Mega-Trends Influencing the Workers Compensation Insurance Industry

62nd Annual Workers Compensation Educational Conference Orlando, FL



August 13, 2007

Robert P. Hartwig, Ph.D., CPCU, President
Insurance Information Institute • 110 William Street • New York, NY 10038
Tel: (212) 346-5520 • Fax: (212) 732-1916 • bobh@iii.org • www.iii.org

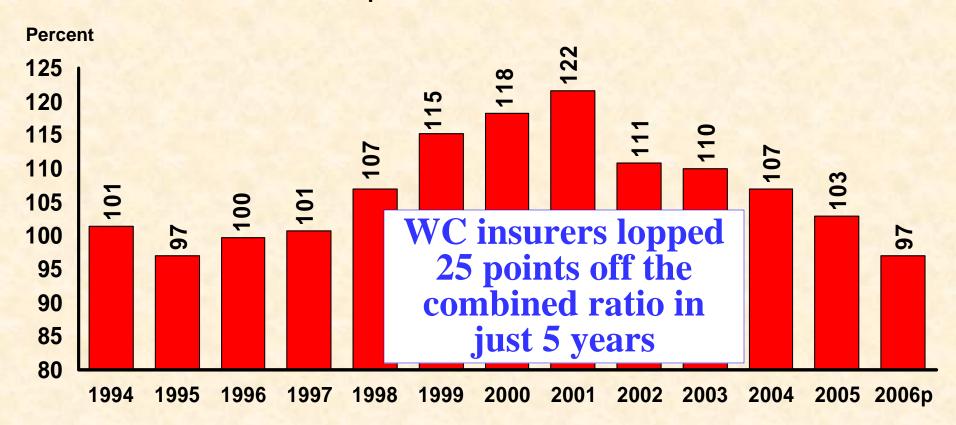
IT'S EASY TO FEEL GOOD ABOUT WORKERS COMP TODAY

Once Disastrous Line, Now Makes Healthy Profit



Workers Comp Combined Ratios, 1994-2006P

Workers Comp Calendar Year - Private Carriers



p Preliminary AY figure.

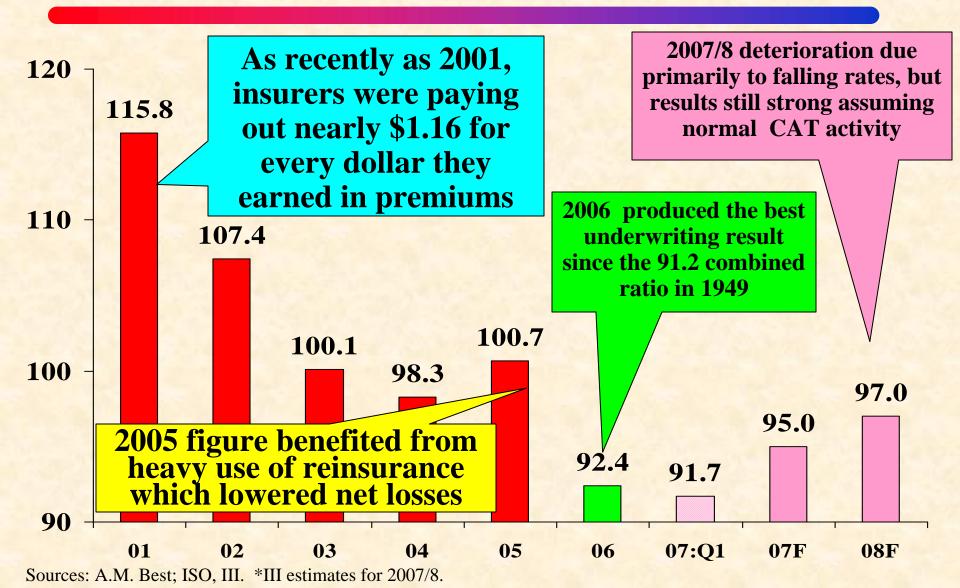
Accident Year data is evaluated as of 12/31/2006 and developed to ultimate

Source: Calendar Years 1994-2005, A.M. Best Aggregates & Averages; Calendar Year 2006p and Accident Years 1994-2006pbased on NCCI Annual Statement Analysis.

Includes dividends to policyholders

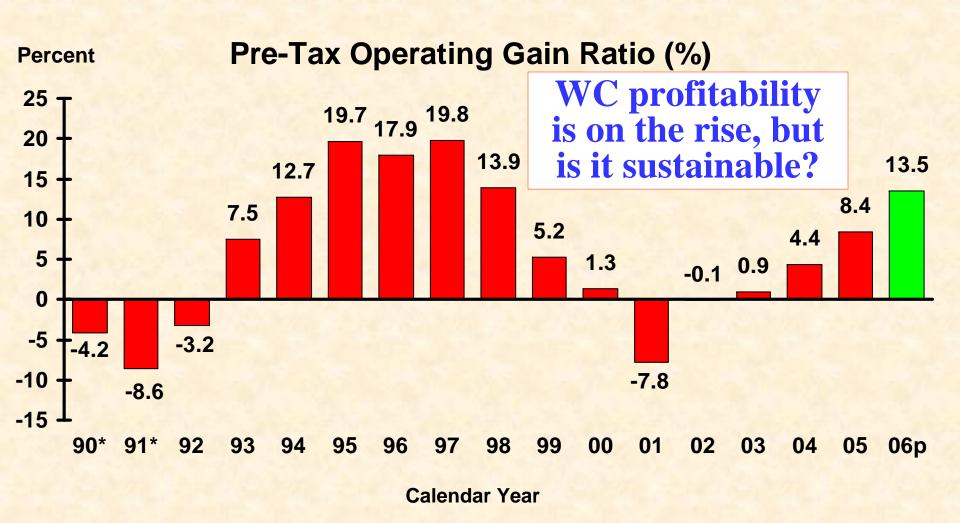
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P/C Insurance Combined Ratio, 2001-2008F





