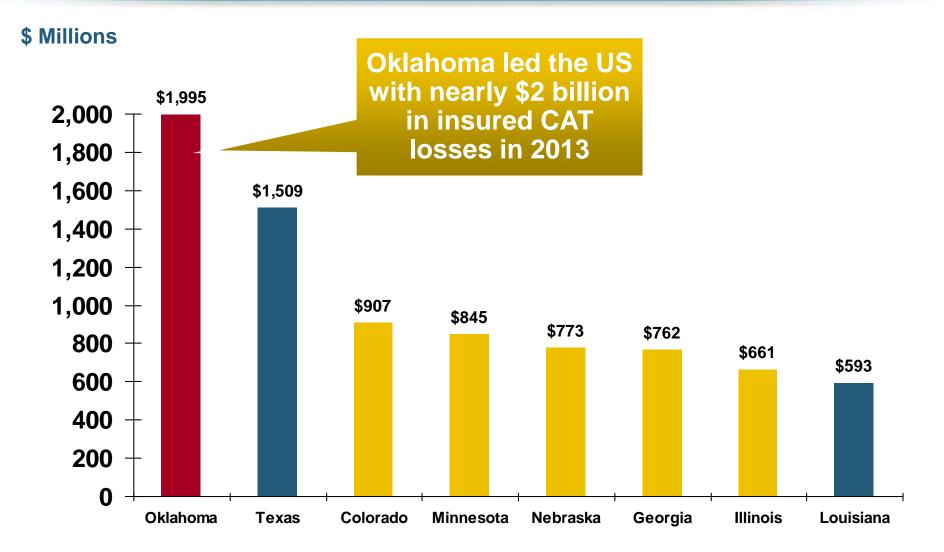


Homeowners Performance in 2011/12 Impacted by Large Cat Losses but Lower CATs Helped 2013. Extreme Regional Variation Can Be Expected Due to Local Catastrophe Loss Activity

Sources: A.M. Best (1990-2013); Insurance Information Institute (2014E-2015F).

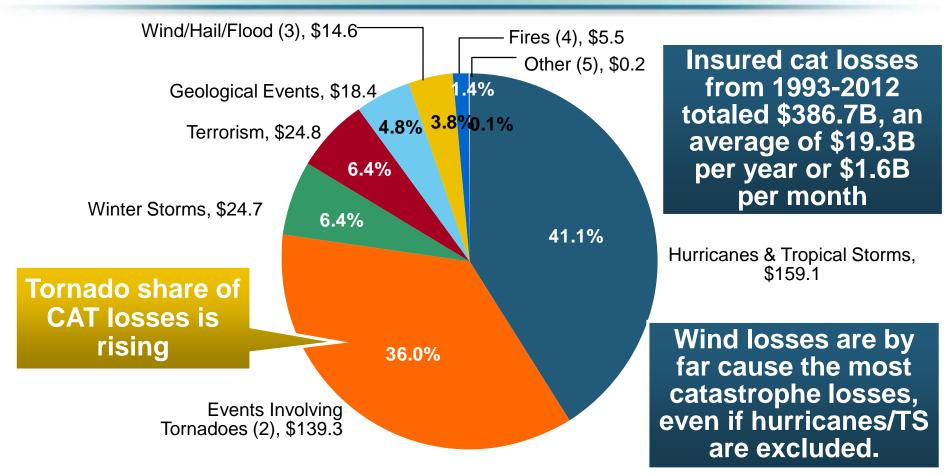
Top 8 States for Insured Catastrophe Losses, 2013





Source: The Property Claim Services (PCS) unit of ISO, a Verisk Analytics company.