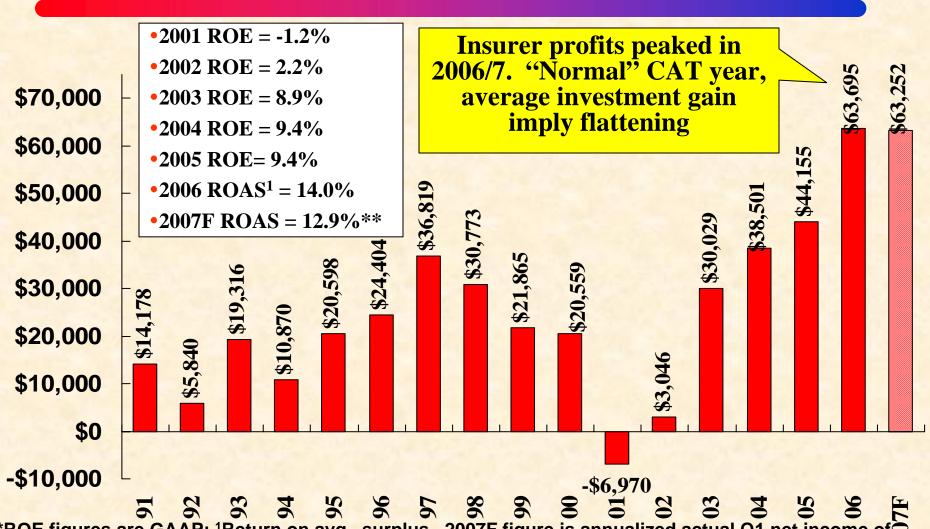
Workers Comp Profitability Is Improving



Source: NCCI

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P/C Net Income After Taxes 1991-2007F (\$ Millions)*



*ROE figures are GAAP; ¹Return on avg. surplus. 2007F figure is annualized actual Q1 net income of \$15.813B **Actual first quarter 2007 result.

Sources: A.M. Best, ISO, Insurance Information Inst.

WHY YOU SHOULD FEEL GOOD ABOUT WHAT YOU DO

Saving Lives, Increasing Productivity and Much More

It's Not Just About the Money



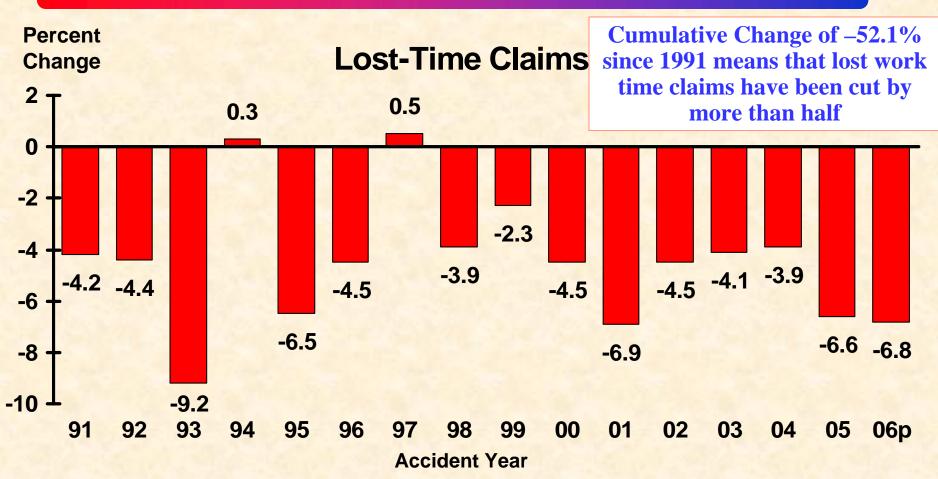
Did You Know That When You Prevent a Workplace Injury You...

- **Keeping Workers Comp Costs Down is Just the Beginning**
- You Help Companies Remain Productive¹
 - > Permanently Disabling Injuries > 565 Lost Future Work Days on Avg.
 - ➤ Fatal Injuries → 5,850 Lost Future Work Days on Average
- You Increase/Preserve Worker Incomes
 - > Seriously Injured Workers Have Lower Lifetime Earnings, on Average
 - > Reduced Likelihood of Filing Bankruptcy
 - **▶** Less Likely to Need Public Assistance
- You Maintain/Improve the Quality of Worker's Home Life
 - ➤ Higher Incidence of Divorce, Substance Abuse, Depression Among **Seriously Injured**

ALL REASONS TO BE PROUD OF WHAT YOU DO!!

¹ US Census Bureau: http://www.census.gov/compendia/statab/tables/07s0639.xls

Workers Comp Lost-Time Claim Frequency Down More than 50% Since 1991

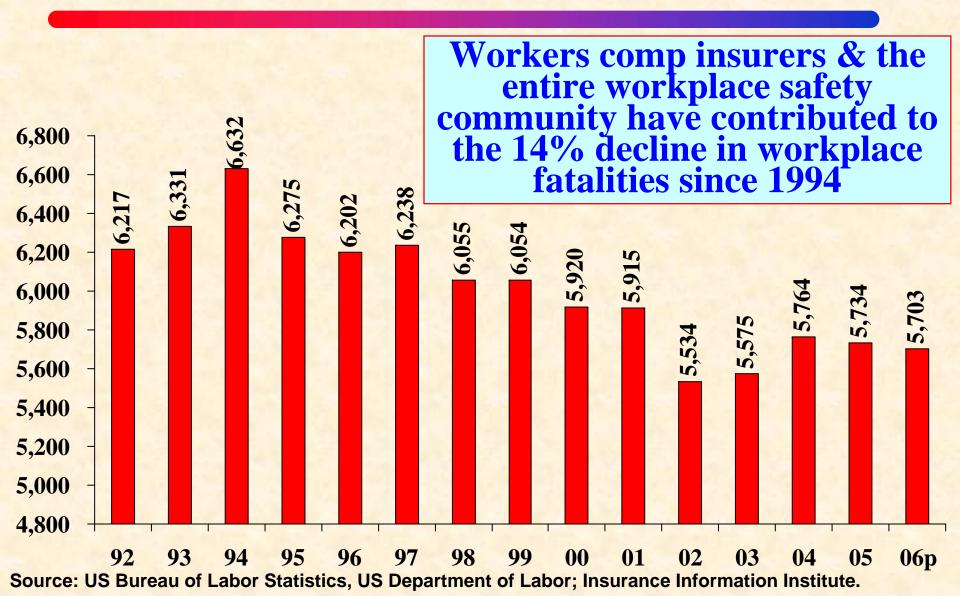


2006p: Preliminary based on data valued as of 12/31/2006 1991-2005: Based on data through 12/31/2005, developed to ultimate Based on the states where NCCI provides ratemaking services

Excludes the effects of deductible policies

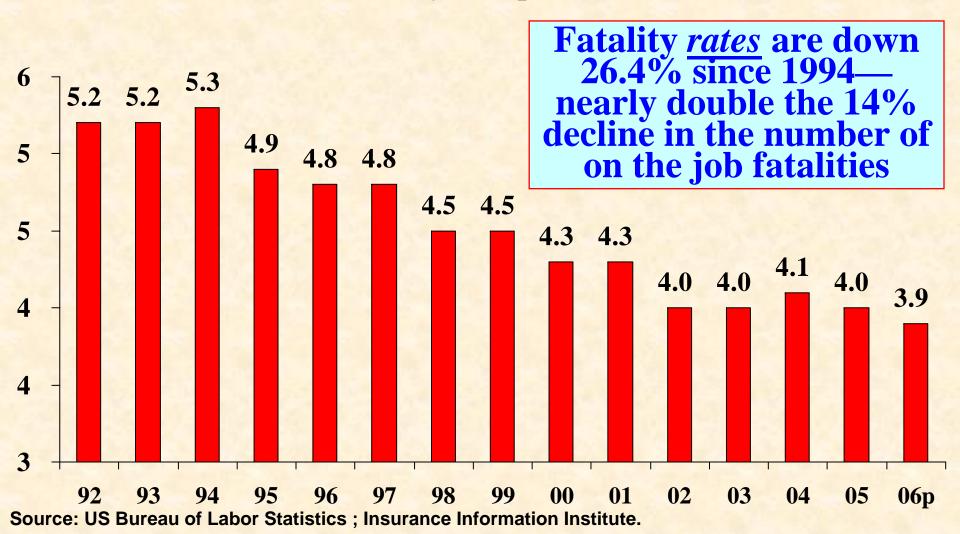
Source: NCCI

Number of Fatal Work Injuries is Continues to Fall, 1992 – 2006p



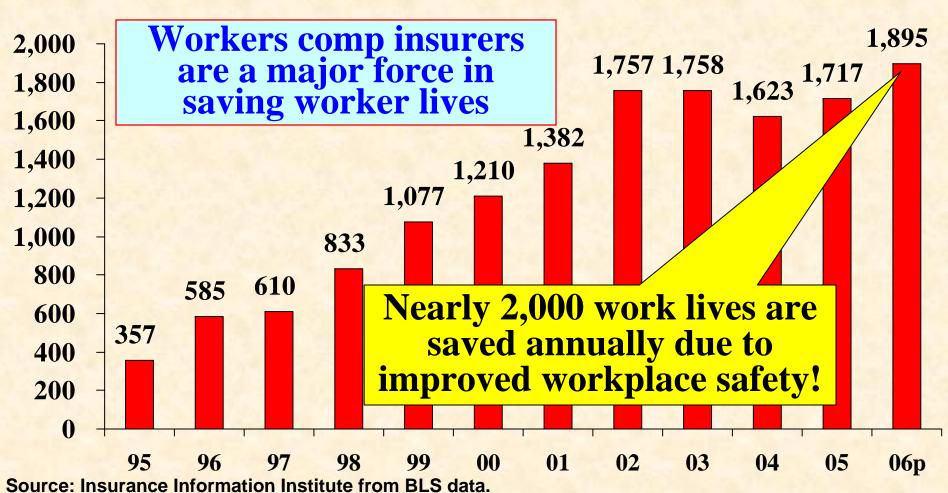
Rate of Fatal Work Injuries Continues to Drop, 1992 – 2006p

Fatal Work Injuries per 100,000 Workers



Lives Saved Due to Reduction in Fatal Work Injury Rate, 1995–2006p

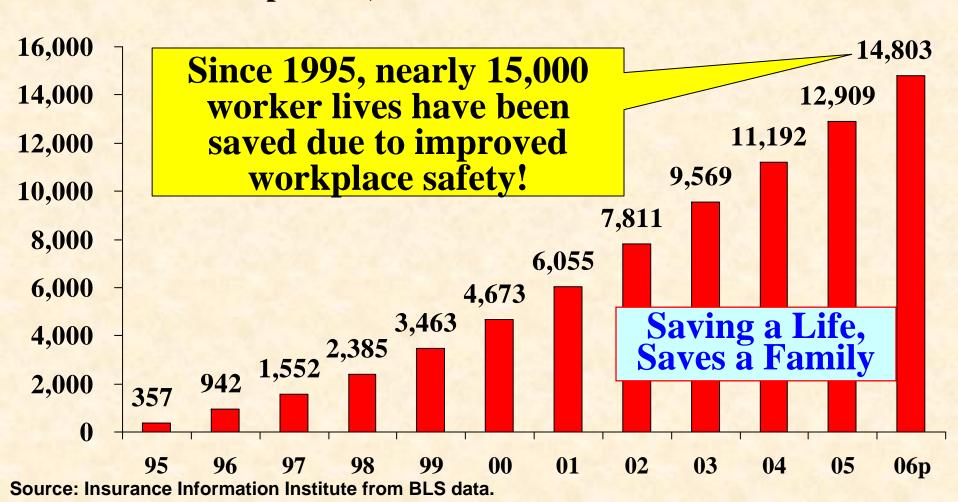
Reduction in Occupational Deaths Due to Fall in Fatality Rate from 5.3 per 100,000 Workers in 1994 to 3.9 in 2006