Inflation Adjusted U.S. Catastrophe Losses by Cause of Loss, 1994–2013¹



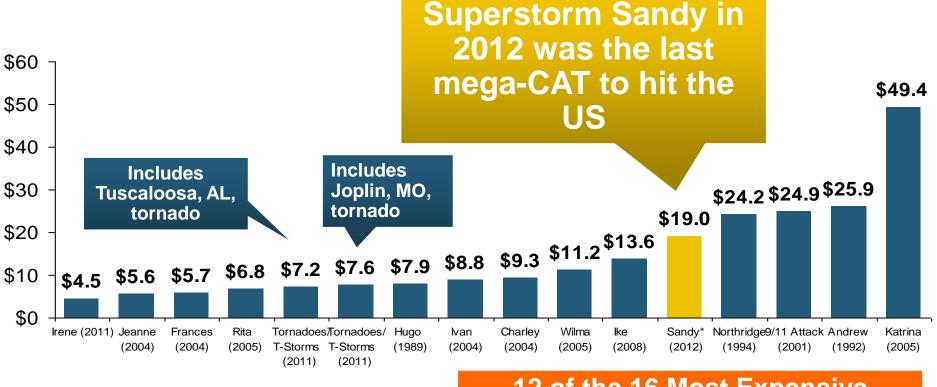
- 1. Catastrophes are defined as events causing direct insured losses to property of \$25 million or more in 2013 dollars.
- 2. Excludes snow.
- 3. Does not include NFIP flood losses
- 4. Includes wildland fires

5. Includes civil disorders, water damage, utility disruptions and non-property losses such as those covered by workers compensation. Source: ISO's Property Claim Services Unit.

Top 16 Most Costly Disasters in U.S. History

INSURANCE INFORMATION INSTITUTE

(Insured Losses, 2013 Dollars, \$ Billions)



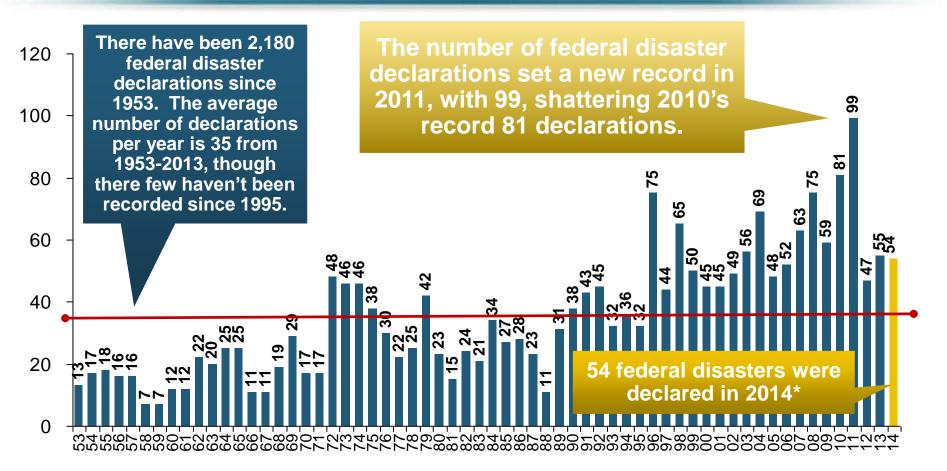
12 of the 16 Most Expensive Events in US History Have Occurred Over the Past Decade



Federal Disaster Declarations Patterns: 1953-2014

Disaster Declarations Set New Records in Recent Years

Number of Federal Major Disaster Declarations, 1953-2014*

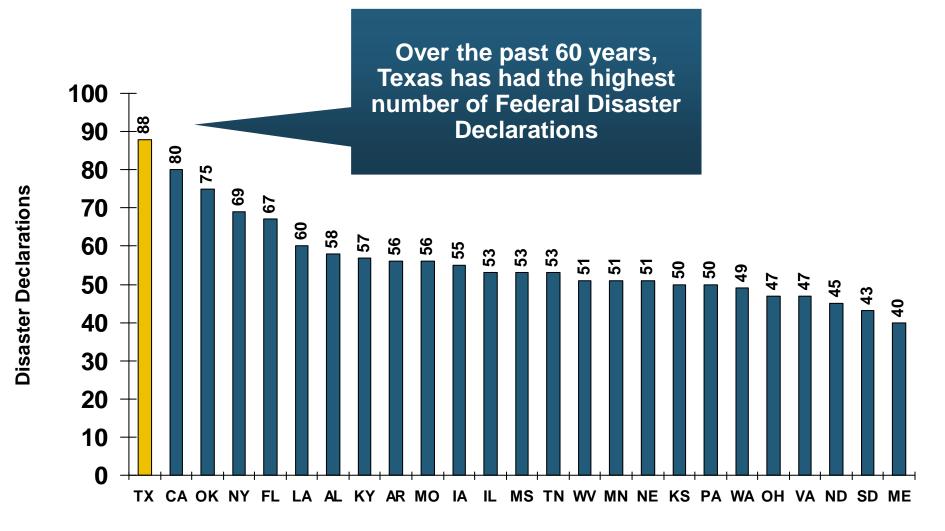


The Number of Federal Disaster Declarations Is Rising and Set New Records in 2010 and 2011 Before Dropping in 2012-2014