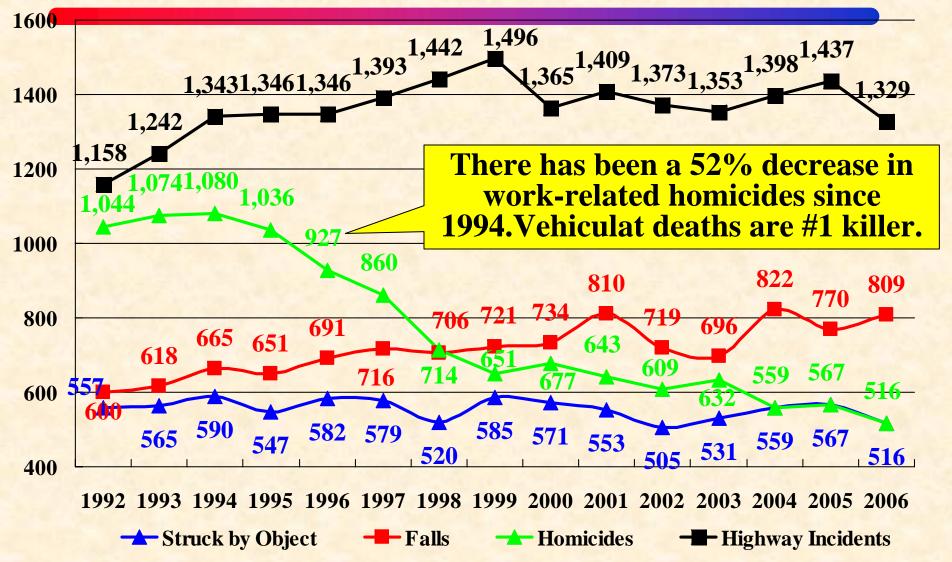


Cumulative Lives Saved Due to Reduction in Fatal Work Injury Rate

Cumulative Lives Saved Due to Fall in Fatality Rate from 5.3 per 100,000 Workers in 1994 to 3.9 in 2006



Four Most Frequent Work-Related Fatal Events, 1992-2006



Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Department of Labor; Insurance Information Institute.

BUT ALAS, THERE ARE MANY CONCERNS Operational, Demographic & Regulatory

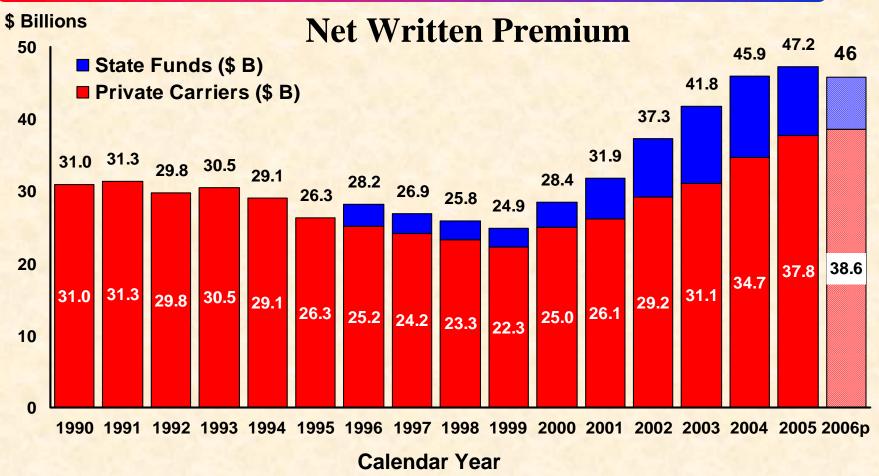
THE SHRINKING PREMIUM BASE

Competition, Leakage Conspire to Shrink WC





Total Workers Compensation Premium Declined in 2006

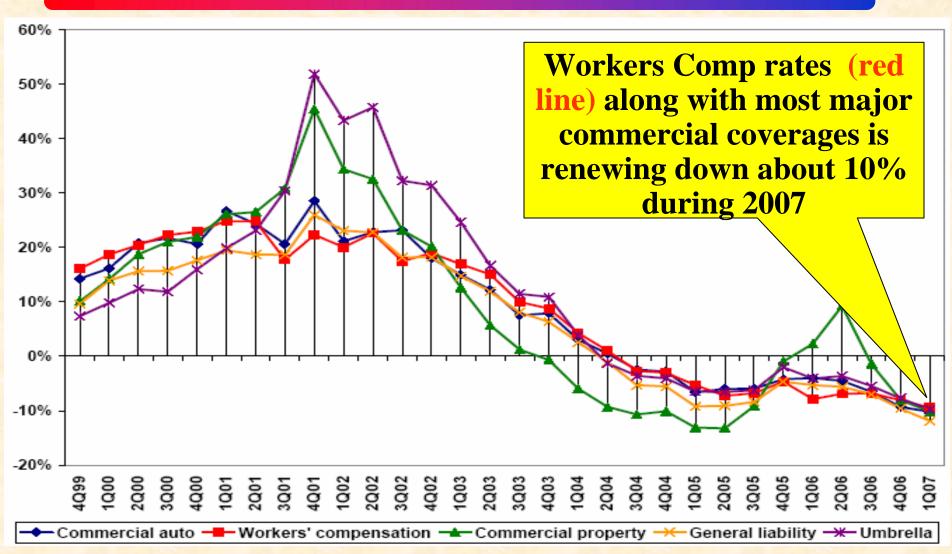


p Preliminary

Source: 1990–2005 Private Carriers, A.M. Best Aggregates & Averages; 2006p, NCCI 1996–2006p State Funds: AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, KY, LA, MO, MT, NM, OR, RI, TX, UT Annual Statements State Funds available for 1996 and subsequent

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Average Commercial Rate Change by Line: 4Q99 – 1Q07

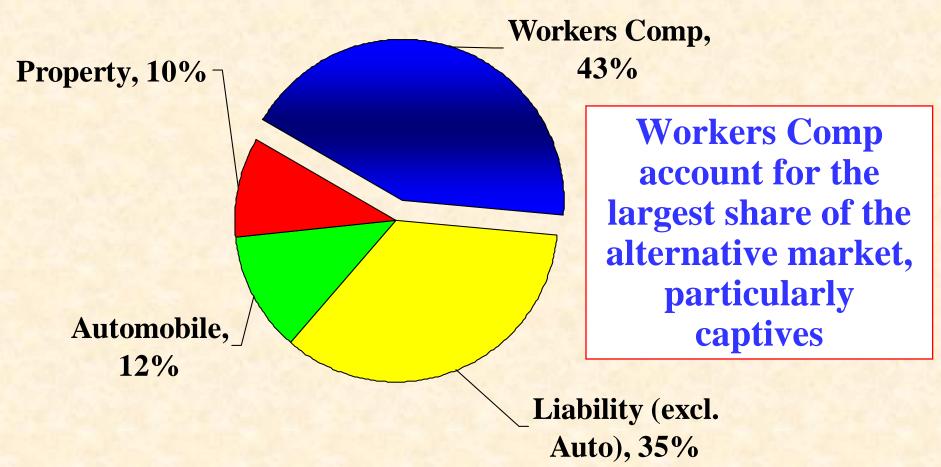


Source: Council of Insurance Agents & Brokers



Alternative Risk Transfer Market Saps Traditional WC Carriers

\$ Billions



Source: MarketStance.