*Through December 31, 2014.

Source: Federal Emergency Management Administration; http://www.fema.gov/disasters; Insurance Information Institute.

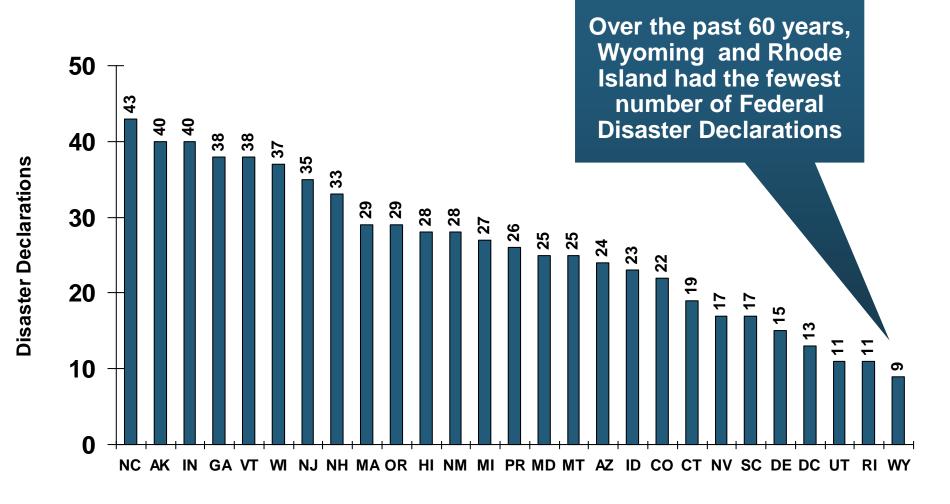
Federal Disasters Declarations by State, 1953 – 2014: Highest 25 States*



*Through December 31, 2014. Includes Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia.

Source: FEMA: <u>http://www.fema.gov/news/disaster_totals_annual.fema;</u> Insurance Information Institute.

Federal Disasters Declarations by State, 1953 – 2014: Lowest 25 States*

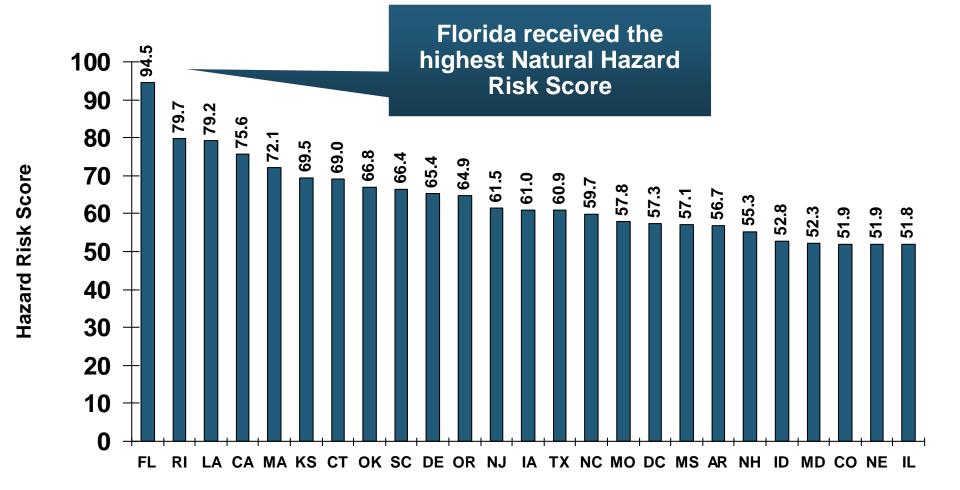


*Through December 31, 2014. Includes Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia.