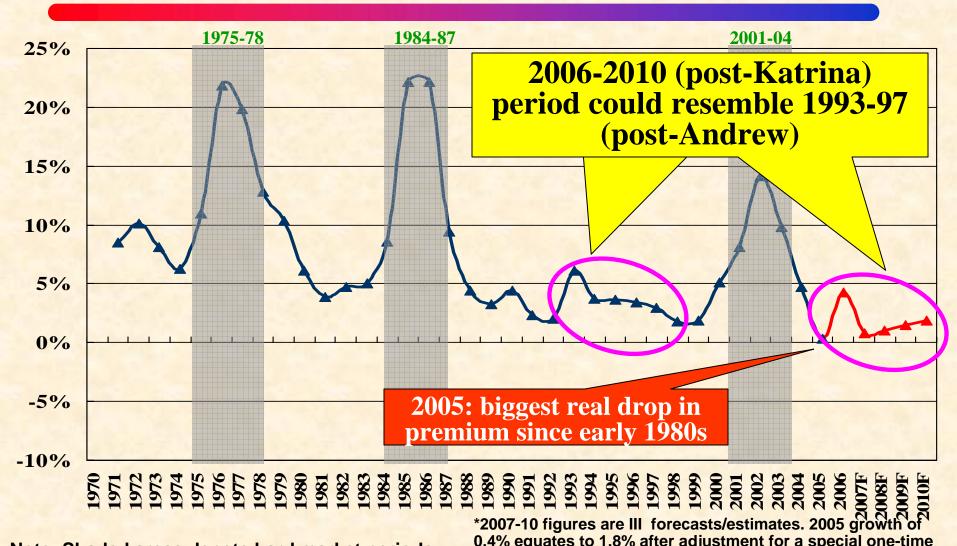


Workers Compensation: Large Deductible Market Share



Sources: National Council on Compensation Insurance; Insurance Information Institute.

Strength of Recent Hard Markets by NWP Growth*

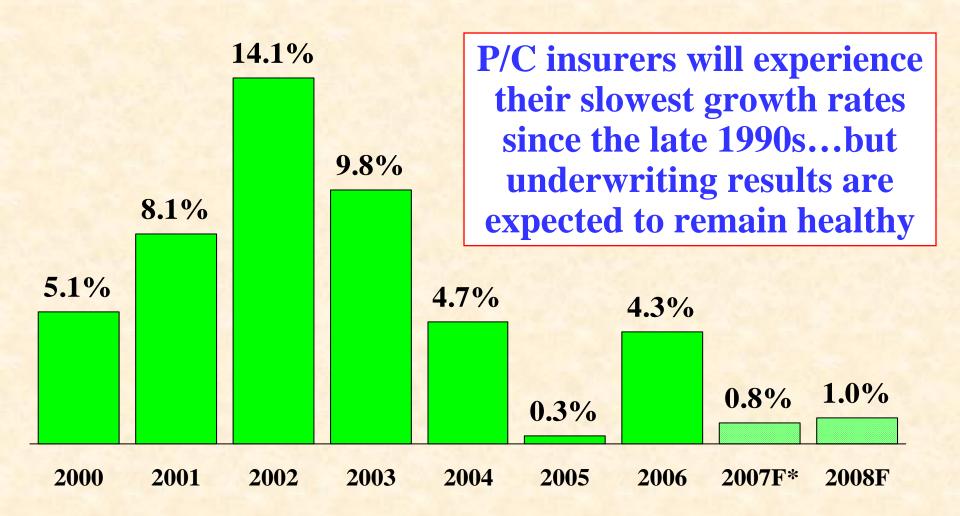


Note: Shaded areas denote hard market periods.
Source: A.M. Best, Insurance Information Institute

*2007-10 figures are III forecasts/estimates. 2005 growth of 0.4% equates to 1.8% after adjustment for a special one-time transaction between one company and its foreign parent. 2006-2008 figures from III Groundhog Survey.



Growth in Net Written Premium, 2000-2008F



*2007 figure based 2007:Q1 result of 0.8%.

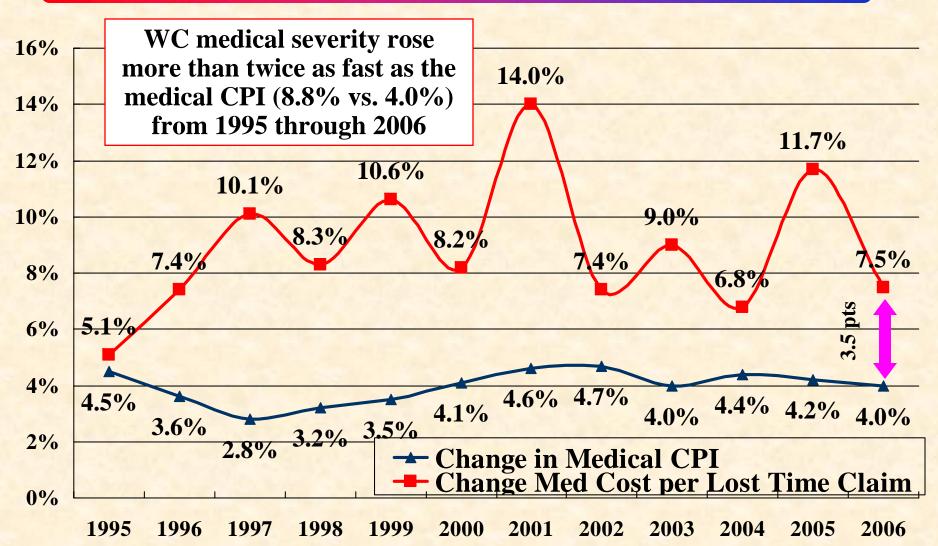
Source: A.M. Best: Forecasts from the Insurance Information Institute.