Source: FEMA: <u>http://www.fema.gov/news/disaster_totals_annual.fema;</u> Insurance Information Institute.

Natural Hazard Risk Scores, 2014 Highest 25 States*



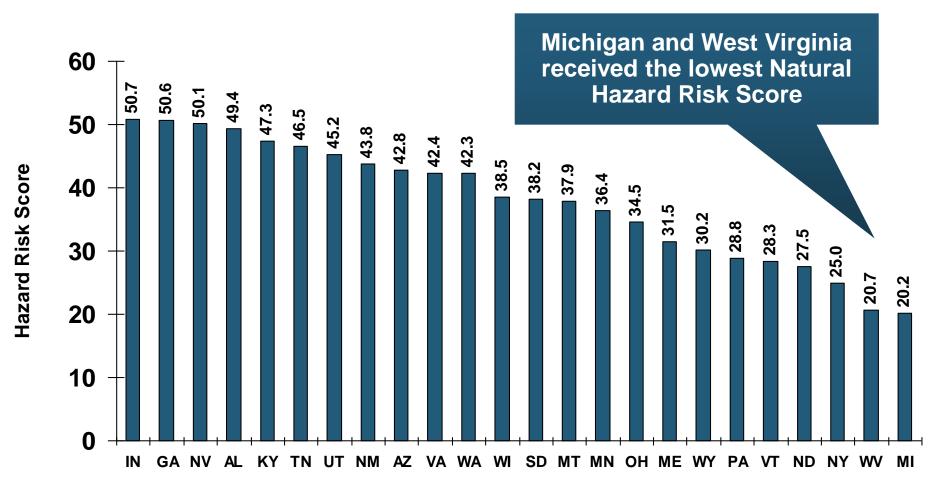


Note: Score is based on data on 9 natural hazards: flood, wildfire, tornado, storm surge, earthquake, straight-line wind, hurricane, wind, hail and sinkhole.

*Analysis Includes DC. Excludes Alaska and Hawaii due to limited natural hazard risk data.

Sources: CoreLogic release "CoreLogic Identifies US States at Highest Risk of Property Damage Loss from Natural Hazards," Sept. 10, 2014; Insurance Information Institute.

Natural Hazard Risk Scores, 2014 Bottom 24 States*



Note: Score is based on data on 9 natural hazards: flood, wildfire, tornado, storm surge, earthquake, straight-line wind, hurricane, wind, hail and sinkhole.

*Analysis Includes DC. Excludes Alaska and Hawaii due to limited natural hazard risk data.

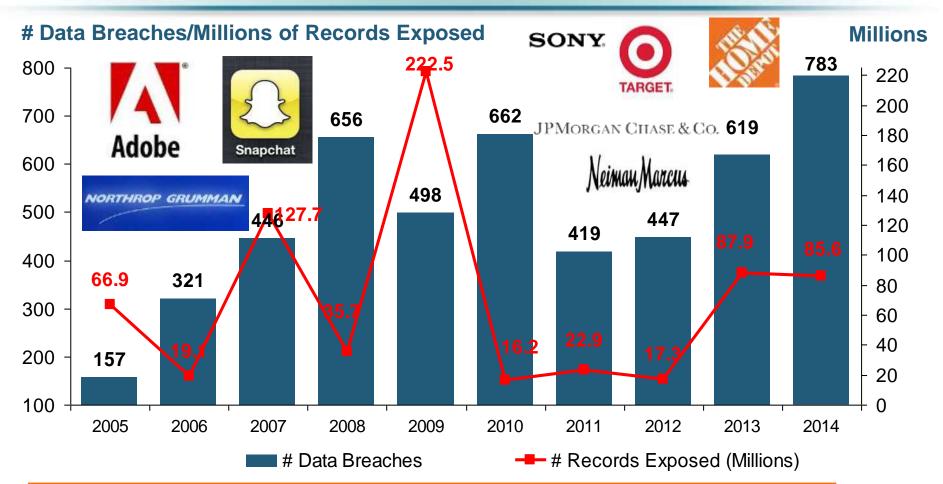
Sources: CoreLogic release "CoreLogic Identifies US States at Highest Risk of Property Damage Loss from Natural Hazards," Sept. 10, 2014; Insurance Information Institute.