MEDICAL CLAIM COST INFLATION

The Problem That Will Never Go Away

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WC Medical Severity Rising Far Faster than Medical CPI

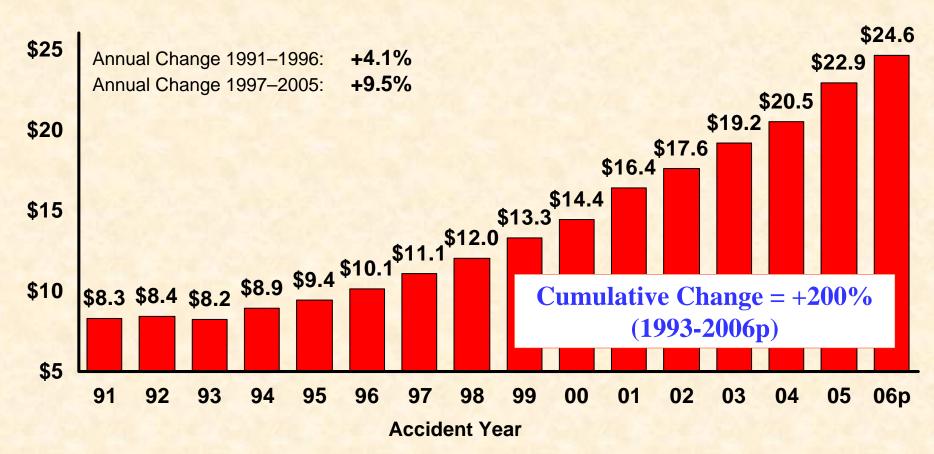


Sources: Med CPI from US Bureau of Labor Statistics, WC med severity from NCCI based on NCCI states.



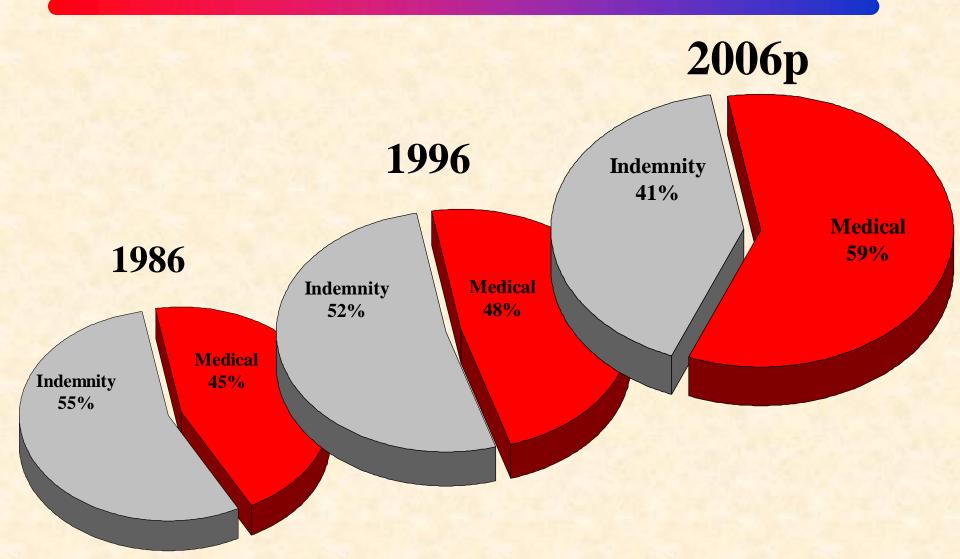
Workers Comp Medical Claims Continue to Climb

Medical Claim Cost (\$000s)





Med Costs Share of Total Costs is Increasing Steadily

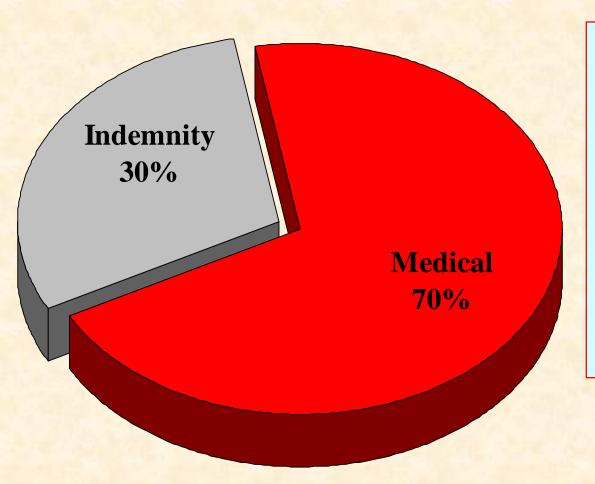


Source: NCCI (based on states where NCCI provides ratemaking services).



WC Med Cost Will Equal 70% of Total by 2016 if Trends Hold

2016 Estimate



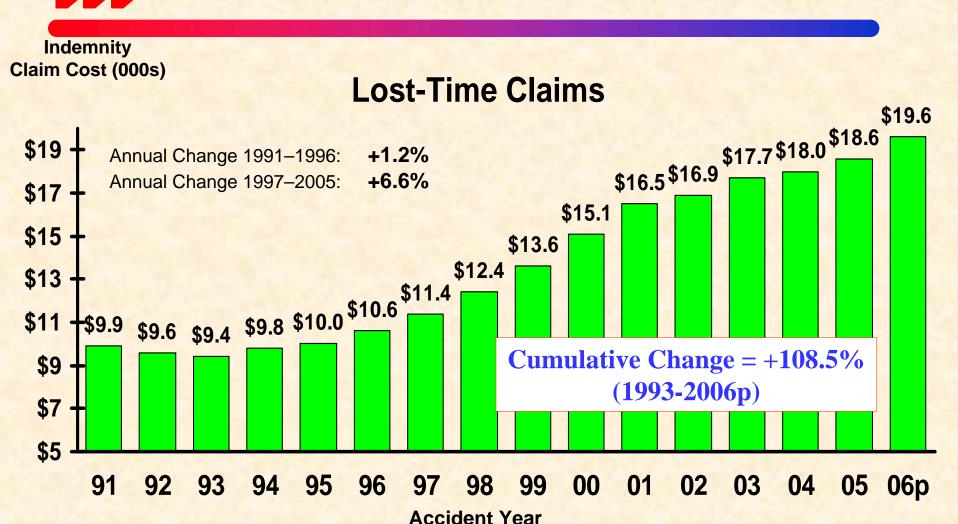
WC med costs could equal 70% of system costs by 2016. This means that claims severity will accelerate relative today and claims management will become progressively more difficult and complex

Source: Insurance Information Institute.