CYBER RISK & CYBER INSURANCE

Cyber Risk is a Rapidly Emerging Exposure for Businesses Large and Small in Every Industry Rapidly Increasing Interest from Businesses, Media & Public Policymakers

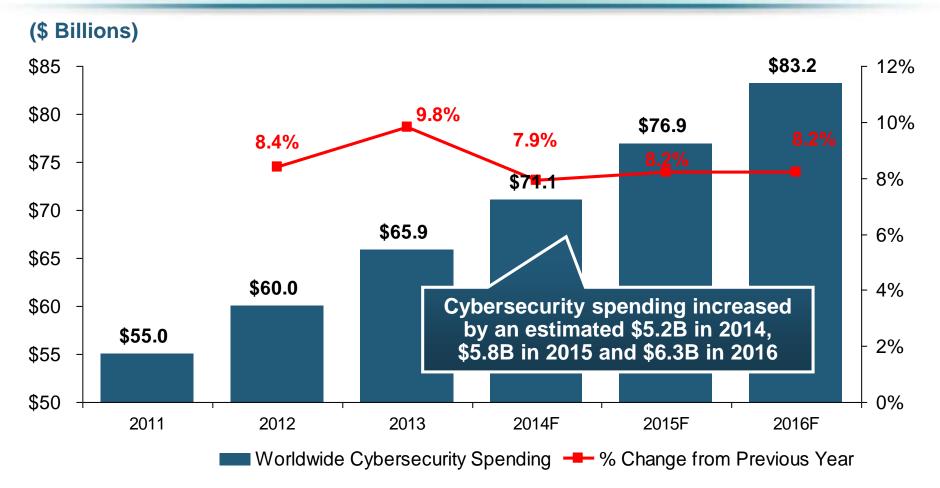
Data Breaches 2005-2014, by Number of Breaches and Records Exposed



The Total Number of Data Breaches Rose 28% While the Number of Records Exposed Was Relatively Flat (-2.6%)

* 2014 figures as of Jan. 12, 2014 from the ITRC. Source: Identity Theft Resource Center.

Worldwide Cybersecurity Spending, 2011-2016F

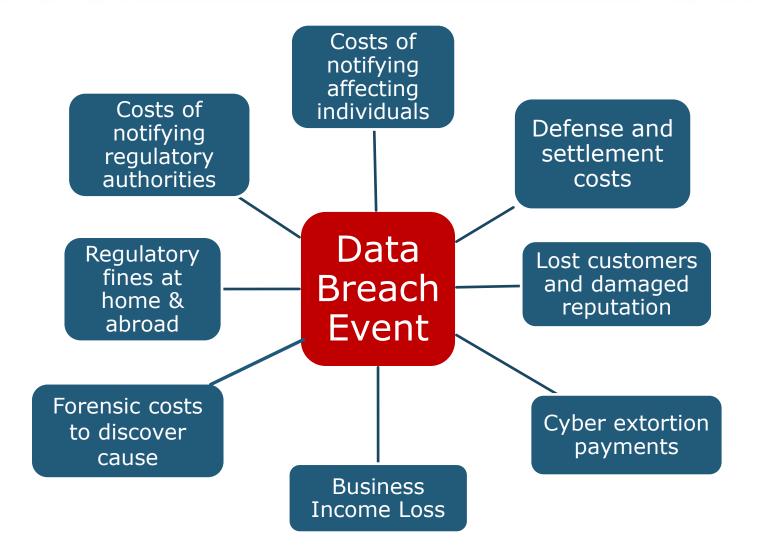


Cybersecurity Spending Is Rising Sharply, Up by About 8%+ Annually through 2016—a Projected Increase of \$12.1 Billion from 2014 to 2016

168

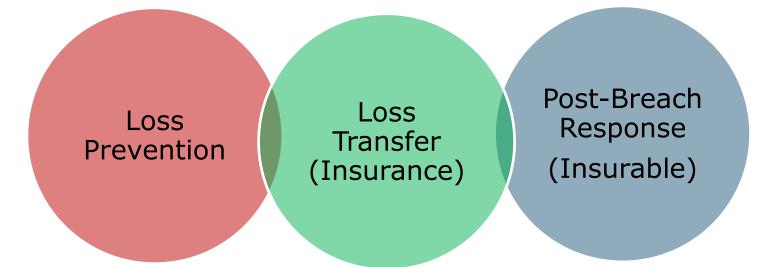
Source: Gartner Group; Insurance Information Institute; Adapted from Wall Street Journal: "Financial Firms Boost Cybersecurity Funds," Nov. 17, 2014.

Data/Privacy Breach: Many Potential Costs Can Be Insured



INSURANCE

The Three Basic Elements of Cyber Coverage: Prevention, Transfer, Response



Cyber risk management today involves three essential components, each designed to reduce, mitigate or avoid loss. An increasing number of cyber risk products offered by insurers today provide all three.

I.I.I. Released its Second Cyber Report in 2014: Cyber Risk: The Growing Threat



INSURANCE INFORMATION INSTITUTE

CYBER RISKS: THE GROWING THREAT

JUNE 2014

Robert P. Hartwig, Ph. D. CPCU Prelident & Economist (212) 346-5520 bobh @ill.org

Caire Vilkini on Coniultant (5.17.) 455-6457 claire w@li.org

- I.I.I.'s 2nd report on cyber risk released June 2014
- Provides information on cyber threats and insurance market solutions
- Global cyber risk overview
 - Quantification of threats by type and industry
- Cyber security and cost of attacks
- Cyber terrorism
- Cyber liability
- Insurance market for cyber risk
- **3**rd Report in Q2 2015