INDEMNITY CLAIM COST INFLATION

The Problem That Can
Sometimes Be Tamed

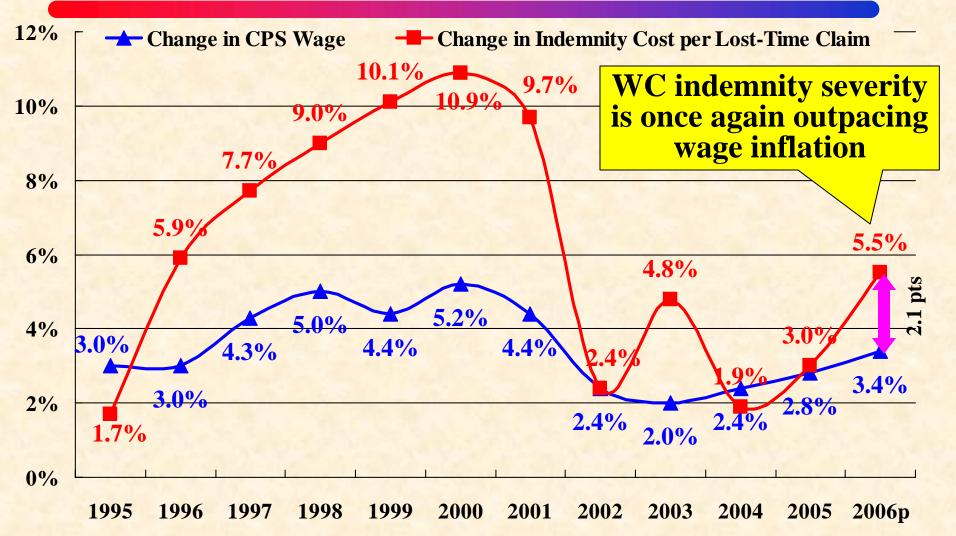
Workers Comp Indemnity Claims Costs Have Accelerated, 1993-2006p



2005p: Preliminary based on data valued as of 12/31/2006
1991-2005: Based on data through 12/31/2005, developed to ultimate
Based on the states where NCCI provides ratemaking services
Excludes the effects of deductible policies
Source: NCCI



WC Indemnity Severity vs. Wage Inflation



2006p: Preliminary based on data valued as of 12/31/2006; 1991-2005: Based on data through 12/31/2005, developed to ultimate. Based on the states where NCCI provides ratemaking services. Excludes the effects of deductible policies. CPS = Current Population Survey. Source: NCCI

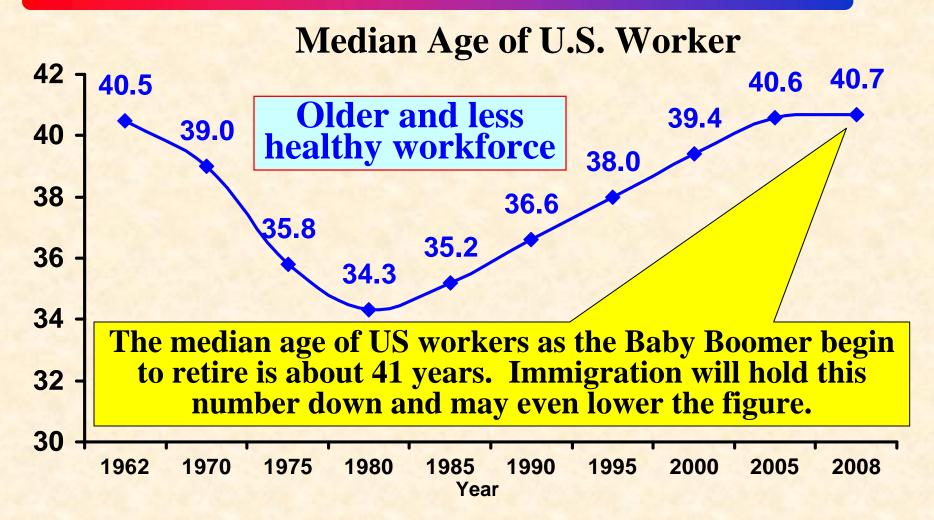
THE AGEING WORKFORKE

Working Longer, But Not Stronger





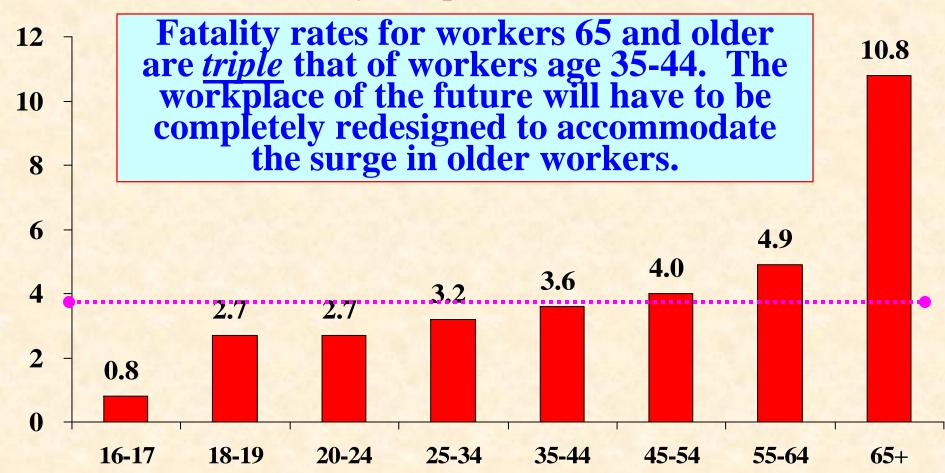
U.S. Workforce is Aging: Significant Implications for Workers Comp





Fatal Work Injury Rates Climb Sharply With Age

Fatal Work Injuries per 100,000 Workers (2006)



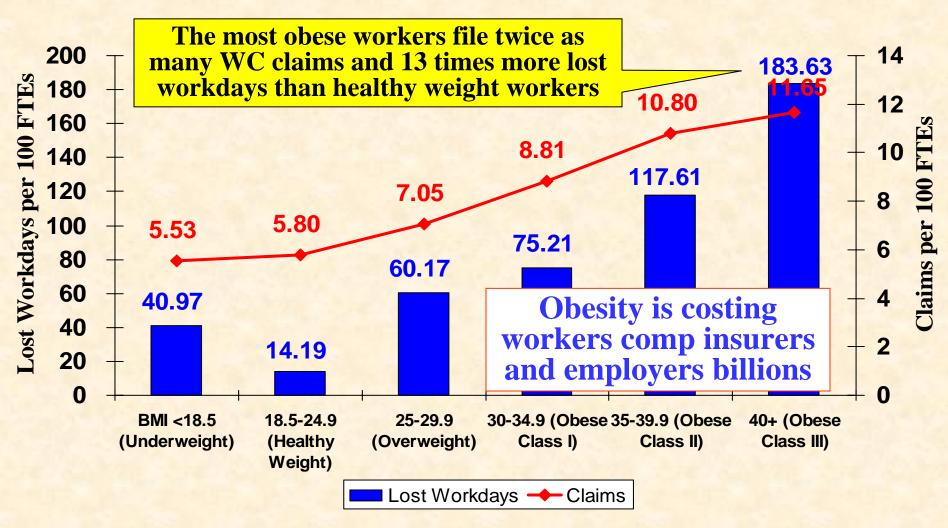
Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Department of Labor; Insurance Information Institute.

THE OBESITY EPIDENIC

Major Cost Driver that WC Has Yet to Address



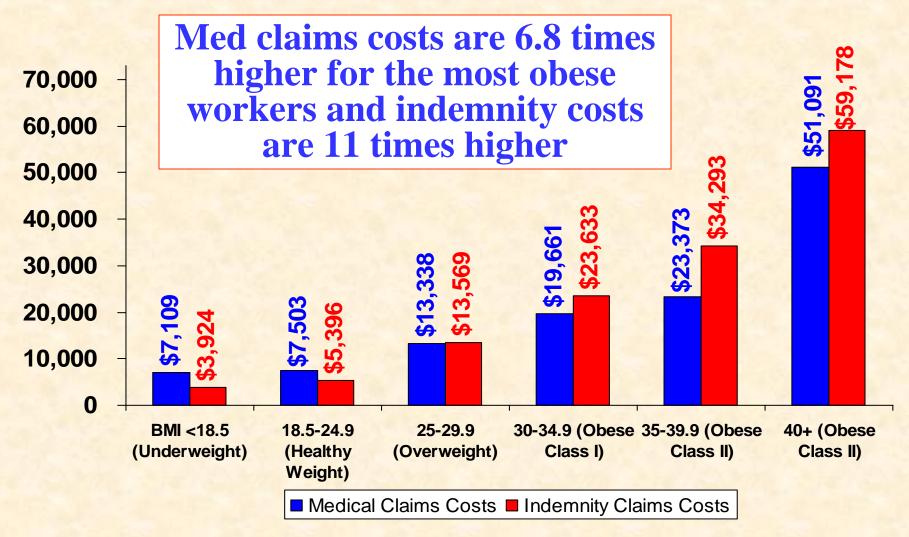
WC Claims and Lost Workdays by Body Mass Index (BMI)



Source: Ostbye, T., et al, "Obesity and Workers Compensation," J. of the American Medical Association, April 23, 2007.



Medical & Indemnity WC Claims Costs by BMI



Source: Ostbye, T., et al, "Obesity and Workers Compensation," J. of the American Medical Association, April 23, 2007.

REGULATORY NIGHTMARES

WC's Low Profile Won't Last Forever





Regulatory Concerns

- Political Populism is On the Rise
- Eventually WC Trends Will Turn Adverse
- New Congress and Populist Governors, Attorneys General and Insurance Commissioners Will Take Great Interest in WC Which Impacts All Employers and Their Workers
- FLORIDA SCENARIO
 - > Governor would react to rising workers comp rates the same way he reacted to rising property rates
 - > Rates would be actively suppressed
 - > Proposal to create "competitive" state fund that would also subsume residual market
 - > Would be unlikely to charge actuarially sound rates or set proper reserves
 - > Residual market would explode with deficits financed by voluntary mkt.
 - > State fund would grow rapidly and market would become progressively more socialized, possibly substantially so while real problems go unaddressed/
 - > SOUND FAMILIAR???

Regulatory Concerns (cont'd)

McCarran-Ferguson

> Narrowing could be harmful to WC rating bureaus and smaller insurers who rely most heavily on advisory loss cost information

Health Care Reform Déjà Vu—1992

- ➤ Health Care reform will be a major theme in 2008 elections as in 1992
- ➤ Back in 1992, it was proposed that workers comp would be rolled into the general health care system
- > This could happen again
- > Insurers back then fretted about the "Medical Indemnity Disconnect"

Terrorism

- > Extension virtually assured, but will likely be December
- ➤ House has proposed 15-year extension; Senate and Administration will want something much shorter
- ➤ NBCR requirement on property side will have negative impact on insurers to assume workers comp exposure (Senate may excise this)

Insured Loss Estimates: Large NBCR Terrorist Attack (\$ Bill)

Type of Coverage	New York	Washington	San Francisco	Des Moines
Group Life	\$82.0	\$22.5	\$21.5	\$3.4
General Liability	14.4	2.9	3.2	0.4
Workers Comp	483.7	126.7	87.5	31.4
Residential Prop.	38.7	12.7	22.6	2.6
Commercial Prop.	158.3	31.5	35.5	4.1
Auto	1.0	0.6	0.8	0.4
TOTAL	\$778.1	\$196.8	\$171.2	\$42.3

Source: American Academy of Actuaries, Response to President's Working Group, Appendix II, April 26, 2006.

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Summary

- Workers Compensation Markets Will Continue to Perform Well but Operating Results and Profitability Will Begin to Erode
- Competition in WC Markets More Intense Than Anytime in Last 15 Years
- WC Market Participants Have Provided One of the Most Valuable Services in the Industry—Saving Lives & Families
- Should be Proud of Achievements at Time When Insurers are Being Attacked by Politicians in Some States and in Washington
- BUT...Threats Abound
- Pressure is Building in a Number of Area
 - > Pricing, Leakage to Alternative Markets
 - ➤ Medical Costs, Long-Run Regulatory Environment a Problem
- Disciplined Underwriting, Cost Management Key to Long-Run Success



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