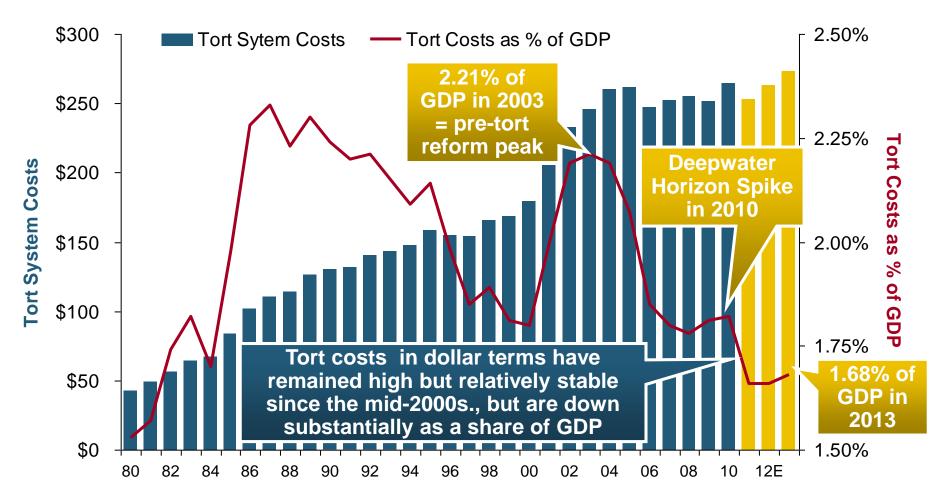


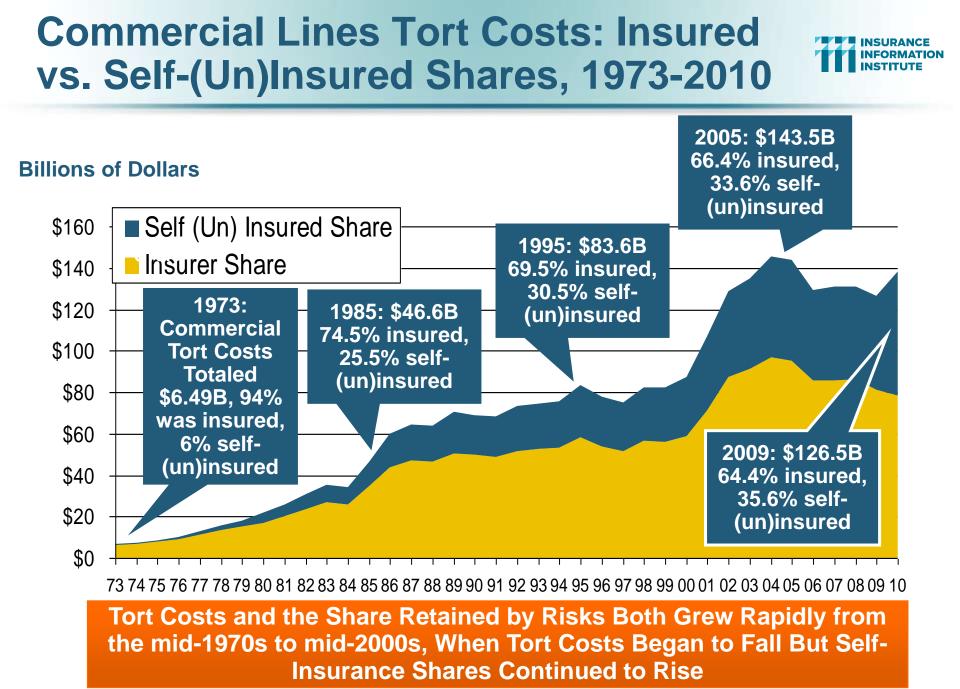
Shifting Legal Liability & Tort Environment

Will the Tort Pendulum Swing Against Insurers?

Over the Last Three Decades, Total Tort Costs as a % of GDP Appear Somewhat Cyclical, 1980-2013E



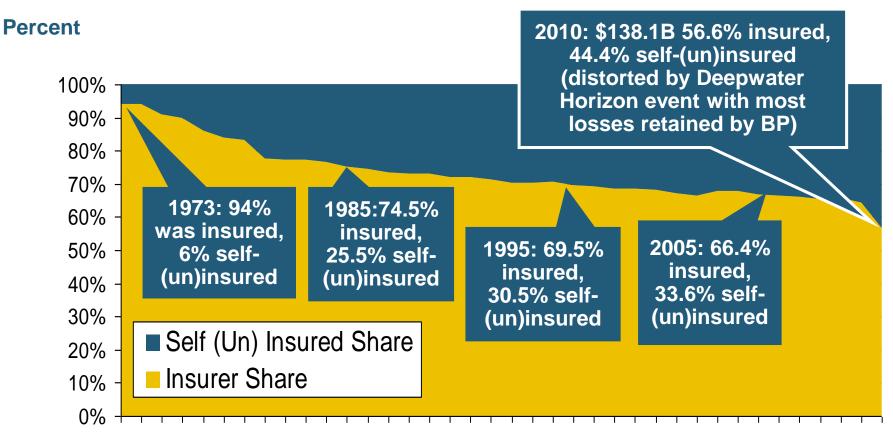




Sources: Towers Watson, 2011 Update on US Tort Cost Trends, III Calculations based on data from Appendix 4.

Commercial Lines Tort Costs: Insured vs. Self-(Un)Insured Shares, 1973-2010





73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10

The Share of Tort Costs Retained by Risks Has Been Steadily Increasing for Nearly 40 Years. This Trend Contributes Has Left Insurers With Less Control Over Pricing.

Sources: Towers Watson, 2011 Update on US Tort Cost Trends, III Calculations based on data from Appendix 4.

Business Leaders Ranking of Liability Systems in 2012



Be	est States	States		Worst States		
_ •	aware oraska	New in 2012 Wyoming Minnesota Kansas Idaho	41. 42.	Florida Oklahoma	Newly Notorious	
Wy	oming		43.	Alabama New Mexico	Oklahoma	
	inesota nsas	Drop-offs	44. 45.	Montana	Rising Above	
Idal		 Indiana Colorado Massachusetts South Dakota 	46. 47.	Illinois California	Arkansas	
	ginia th Dakota		48.	Mississippi		
Uta	h		49.	Louisiana		

50.

West Virginia

10. Iowa

1.

2.

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9.

Source: US Chamber of Commerce 2012 State Liability Systems Ranking Study; Insurance Info. Institute.

The Nation's Judicial Hellholes: 2012/2013

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